STATE OF NEVADA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Kim R. Wallin, CMA, CFM, CPA State Controller





KIM R. WALLIN, CMA, CFM, CPA State Controller

Kim Wallin is a native Nevadan and is the first CPA to be elected to the office of Nevada State Controller in 50 years. She is the first CMA (Certified Management Accountant) to hold this office.

Kim is currently a member of the AGA Partnership for Intergovernmental Management and Accountability Steering Committee, and past President of NASC and is a member of the NASACT Executive Committee. In addition she is a member of the Institute of Management Accountants, AICPA, NSCPA, NASACT and AGA.

Kim has been recognized by her peers prior to becoming Controller and has continued to be recognized by her peers in her position as Controller.

Kim most recently has been awarded the 2013 National Association of State Auditors, Comptrollers and Treasurers President's Award for her work in improving disclosure of financial information for investors who invest in municipal bonds.



Also in 2013 she was given the Excellence in Government Award by the Association of Government Accountants for her advocacy of improved government accountability, for the use of technology to improve government performance and for clear, concise reporting to the public.

As Controller she has also received the AGA's Presidents Award and the National Association of Comptrollers President Award for her work in improving transparency in Government with the use of technology. In 2011 she received NASACT's Presidents Award for her work on various U.S. Presidential work groups and her continued efforts to improve efficiency and accountability.

Prior to becoming Controller, in September 2003, *Accounting Today* recognized Wallin as one of the 100 most influential people in accounting in the country. In September 2006 she was named "Woman CPA of the Year" of the entire country by the American Women's Society of CPA's.

Kim is the former Global Chair of the Institute of Management Accountants (IMA) for 2003-2004 and she served as Chair of the Board of Regents of the ICMA.

She served for two years on the Ethics Committee of the Nevada Society of CPA's (NSCPA).

Kim is a graduate of the University of Nevada, Las Vegas with a degree in Business Administration with a major in accounting.

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State of Nevada Office of State Controller

Carson City, Nevada 89701-4786

kim R. Wallin, CMA, CFM, CPA State Controller

December 20, 2014

Office: (775) 684-5632 Fax: (775) 684-5696

To the Citizens, Governor and Legislators of the State of Nevada:

In accordance with Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) 227.110 and the State Accounting Procedures Law (NRS 353.291 through 353.3245), I am pleased to present the State of Nevada Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The objective of this Report is to provide a clear picture of the government as a single, unified entity, in addition to traditional fund-based financial statements.

Introduction to the Report

Responsibility: The Controller's Office prepares the State of Nevada CAFR and is responsible for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the information contained in the State of Nevada CAFR is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that fairly presents the financial position and results of operations of the State's primary government and the component units for which it is financially accountable. Additionally, this report includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of Nevada's financial activities.

U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles: As required by State Accounting Procedures Law, this report has been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), applicable to State and Local Governments as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The State also voluntarily follows the recommendations of the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for the contents of government financial reports and participates in the GFOA's review program for the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

Internal Control Structure: The State of Nevada has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to both safeguard the government's assets against loss from unauthorized use or theft, and to properly record and adequately document transactions. As a result, the transactions can be compiled into the presentation of the State's financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Since the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the State's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

Many of the essential control features are decentralized. Consequently, the State relies upon the controls in place within the various State departments and agencies. NRS 353A.025 requires the head of each agency to review their internal controls on a periodic basis to determine if the agency is in compliance with the Uniform System of Internal Accounting and Administrative Controls adopted pursuant to NRS 353A.020. On or prior to July 1 of even-numbered years, agencies are required to report the status of their internal controls to the Department of Administration.

Independent Auditors: The independent accounting firm of Eide Bailly LLP has audited the accompanying financial statements in accordance with generally accepted governmental auditing standards. Their opinion appears in the Financial Section of this publication. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the State of Nevada are free of material misstatement. We received an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements for this fiscal year.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the State of Nevada is part of a broader, federally mandated Single Audit designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the financial statements. This report can be found in the Compliance Section of the CAFR, as well as in the State of Nevada's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis: U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require management to provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of Government

Background: The State of Nevada was admitted to the Union in 1864 and is bordered by five other states. The Great Basin Desert dominates the landscape, with the Sierra Nevada Mountains to the west and the Rocky Mountains to the east. Over 80 percent of Nevada's 70,264,320 acres are owned and managed by the federal government. Approximately 88 percent of our 2.8 million residents live in two distinct population centers, Washoe County in the northwest and Clark County at the southeast tip, separated by 450 miles.

The State of Nevada does not levy a personal income tax. The State's economy and tax base are dependent upon the interrelated gaming and tourism industries as well as upon federal activities, mining, logistics and distribution, manufacturing, agriculture, information technology and clean energy.

The State operates under a constitution that provides for a full range of services, including education, health and social services, highway maintenance and construction, law enforcement, public safety, business regulation, and resource development.

Reporting Entity: The State of Nevada reporting entity reflected in the State of Nevada CAFR, which is more fully described in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, conforms to the requirements of GASB Statement No. 14 as amended by GASB Statement No. 61. The accounting and reporting principles contained in these statements are based primarily upon the fundamental concept that publicly elected officials are accountable to their constituents, and that financial statements should emphasize primary government and permit financial statement users to distinguish between the primary government and its component units.

The primary government includes the Public Employees', Legislators' and Judicial Retirement Systems, and the Nevada Real Property Corporation. The State Legislature retains significant governing powers over these entities. The Nevada System of Higher Education, the Colorado River Commission and the Nevada Capital Investment Corporation are shown separately as component units to emphasize that they are legally separate from the State.

Financial Information

Debt Management: The State Constitution limits the aggregate principal amount of the general obligation debt to two percent of the total reported assessed property value of the State. Additional disclosures regarding the State's long-term obligations are provided in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Financial Planning and Financial Policies: The State's statute requires a balanced budget (NRS 353.205) and is designed to limit the growth of spending from the General Fund to the growth of population and inflation (NRS 353.213). The Governor must submit a proposed budget for the Executive Branch to the State Legislature before each regular session, which convenes every odd-numbered year. The Legislature enacts the budget through passage of the General Appropriations Act and the Authorized Expenditures Act. Once passed and signed, the budget becomes the State's financial plan for the next two fiscal years.

In accordance with State statute, The Economic Forum, comprised of private economic and financial experts appointed by the Legislature and the Governor, sets the General Fund revenue forecasts which are binding on the budget. If revenues fall below those originally anticipated during the course of the fiscal year, the Governor must revise the budget to ensure that State appropriations do not exceed revenues. If the revisions exceed thresholds specified in NRS 353.220, they must be submitted to the Legislative Interim Finance Committee for approval.

Economic Outlook

Since the end of the Great Recession, Nevada has continued to lag behind the majority of the country in achieving full economic recovery. General Fund revenue for the fiscal year 2014 increased \$299 million over last year to \$6.8 billion. The largest increase over 2013 revenues were \$295 million in funds received from the federal and local governments, due to an increase for Medicaid funding of \$343 million offset by decreases of \$48 million in other intergovernmental programs. Other increases were \$57 million in sales taxes; and \$31 million in gaming taxes. The largest decrease was \$61 million in other taxes and \$54 million in other revenues. All other revenue sources recognized modest increases. General Fund spending in fiscal year 2014 increased by \$571 million to \$7 billion compared to 2013. The largest increase in spending was in health and social services for \$336 million which was largely due to increased Medicaid spending.

For the fiscal year ended, gaming taxes reported by the primary government were \$923 million, which was a 2.4% increase over 2013, and sales taxes were \$1.1 billion, which was a 5.7% increase over 2013. However, our gaming taxes and sales taxes remain below prerecession levels by 10.3% and 5.6% respectively. Statewide visitor volume is up 1.5% over last year but remains 3.0% below pre-recession levels. However, in Las Vegas visitor volume for 2013 was above pre-recession levels by 1.2%. In the south, there was an increase of 1.4% in hotel occupancy; and average daily room rates increased 4.3% compared to fiscal year 2013.

Nevada's revenues are continuing to be down. At the Interim Finance Committee meeting on December 8, 2014 gaming taxes and net proceeds from minerals taxes are projected to fall below previous forecasts by \$42 million and \$72 million respectively; and expenditures from the Distributive School account are expected to increase by \$71 million for 2015 fiscal year end. These decreases in revenues and increase in expenditures will place the General Fund balance at \$8 million or \$166 million below the legislatively approved ending fund balance and \$162 million below the 5% minimum ending fund balance. To close the gap, the Budget Office has identified \$72 million in potential savings and a transfer from the State's Rainy Day Fund of \$28 million leaving an estimated General Fund balance of \$108 million. However many of these proposals would require legislative approval.

Nevada is continuing to experience modest, steady job growth. The unemployment rate in Nevada was 7.7% in June 2014, compared to the national rate of 6.1%. This is down from last year's rate of 10.0%. Nevada continues, however, to have one of the highest unemployment rates in the nation. During 2015, Nevada is expected to add 32,000 new jobs, compared to only 29,000 jobs added in 2014. The State's largest industry, hospitality and food service, is estimated to add 6,000 additional jobs in 2014 and 2015. Employment growth in the mining industry is estimated to remain relatively flat for the next two years. Although job gains have accelerated across the state; employment is still 10% below peak levels in 2007 and is expected to remain below 2007 levels for several more years.

Nevada's housing market has been showing signs of recovery but still has a high foreclosure rate. In June, with a rate 2.2% of homes in foreclosure, Nevada had the 10th highest rate in the nation. Home builders are showing signs of interest as the number of new home building permits are up significantly because of insufficient inventories.

Sales and home values are increasing as well. In June, the median asking price for a home in Las Vegas was up by 28.4% over a year ago to \$196,380, and in Reno the median asking price was up by 20.6% to \$318,880 over the same period in 2013.

Mining is Nevada's largest export industry. Deposits of gold, silver and copper keep this business sector essential to the State's economy. Nevada is also a significant source of other minerals such as lithium, iron, and molybdenum used in the manufacturing of consumer and commercial products. In addition, other industrial minerals used in construction such as gypsum, limestone, sand and gravel are found in abundance in Nevada. Mineral tax revenues decreased from \$116 million in fiscal year 2013 to \$64 million in fiscal year ended June 2014.

Major Initiatives

Business Growth: The most notable economic development project this year is the Tesla Gigafactory. It is estimated that the battery manufacturing facility will create 6,500 direct factory and administrative jobs over the next four years. In addition, direct construction jobs are expected to reach 3,000 per year and additional indirect jobs of 1,500 annually over the 2015 to 2017 period; however these construction jobs are not permanent.

In December 2013 the FAA designated Nevada as one of six test sites for the integration of commercial applications of Unmanned Aerial Systems (UAS) into the National Air Space. Latest estimates show there could be an estimated \$2.5 billion in economic impact by the middle of the next decade. Currently no jobs have been created in this emerging industry in Nevada.

Nevada Governor's Office of Economic Development offers a variety of financial resources for businesses to make the decision to do business in the State. The Nevada Silver State Opportunities Fund manages \$50 million of capital dedicated to investing in businesses located in, looking to expand in, or seeking to relocate to Nevada.

The Nevada Small Business Development Center is a statewide resource for business assistance through the University of Nevada to provide a mix of services, expertise and training for starting, operating and expanding a business. The center, with 11 locations throughout the State, also provides data about the economy, business environment and population data.

Resource Development: Clean Energy investment in Nevada has accelerated rapidly in the past five years and is now well over a \$5 billion investment in Nevada. The Renewable Energy Tax Abatement program, which awards partial sales and use tax and partial property tax abatements to eligible renewable energy producers, has been a crucial tool in attracting investment in Nevada. Nevada's investment of \$500 million in tax abatements has attracted cumulative capital investments for clean energy projects totaling \$5.5 billion since 2010. These clean energy projects produce 1,500 megawatts of clean energy and have employed nearly 3,000 construction workers throughout the State.

Education: Despite continued efforts for improvements in key areas, Nevada continues to rank as one of the lowest performing school systems in the nation. However, there has been some improvements over the last year. The Nevada Department of Education reported that 71% of Nevada's high school students graduated in four years in the 2013 class. In Clark County, that rate was slightly higher at 72%.

The 2013 Legislative Session enacted various statutes affecting PreK through 12 education. Focusing on quality education for our children remains a vital topic for Nevada. Necessary steps are being taken to ensure that every child in Nevada is able to read by grade 3. Early childhood education is the key to long-term success and for our students' ability to graduate from high school. In the 2013 Legislative Session, an additional \$30 million has been allocated over the biennium toward all-day kindergarten for the State's most at-risk schools. In addition, funding levels have been adjusted to reduce class sizes for grades 1 through 3. The first ever statewide program to address the needs of English Language Learners in our State provides \$50 million in funding over the biennium as well.

Nevada was recently awarded a \$6.4 million preschool development grant from the U.S. Departments of Education and Health and Human Services Preschool Development Grants program. There is the potential for this grant allotment to exceed \$43 million over the next four years.

The Nevada System of Higher Education was awarded \$500,000 through Nevada NASA Space Grant Consortium for the creation of a new program that will change the way students learn and to plant the seed for the education system to help staff space and science related industries in Nevada.

Health and Human Services: Nevada spent over \$2 billion on Medicaid in 2014, or 29% of all General Fund expenditures. Caseloads grew by 25.2% to 380,051. This represents about 13.8% of the State's population, and that figure is expected to top 555,000 by 2015. With the roll out of the Affordable Care Act Nevada has significantly reduced the number of uninsured in the State. The current estimate of uninsured Nevadans is about 11% of the population. This is down from the 2013 estimate of 21%. The estimated number of uninsured children under 18 decreased from 15% in 2013 to 2% currently.

Transportation: The Nevada Department of Transportation (NDOT) completed five major projects through June 2014. The I-580 Freeway Extension was completed, resulting in major transportation improvements by transferring traffic off of the old US 395 to a much safer corridor built to Interstate Standards. The I-580 at Meadowood Mall Way project was completed during the quarter ended December 2013, providing reduced travel times and improved safety. The US 95 NW Phase 1 project was also completed which increased capacity and safety on US 95 between Washington Avenue and Ann Road. Phase 1, Package 2A for the I-515/US 95/US 93 and the I-15 North Phase 2, Package B were also completed during the fiscal year.

NDOT project schedules are contingent on the availability of funding. The Department anticipates a shortfall on the order of \$5.5 billion though 2016 that will limit their ability to fund not only new projects, but preservation and maintenance activities as well. Without a higher level of funding, urban congestion will not be reduced and the existing State highway system will deteriorate.

Awards and Acknowledgments

GFOA Certificate of Achievement: The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the State of Nevada for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A copy of the GFOA Certificate of Achievement is included in the Introductory Section of the CAFR.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for only a one-year period. We believe our current CAFR continues to meet the requirements of Certificate of Achievement Program, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments and Conclusion: This report would not have been possible without the hard work, dedication and professionalism of my staff and the cooperation and assistance from all State agencies, Legislature and the Judiciary. I sincerely appreciate the efforts of all the individuals involved. The Nevada State Controller's Office is committed to advancing accountability, continuity and efficiency in the State's financial operations.

Sincerely,

Kim R. Wallin

Kim R. Wallin, CMA, CFM, CPA Nevada State Controller

STATE OF NEVADA CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS



BRIAN KROLICKI Lieutenant Governor



BRIAN SANDOVAL GOVERNOR



ROSS MILLER SECRETARY OF STATE







CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO ATTORNEY GENERAL

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART Citizens Judicial Branch **Executive Branch** Legislative Branch Supreme Court * Assembly * Senate * Governor * **District Courts*** Secretary of State * Lieutenant Governor * Justices' Courts * Treasurer * Controller * Municipal Courts* Attorney General * Universities and Colleges * Administration Military Agriculture Motor Vehicles **Business and Industry** Public Employees' Benefits Colorado River Commission Public Employees' Retirement Conservation and Natural Resources **Public Safety** Public Utilities Commission Corrections Tourism and Cultural Affairs Taxation Transportation Education Employment, Training and Rehabilitation Veterans' Services Gaming Wildlife Miscellaneous Boards and Commissions Health and Human Services

* Elected Officials

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

State of Nevada

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

R. Emer

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

Message from Governor Brian Sandoval

As Governor of Nevada, I am pleased to welcome you to the grandest celebration our state has ever experienced. Nevada 150 will provide all Nevadans with opportunities to reflect on who we are, where we came from and the bright future ahead of us.

On October 31, 1864, after thousands of years as a sacred home to indigenous people, Nevada became the 36th state to enter the union of the United States of America. At the time of its statehood, Nevada boomed with a promise of riches from the Comstock. Over the past 150 years, countless Nevadans have lived, worked, learned and played in a state rich with history, culture and the promise of opportunity.

Nevada's 150th anniversary celebration is an opportunity for us to share our history, our culture and our future with each other and with people from around the world. Nevada's best days are here to come and together we will make this an anniversary we will cherish and remember forever.

The Nevada of my youth was a place of pride, activity, optimism and opportunity. This has long been our state's heritage and it will be our future as well. As I said in my Inaugural Address in 2011, when the clock strikes on our 150th anniversary, Nevada will be Nevada again!

Sincere regards,

Brian Sandoval, Governor



Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Kim Wallin, CMA, CFM, CPA State Controller

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Nevada, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the following:

- the financial statements of the Housing Division, which is both a major fund and 42.22 percent of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, 46.31 percent of net position, and 3.29 percent of the revenues of the business-type activities;
- the financial statements of the Nevada System of Higher Education and the Colorado River Commission, both of which are discretely presented component units and represent more than 99 percent of assets and deferred outflows of resources, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units;
- the financial statements of the Self Insurance and Insurance Premiums Internal Service Funds which, in the aggregate, represent less than one percent of the assets and deferred outflows of resources and the net position, and 2.61 percent of the revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information;
- the financial statements of the Pension Trust Funds and the Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund – State Retirees' Fund, which in the aggregate represent 67.20 percent of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, 67.87 percent of the net position and 48.16 percent of the revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information;
- the financial statements of the Nevada College Savings Plan Private Purpose Trust Fund, which represent 27.19 percent of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, 28.69 percent of the net position and 37.78 percent of the revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information;

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- the financial statements of the Retirement Benefits Investment Fund Investment Trust Fund, which represent less than one percent of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, net position and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information;
- the financial statements of the Division of Museums and History Dedicated Trust Fund, which represent less than one percent of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, fund balance and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information.

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the above-mentioned funds and entities, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Division of Museums and History Dedicated Trust Fund, the Pension Trust Funds, the Insurance Premiums Internal Service Fund and the Retirement Benefits Investment Fund were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, and the reports of other auditors, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Nevada, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 17 to the financial statements, the State of Nevada adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 14 through 24 and the budgetary comparison information, the notes to required supplementary information-budgetary reporting, the schedule of funding progress, and the

schedule of infrastructure condition and maintenance data, collectively presented on pages 92 through 96 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State of Nevada's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the combining statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2014, on our consideration of the State of Nevada's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the State's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Each Bailly LLP

Reno, Nevada December 19, 2014



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

State of Nevada management provides this discussion and analysis of the State of Nevada's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for readers of the State's financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the State of Nevada is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Readers should consider this information in conjunction with the additional information furnished in the letter of transmittal.

HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide:

Net Position – The assets and deferred outflows of the State exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 by \$5.8 billion (reported as *net position*). Of the \$5.8 billion in net position, \$1.5 billion was restricted and not available to meet the State's general obligations. Also unavailable to meet the State's general obligations is \$4.7 billion net investment in capital assets.

Changes in Net Position – The State's total net position increased by \$494.5 million in fiscal year 2014. The net position of governmental activities increased by \$318.6 million and net position of the business-type activities increased by \$175.9 million.

Fund-level:

At the close of the current fiscal year, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1.7 billion, an increase of \$161.8 million from the prior year. Of the ending fund balance, \$1.1 billion is available for spending and \$639.0 million is not in spendable form, primarily municipal securities and permanent fund principal. The spendable portion consists of: \$662.7 million restricted to expenditures for specific purposes such as transportation, capital projects, and health and human services; \$541.3 million committed to expenditures for specific purposes such as servicing bonds payable, health and education development, and fiscal emergencies; and a negative \$135.8 million unassigned, in the General Fund. The reasons for the negative unassigned fund balance are disclosed in the Financial Analysis of the State's Funds section below.

The State's enterprise funds reported combined ending net position of \$378.9 million, an increase of \$175.6 million from the prior year, primarily from increases in net position of \$135.6 million in the Unemployment Compensation Fund. Of the combined ending net position, \$224.3 million represents a deficit in net position-unrestricted of which \$237.8 million is from the Unemployment Compensation Fund.

The State's fiduciary funds reported combined ending net position of \$49.0 billion, an increase of \$7.7 billion from the prior year. This increase is due primarily to the change in the fair value of investments in the Pension Trust Funds and Private Purpose Trust Funds.

Long-term Debt (government-wide):

The State's total bonds payable and certificates of participation payable increased by \$486.1 million or 14.8% from \$3.3 billion in fiscal year 2013 to \$3.8 billion in fiscal year 2014.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the State of Nevada's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the State of Nevada's finances in a manner similar to the private sector. They take into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The *statement of net position* presents *all* of the State's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources with the difference being reported as "net position." The statement combines and consolidates all of the State's current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. Over time, increases and decreases in net position measure whether the State's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the State's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. The statement reveals how much it costs the State to provide its various services, and whether the services cover their own costs through user fees, charges, grants, or is financed with taxes and other general revenues. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Therefore, some revenue and expenses reported in this statement will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes earned and unused leave).

Both government-wide statements above report three types of activities:

Governmental Activities – Taxes and intergovernmental revenues primarily support these activities. Most services normally associated with State government fall into this category, including general government, health and social services, education and support services, law, justice and public safety, regulation of business, transportation, recreation and resource development, interest on long-term debt and unallocated depreciation.

Business-type Activities – These activities are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of the costs of the activities by charging fees to customers. The Housing Division and Unemployment Compensation are examples of the State's business-type activities.

Discretely Presented Component Units – Discrete component units are legally separate organizations for which their relationship with the primary government meets selected criteria. The State has three discretely presented component units – the Nevada System of Higher Education, the Colorado River Commission and the Nevada Capital Investment Corporation. Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

Fund Financial Statements:

A fund is an accounting entity consisting of a set of self-balancing accounts to track funding sources and spending for a particular purpose. The State's funds are broken down into three types:

Governmental funds – Most of the State's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These funds focus on short-term outflows and inflows of expendable resources as well as balances left at the end of the fiscal year available to finance future activities. These funds are reported using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The governmental fund financial statements focus on major funds and provide additional information that is not provided in the government-wide financial statements. It is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. A reconciliation is provided between the governmental fund statements and the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds – When the State charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers (enterprise funds) or to other State agencies (internal service funds), the services are generally reported in the proprietary funds. Proprietary funds apply the accrual basis of accounting utilized by private sector businesses, and there is a reconciliation between the government-wide financial statement business-type activities and the enterprise fund financial statements. Because internal service fund operations primarily benefit governmental funds, they are included with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds – These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the state government. For instance, the State acts as a trustee or fiduciary for its employee pension plans, and it is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. Fiduciary funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide statements exclude fiduciary fund activities and balances because these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the State to finance its operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements:

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information:

The required supplementary information includes budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue funds, along with notes and a reconciliation of the statutory and U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) fund balances at fiscal year-end. This section also includes a schedule of funding progress for certain pension trust funds and a schedule of infrastructure condition and maintenance data.

Other Supplementary Information:

Other supplementary information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental, non-major enterprise, all internal service and all fiduciary funds. The non-major funds are added together, by fund type, and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements. Other supplementary information contains budgetary schedules of total uses for the General Fund and special revenue fund budgets, as well as a schedule of sources for non-major special revenue fund budgets.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The State's overall financial position and operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 for the primary government are summarized in the following statements based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

			a's Net Position expressed in tho	-	IIIIein			
	Govern	nmental	Business-type				Total	
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Total		Change	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014-2013	
Assets								
Current and other assets	\$ 3,604,390	\$ 3,406,393	\$ 1,918,000	\$ 1,846,659	\$ 5,522,390	\$ 5,253,052	\$ 269,338	
Net capital assets	6,020,493	5,816,201	12,321	12,471	6,032,814	5,828,672	204,142	
Total assets	9,624,883	9,222,594	1,930,321	1,859,130	11,555,204	11,081,724	473,480	
Total deferred	40.070		4.040		45 500		45 500	
outflows of resources	13,978		1,612		15,590		15,590	
Current liabilities	1,513,414	1,445,839	69,382	69,073	1,582,796	1,514,912	67,884	
Long-term liabilities	2,710,278	2,680,905	1,483,298	1,586,713	4,193,576	4,267,618	(74,042	
Total liabilities	4,223,692	4,126,744	1,552,680	1,655,786	5,776,372	5,782,530	(6,158	
Fotal deferred inflows of resources	704	-	-	-	704	-	704	
Net Position Net investment in capital								
assets	4,672,738	4,357,735	3,434	3,422	4,676,172	4,361,157	315,015	
Restricted	866,071	741,250	599,806	560,410	1,465,877	1,301,660	164,217	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(124,344)	(3,135)	(223,987)	(360,488)	(348,331)	(363,623)	15,292	
Total net position	\$ 5,414,465	\$ 5,095,850	\$ 379,253	\$ 203,344	\$ 5,793,718	\$ 5,299,194	\$ 494,524	

Net Position:

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The State's combined net position (governmental and business-type activities) increased to \$5.8 billion at the end of 2014, compared with \$5.3 billion at the end of the previous year.

The largest portion of the State's net position (\$4.7 billion or 80.7%) reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, construction in progress, infrastructure and rights-of-way, less any related debt still outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The State uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the State's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the State's net position (\$1.5 billion or 25.3%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. At the close of the fiscal year, the State reported an unrestricted net position deficit of \$348.3 million or (6.0%), as compared to a \$364.0 million deficit in the prior year.

The unrestricted net position in governmental activities decreased by \$121.2 million from a deficit of \$3.1 million to a deficit of \$124.3 million. In business-type activities the unrestricted net position increased by \$136.5 million from a deficit of \$360.5 million to a deficit of \$224.0 million. The decrease in governmental activities was a result of several factors, including a decrease in the unrestricted fund balances of the General Fund of \$102.1 million and a decrease of \$14.6 million in deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenue recognized as revenue in the government-wide statement of net activities. Of the \$14.6 million in deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenue for unavailable revenue, approximately \$1.0 million is from rebates for health and social services and \$12.3 million is from taxes. In the business-type activities, the increase is primarily due to an increase in the net position of the Unemployment Compensation Fund in the amount of \$135.6 million.

	Gover	montal	Busing	ss-type			Total
	Governmental Activities			vities	Т	Change	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014-2013
Revenues	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014-2013
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 767,186	\$ 787,665	\$ 121,264	\$ 97,088	\$ 888,450	\$ 884,753	\$ 3,697
Operating grants and contributions	3,416,382	3,116,377	196,653	523,895	3,613,035	3,640,272	(27,237)
Capital grants and contributions	9,349	56,003			9,349	56,003	(46,654)
General revenues	0,010	00,000			0,010	00,000	(10,001)
Sales and use taxes	1,085,656	1,027,124	-	-	1,085,656	1,027,124	58,532
Gaming taxes	922.999	901,085	-	-	922,999	901,085	21,914
Modified business taxes	382.976	386.928	-	-	382,976	386,928	(3,952
Insurance premium taxes	256,587	252,195	-	-	256,587	252,195	4,392
Property and transfer taxes	209,784	215,211	-	-	209,784	215,211	(5,427
Motor and special fuel taxes	269,544	269,232	-	-	269,544	269,232	312
Other taxes	688,399	685,650	537,372	566.137	1,225,771	1,251,787	(26,016
Investment earnings	5,462	2,892			5,462	2,892	2,570
Other	160,298	229,733	-	-	160,298	229,733	(69,435)
Total Revenues	8,174,622	7,930,095	855,289	1,187,120	9,029,911	9,117,215	(87,304
Expenses							(01,001)
General government	202,620	229,136	_	_	202,620	229,136	(26,516)
Health and social services	3,784,055	3,464,334	-	-	3,784,055	3,464,334	319,721
Education and support services	2,326,498	2,290,844	-	-	2,326,498	2,290,844	35.654
Law, justice and public safety	662.330	657.728	-	-	662.330	657.728	4,602
Regulation of business	303,020	85,688	-	-	303,020	85,688	217,332
Transportation	327,519	505,354	-	-	327,519	505,354	(177,835
Recreation and resource development	139,188	134,578	-	-	139,188	134,578	4,610
Interest on long-term debt	121.224	106.126	-	-	121,224	106.126	15.098
Unallocated depreciation	2,150	2,023	-	-	2,150	2,023	127
Unemployment insurance	-	-	552,246	867,600	552,246	867,600	(315,354
Housing	-	-	31,954	34,247	31,954	34,247	(2,293
Water loans	-	-	7.837	8,942	7.837	8,942	(1,105
Workers' compensation and safety	-	-	26,715	28,685	26,715	28,685	(1,970
Higher education tuition	-	-	21,325	25,081	21,325	25,081	(3,756
Other	-	-	32,944	32,107	32,944	32,107	837
Total Expenses	7,868,604	7,475,811	673,021	996,662	8,541,625	8,472,473	69,152
Change in net position before contributions to permanent funds, special items							
and transfers	306,018	454,284	182,268	190,458	488,286	644,742	(156,456)
Contributions to permanent fund	5,908	5,376	-	-	5,908	5,376	532
Special item - Settlement	-	-	330	-	330	-	330
Transfers	6,689	(22,229)	(6,689)	22,229		-	
Change in net position	318,615	437,431	175,909	212,687	494,524	650,118	(155,594)
Net position - beginning of year	5,095,850	4,658,419	203,344	(9,343)	5,299,194	4,649,076	650,118
Net position - end of year	\$ 5,414,465	\$ 5,095,850	\$ 379,253	\$ 203,344	\$ 5,793,718	\$ 5,299,194	\$ 494.524

Changes in Net Position:

Total government-wide revenues decreased by \$87.3 million during the current year. The decrease in revenues is a result of several factors, including decreases of \$73.9 million in federal funding, \$42.0 million in unclaimed property revenues, \$20.8 million in agreement income and \$8.9 million in settlement income. Revenues increased primarily in sales and use taxes of \$58.5 million and gaming taxes of \$21.9 million.

Governmental activities – The net position increased by \$318.6 million or 6.3%. Approximately 47.0% of the total revenue came from taxes, while 42.0% was in the form of grants and contributions (including federal aid). Charges for various goods and services provided 9.0% of the total revenues (see chart below). The State's governmental activities expenses cover a range of services and the largest expenses were 48.0% for health and social services and 30.0% for education (see chart below). In 2014, governmental activities expenses exceeded program revenues, resulting in the use of \$3.7 billion in general revenues, which were generated to support the government.



The following chart depicts the governmental activities revenues for the fiscal year:

The following chart depicts the governmental activities expenses for the fiscal year:



The following table depicts the total program revenues and expenses for each function of governmental activities:

Revenues and Exp	(expressed in th		
		Expenses	 Revenue
General government	\$	202,620	\$ 188,641
Health and social services		3,784,055	2,747,384
Education		2,326,498	263,811
Law, justice		662,330	333,595
Regulation		303,020	221,233
Transportation		327,519	347,859
Recreation		139,188	89,128
Total	\$	7,745,230	\$ 4,191,651

Business-type activities – The net position increased by \$175.9 million. Approximately 63.0% of the total revenue came from taxes, while 23.0% was in the form of grants and contributions (including federal aid). Charges for various goods and services provided 14.0% of the total revenues (see chart below). The State's business-type activities expenses cover a range of services. The largest expenses were 82.0% for unemployment compensation (see chart below). In 2014, business-type activities expenses exceeded program revenues by \$355.1 million. Of this amount, unemployment compensation was the largest, with net expenses of \$406.2 million, resulting in the use of \$537.1 million in general revenues generated by and restricted to the Unemployment Compensation Fund.

The following chart depicts the business-type activities revenues for the fiscal year:



The following chart depicts the business-type activities expenses for the fiscal year:



The following table depicts the total program revenues and expenses for each function for business-type activities:

Revenues and Expe (expressed in the			
	E	Expenses	I	Revenue
Unemployment compensation	\$	552,246	\$	146,035
Housing		31,954		29,176
Water loans		7,837		17,329
Workers compensation		26,715		43,235
Higher education tuition		21,325		47,018
Other		32,944		35,124
Total	\$	673,021	\$	317,917

The State government's overall financial position improved over the past fiscal year, with a \$318.6 million or 6.3% increase in the net position of the governmental activities and a \$175.9 million or 86.5% increase in the net position of the businesstype activities. Nevada continues to recover at a slow pace. Key economic indicators from the State's sales and gaming taxes continue to show positive growth. Tax revenues for governmental activities increased in the current fiscal year \$79.0 million or 2.1%, compared to an increase of \$135.8 million or 3.8% in the prior fiscal year. In addition, General Fund intergovernmental revenues increased \$294.9 million primarily due to Medicaid receipts. In the Highway Fund, revenues increased \$21.7 million in other taxes, \$10.9 million in driver's license and motor carrier fees and \$10.0 million in motor and special fuels tax.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds:

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1.7 billion, an increase of \$161.8 million from the prior year. Of these total ending fund balances, \$639.0 million (37.4%) is nonspendable, either due to its form or legal constraints, and \$662.7 million (38.8%) is restricted for specific programs by external constraints, constitutional provisions, or contractual obligations. An additional \$541.3 million (31.7%) of total fund balance has been committed to specific purposes. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless approved by the Legislature. Included in committed fund balance is \$28.1 million for fiscal emergency. NRS 353.288 provides for the Account to Stabilize the Operation of the State Government (Stabilization Account) in the State General Fund. Additions to the stabilization account are triggered at the end of a fiscal year if the General Fund unrestricted fund balance (budgetary basis) exceeds 7% of General Fund operating appropriations, in which case forty percent of the excess is deposited to the Stabilization Account. Expenditures may occur only if actual revenues for the biennium fall short by 5% or more from anticipated revenues, or if the Legislature and Governor declare that a fiscal emergency exists. There were no additions to the Stabilization Account in the current fiscal year as compared to \$28.1 million in the prior fiscal year. The remaining negative \$135.8 million (7.9%) of fund balance is unassigned. The major funds are discussed more fully below.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the State. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total General Fund fund balance was \$274.8 million compared to \$371.0 million in the prior fiscal year. The fund balance decreased from operations by \$96.2 million, or 25.9%, during the current fiscal year. Reasons for this decrease are discussed in further detail below. The negative unassigned fund balance of \$135.8 million is mostly due to an accrual for Medicaid expenditures and for unearned gaming taxes and mining taxes already collected and budgeted but not yet recognized as revenues.

The following schedule presents a summary of revenues of the General Fund for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 (expressed in thousands). Other financing sources are not included.

	2014		2013		Increase (Dec	crease)
	 Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Gaming taxes, fees and licenses	\$ 913,960	13.5%	\$ 882,575	13.6%	\$ 31,385	3.6%
Sales taxes	1,081,735	15.9%	1,024,624	15.8%	57,111	5.6%
Modified business taxes	384,886	5.7%	386,610	6.0%	(1,724)	-0.5%
Insurance premium taxes	263,532	3.9%	248,512	3.8%	15,020	6.0%
Property and transfer taxes	63,528	0.9%	57,325	0.9%	6,203	10.8%
Motor and special fuel taxes	2,671	0.0%	2,693	0.0%	(22)	-0.8%
Other taxes	544,436	8.0%	604,968	9.3%	(60,532)	-10.0%
Intergovernmental	3,118,097	46.0%	2,823,208	43.5%	294,889	10.5%
Licenses, fees and permits	289,652	4.3%	279,736	4.3%	9,916	3.5%
Sales and charges for services	58,016	0.9%	57,267	0.9%	749	1.3%
Interest and investment income	9,913	0.1%	9,620	0.2%	293	3.0%
Other revenues	 53,555	0.8%	 107,361	1.7%	 (53,806)	-50.1%
Total revenues	\$ 6,783,981	100.0%	\$ 6,484,499	100.0%	\$ 299,482	4.6%

The total General Fund revenues increased \$299.4 million or 4.6%. The largest increases in revenue sources were \$294.9 million or 10.5% in intergovernmental revenues, \$57.1 million or 5.6% in sales taxes, \$31.4 million or 3.6% in gaming taxes, fees and licenses and \$15.0 million or 6.0% in insurance premium taxes. Intergovernmental revenues primarily increased by \$343.0 million in receipts for Medicaid offset by a decrease of \$35.6 million in county revenues. The largest decline in revenue sources was \$60.5 million or 10.0% in other taxes, which includes a \$52.2 million or 45.0% decrease in mineral tax revenues due to a decline in the price of gold resulting in mining companies ceasing the production and/or selling of gold. In other revenues, unclaimed property revenues decreased by \$42.0 million due to a decline in abandoned property received by the State coupled with an increase in claims paid out for abandoned property.

The following schedule presents a summary of expenditures by function of the General Fund for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 (expressed in thousands). Other financing uses are not included.

	G	eneral Fund Ex	('expr	essed in thousa	inds)				
		2014			2013			Increase (Decrease)		
	_	Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent	
General government	\$	112,076	1.6%	\$	142,506	2.2%	\$	(30,430)	-21.4%	
Health and social services		3,490,663	50.1%		3,154,196	49.3%		336,467	10.7%	
Education and support services		30,192	0.4%		52,475	0.8%		(22,283)	-42.5%	
Law, justice and public safety		435,425	6.2%		420,597	6.6%		14,828	3.5%	
Regulation of business		272,317	4.0%		62,351	1.0%		209,966	336.7%	
Recreation, resource development		104,852	1.5%		96,833	1.5%		8,019	8.3%	
Intergovernmental		2,523,472	36.2%		2,469,662	38.6%		53,810	2.2%	
Debt service		3,716	0.0%		3,270	0.0%		446	13.6%	
Total expenditures	\$	6,972,713	100.0%	\$	6,401,890	100.0%	\$	570,823	8.9%	

The total General Fund expenditures increased 8.9%. Health and social services expenditures increased \$336.5 million or 10.7%. The largest portion of this amount was for the Medicaid program. The net increase in remaining expenditures was \$234.3 million with the largest increase of \$210.0 million occurring in regulation of business expenditures due to the commodity food and school lunch programs moving into the Department of Agriculture.

The State Highway Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the maintenance, regulation and construction of public highways and is funded through vehicle fuel taxes, federal funds, other charges and bond revenue. The fund balance increased \$204.7 million during the current fiscal year, a 137.4% increase, as compared to a 3.3% decrease in the prior year. This was primarily due to a decrease in transportation expenditures of \$125.4 million or 21.7%. Expenditures decreased as fewer contracts for road projects were entered into due to the uncertainty of future federal funding. Intergovernmental revenues decreased by \$37.4 million primarily due to a \$21.3 million decrease in federal aid. The remaining 111.2% increase in other taxes is due to the Legislative allocation to the Highway Fund of \$22.1 million of Motor Vehicle Government Services tax commissions and penalties previously allocated to the General Fund. The nonspendable fund balance is \$18.2 million, the restricted fund balance is \$325.7 million and the committed fund balance is \$9.9 million.

The Municipal Bond Bank Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with buying local government bonds with proceeds of State general obligation bonds. The fund balance decreased by \$15.2 million during the current fiscal year, which is a 5.6% decrease from the prior year. This decrease was primarily due to the refunding of local government bonds.

The Permanent School Fund is a permanent fund used to account for certain property and the proceeds derived from such property, escheated estates, and all fines collected under penal laws of the State, which become permanent assets of the fund. All earnings on the assets are to be used for education. The fund balance increased by \$5.8 million during the current fiscal year, which is a 1.8% increase from the prior year. This increase is primarily due to \$4.0 million in fines received from county justice courts and district courts.

Proprietary Funds:

The State's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Proprietary funds are comprised of two types: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used when goods or services are provided primarily to parties outside of the State while internal service funds are used when goods or services are provided primarily to State agencies.

Enterprise Funds – There are four *major* enterprise funds: Housing Division Fund, Unemployment Compensation Fund, Water Projects Loans Fund and the Higher Education Tuition Trust Fund. The combined net position of the four major funds is \$328.6 million, the net position of the nonmajor funds is \$50.3 million and the total combined net position of all enterprise funds is \$378.9 million. The combined net position of the enterprise funds increased by \$175.6 million in 2014. The major enterprise funds are discussed below:

The Housing Division Fund was created for the purpose of making available additional funds to assist private enterprise and governmental agencies in providing safe and sanitary housing facilities and provides low interest loans for first-time homebuyers with low or moderate incomes. The net assets decreased by \$2.7 million, or 1.4%, resulting in an ending net position of \$190.2 million. Revenues from interest on loans decreased by 25.5% due to loan delinquencies reflecting Nevada's high and continuing unemployment and foreclosure rate, along with a reduction in interest and investment income of 24.9%. Operating expenses decreased due to the repayment of \$151.0 million in bonds which reduced interest payments by 23.0%.

The Unemployment Compensation Fund accounts for the payment of unemployment compensation benefits to unemployed State citizens. The net position increased by \$135.6 million during the current fiscal year, which is a 36.3% increase from the prior year. Operating revenue exceeded expenses by \$144.4 million for the fiscal year. Fiscal year 2014 total claims expense of \$536.8 million was less than the fiscal year 2013 total claims expense of \$849.3 million, or a 36.8% decrease. The leading cause for the net position increase is due to a reduction of \$6.4 million in interest expense on federal loan advances as well as a reduction in unemployment claims. During the fiscal year 2014, the State issued \$548.9 million in special revenue bonds for the purpose of repaying the entire amount of advances due the U.S. Department of Labor in accordance with the provisions of Title XII, Section 1201 of the Social Security Act. The repayment of federal advances was made using \$540.9 million of the proceeds from these special revenue bonds.

The Water Projects Loans Fund issues loans to governmental and private entities for two programs: safe drinking water and water pollution control. The federal EPA matches the State's bond proceeds to make loans to governmental entities; only federal funds are loaned to private entities. The revenues exceeded expenses and transfers by \$8.1 million during the current fiscal year, for a final net position of \$332.7 million, which is a 2.5% increase from the prior year.

The Higher Education Tuition Trust Fund provides a simple and convenient way for Nevada families to save for a college education through the advance payment of tuition. A purchaser enters into a contract for the future payment of tuition for a specified beneficiary. The contract benefits are based on in-state rates for Nevada public colleges, but can be used towards costs at any accredited, nonprofit, private or out-of-state college. The Trust Fund completed its sixteenth enrollment period during the fiscal year with 1,255 new enrollments. The net position increased \$28.0 million or 181.4% during the current fiscal year. This increase is mainly due to \$2.0 million in new tuition contracts, a \$3.6 million reduction in tuition benefits expense and \$8.8 million increase in investment income.

Internal Service Funds – The internal service funds charge State agencies for goods and services such as building maintenance, purchasing, printing, insurance, data processing and fleet services in order to recover the costs of the goods or services. Rates charged to State agencies for the operations of internal service funds are adjusted in following years to offset gains and losses. Because these are allocations of costs to other funds, they are not included separately in the government-wide financial statements but are eliminated and reclassified as either governmental activities or business-type activities. In 2014, total internal service fund net position increased by \$26.0 million, for a final net position of \$85.8 million. The two largest funds are:

The Self-Insurance Fund accounts for group health, life and disability insurance for State employees and retirees and certain other public employees. Net position increased by \$19.4 million during the current fiscal year, which is a 20.3% increase from the prior year, leaving final net position of \$114.7 million. This year's increase was caused primarily by a 3.3% increase in insurance premium income.

The Insurance Premiums Fund accounts for general, civil (tort), auto and property casualty liabilities of State agencies. The net position deficit decreased by \$2.0 million or 3.5% during fiscal year 2014, to a total deficit of \$54.2 million. The decrease is the result of an increase in net premium income of 27.9% and a decrease of 27% in claims expense.

ANALYSIS OF GENERAL FUND BUDGET VARIATIONS

The General Fund budgetary revenues and other financing sources were \$617.9 million or 7.1% less than the final budget, primarily because actual intergovernmental revenues received were less than the final budgeted amount. Intergovernmental revenues represent federal grants, and there are timing differences arising from when grants are awarded, received and spent. The final budget can include grant revenue for the entire grant period, whereas the actual amount recorded represents grant revenue received in the current year.

The net increase in the General Fund expenditures and other uses budget from original to final was \$584.7 million. Some of the differences originate because the original budget consists only of those budgets subject to legislative approval through the General Appropriations Act and the Authorizations Bill. The non-executive budgets, not subject to legislative approval, only require approval by the Budget Division and if approved after July 1, are considered to be revisions. Increases due to the non-executive budgets approved after July 1 and increased estimated receipts were approximately \$584.7 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

The State's capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2014, amount to \$7.1 billion, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1.1 billion, leaving a net book value of \$6.0 billion. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, software costs, infrastructure, rights-of-way, and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable, such as roads and bridges.

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, the State has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the modified approach, the State expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense on infrastructure. Utilization of this approach requires the State to: 1) commit to maintaining and preserving affected assets at or above a condition level established by the State; 2) maintain an inventory of the assets and perform periodic condition assessments to ensure that the condition level is being maintained; and 3) make annual estimates of the amounts that must be expended to maintain and preserve assets at the predetermined condition levels. To monitor the condition of the roadways the State uses the International Roughness Index (IRI). The State has set a policy that it will maintain a certain percentage of each category of its roadways with an IRI of less than 80 and will also maintain its bridges so that not more than 10% are structurally deficient or functionally obsolete. The most recent condition assessments provide reasonable assurance that the condition level of the roadways is being preserved above, or approximately at, the condition level established. The following table shows the State's policy and the condition level of the roadways and bridges:

	<u>Condition Level of the Roadways</u> Percentage of roadways with an IRI of less than 80								
	Category								
	Ι	II	III	IV	V				
State Policy-minimum percentage	70%	65%	60%	40%	10%				
Actual results of 2012 condition assessment	84%	85%	84%	32%	9%				
Actual results of 2011 condition assessment	56%	79%	67%	30%	9%				
Actual results of 2009 condition assessment	82%	82%	87%	56%	21%				
		<u>Conditio</u>	n Level of the	e Bridges					
		Percentage of substandard bridges							
		2012	2011	2009					
State Policy-maximum percentage		10%	10%	10%					
Actual results condition assessment		4%	4%	5%					

The estimated amount necessary to maintain and preserve infrastructure assets at target condition levels exceeded the actual amounts of expense incurred for fiscal year 2014 by \$72.4 million. Even though actual spending for maintenance and preservation of infrastructure assets fell below estimates, condition levels are expected to continue to meet or exceed the target condition levels for the roadway category. Additional information on the State's infrastructure can be found in the Schedule of Infrastructure Condition and Maintenance Data in the Required Supplementary Information section to the financial statements.

To keep pace with the demands of the population, the State also has a substantial capital projects program. The following is a summary of major projects in progress or completed during 2014 (expressed in millions):

	Expended by June 30, 2014			
Nevada State College Facilities	\$ 4.5	\$	47.2	
Healthcare Reform Software	23.2		44.7	
Unemployment Insurance Software Development	27.3		40.4	
New Readiness Center North Las Vegas	29.4		35.8	
Field Maintenance Shop Facility - LV Readiness Center	23.9		27.0	
Elko County Readiness Center	15.9		16.6	
Southern Nevada Veterans' Cemetary Expansion	8.3		11.4	
NDOT Integrated Right of Way Software	8.2		9.3	
Southern Desert CC Finish Core Expansion	4.7		5.0	

The total increase in the State's capital assets for the primary government for the current fiscal year was \$289.6 million. This increase included current expenditures to purchase capital assets and completed projects from construction in progress. Depreciation charges for the year totaled \$71.9 million.

Additional information on the State's capital assets can be found in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration:

As of year-end, the State had \$4.2 billion in long-term liabilities outstanding, compared to \$4.3 billion last year, a decrease of \$74.0 million or 1.7% during the current fiscal year. This decrease was due primarily to the refunding of general obligation bonds.

The most current bond ratings from Fitch, Moody's Investor Service and Standard and Poor's were AA+, Aaa and AAA, respectively. These ratings are an indication of high quality obligations and a reflection of sound financial management. The Constitution of the State limits the aggregate principal amount of the general obligation debt to 2% of the total reported assessed property value of the State.

New bonds issued during the 2014 fiscal year were (expressed in thousands):

Unemployment Compensation Fund Special Revenue Bonds	11/06/2013	\$ 548,900
Lease Revenue Refunding Certificates of Participation - Capital Complex Building 1 Project	11/26/2013	17,740
Lease Revenue Refunding Certificates of Participation - Casa Grande Project	11/26/2013	18,045
Lease Revenue Certificates of Participation - Nevada State College Project	11/26/2013	50,445
Highway Revenue Bonds - Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax	03/19/2014	86,020
General Obligation Capital Improvement and Cultural Affairs Bonds	04/22/2014A	51,385
General Obligation Natural Resources and Refunding Bonds	04/22/2014B	5,580
General Obligation Open Space, Parks, and Natural Resources Bonds	04/22/2014C	2,185
General Obligation Safe Drinking Water Revolving Fund Matching and Refunding Bonds	04/22/2014D	5,145
Housing Multi-Unit Henderson Family	08/15/2013	9,309
Housing Multi-Unit Agate Avenue	11/27/2013	55
Housing Multi-Unit Landsman Gardens	12/12/2013	55
Housing Multi-Unit Landsman Gardens	12/12/2013	6,300
Housing Multi-Unit Orvis Ring	04/17/2014	3,650

Additional information on the State's long-term debt obligations can be found in Note 9 to the financial statements and in the Statistical Section.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the State of Nevada's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: State of Nevada, Office of the State Controller, 101 N. Carson Street, Suite 5, Carson City, NV 89701-4786 or visit our website at: www.controller.nv.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL SECTION

Nevada Pony Express delivered some special sesquicentennial proclamations to Lt. Governor Krolicki at the State Capitol in Carson City.





June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Primary Government						
	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total		Component Un	
Assets	 						
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,701,899	\$	341,461	\$	2,043,360	\$	270,259
Investments	542,058		697,879		1,239,937		1,233,813
Internal balances	3,602		(3,602)		-		-
Due from component unit	5,795		-		5,795		-
Due from primary government	-		-		-		27,444
Accounts receivable	75,304		7,390		82,694		48,232
Taxes/assessments receivable	837,072		202,001		1,039,073		-
Intergovernmental receivables	376,206		886		377,092		37,087
Accrued interest and dividends	4,539		12,241		16,780		27
Contracts receivable	-		39,030		39,030		-
Mortgages receivable	-		461,065		461,065		-
Notes/loans receivable	16,357		64,118		80,475		12,887
Other receivables	326		-		326		83,162
Inventory	27,563		1,420		28,983		6,713
Prepaid expenses	13,666		257		13,923		44,141
Restricted assets:	,						,
Cash	-		-		-		86,767
Investments	-		93,839		93,839		38,515
Other assets	3		15		18		54,207
Capital assets:	0		10		10		01,201
Land, infrastructure and construction in progress	4,766,647		10,851		4,777,498		145,040
Other capital assets, net	1,253,846		1,470		1,255,316		1,805,209
	 		;				
Total accords	 9,624,883		1,930,321		11,555,204		3,893,503
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred charge on refunding	 13,978		1,612		15,590		14,106
	13,978		1,612		15,590		14,106
Liabilities	 ,		,		,		,
Accounts payable	938,617		49,956		988,573		56,274
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	71,617		1,421		73,038		69,874
Intergovernmental payables	145,150		35		145,185		09,074
Interest payable	17,876		8,258		26,134		- 11,891
Due to component units	27,411		0,200		20,134		11,091
Due to primary government	21,411		-		21,411		- 5,795
	-		-		-		5,795
Contracts/retentions payable	39,021		-		39,021		-
Unearned revenues	199,430		9,700		209,130		51,070
Other liabilities	74,292		12		74,304		50,549



	\$ 5,414,465	\$ 379,253	\$ 5,793,718	\$ 2,976,35
Inrestricted (deficit)	(124,344)	(223,987)	(348,331)	657,52
Expendable	524,859 20	-	524,659 20	555,22
Funds held as permanent investments: Nonexpendable	324,859		324,859	353,22
Other purposes	124	-	124	2,94
Research and development	-	-	-	8,12
Operations and maintenance	-	-	-	71
Loans	-	-	-	8,29
Scholarships	-	-	-	404,24
Regulation of business	10,918	2	10,920	
Health and social services	165,269	-	165,269	
Law, justice and public safety	43,730	-	43,730	
Recreation and resource development	61,075	332,690	393,765	
Transportation	231,488	-	231,488	
Education and support services	2,276	-	2,276	34
Debt service	26,312	-	26,312	21,11
Capital projects	-	-	-	57,59
Tuition contract benefits	-	43,355	43,355	_
Workers' compensation	-	37,115	37,115	
Security of outstanding obligations	-	186,644	186,644	
Restricted for:				
Net investment in capital assets	4,672,738	3,434	4,676,172	1,462,22
et Position				
	704	-	704	10,07
Donations		-	-	10,07
Fines and forfeitures	649	-	649	
Taxes	55	-	55	
eferred Inflows of Resources				
	4,223,092	1,552,080	5,770,372	921,10
	4,223,692	1,552,680	5,776,372	921,18
Arbitrage rebate liability	-	571	571	
Due to component unit	33	-	33	
Certificates of participation payable	94,655	-	94,655	
Bonds payable	2,209,310	1,125,433	3,334,743	587,7 ⁻
Benefits payable	-	169,193	169,193	,
Compensated absences	37,467	745	38,212	17,07
Obligations under capital leases	22,825	-	22,825	1.63
Reserve for losses	48,458	-	48,458	0,20
Federal advances	-	-	-	8,20
Portion due or payable after one year:	2,100		2,100	
Certificates of participation payable	2,756		2,756	20,0
Bonds payable	168,772	170,140	338,912	29,04
Benefits payable	59,059	15,960	15,960	51,03
Compensated absences	59,659	- 1,256	60,915	31,09
Obligations under capital leases	2,269		2,269	9
Reserve for losses	64,074	=	64,074	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Statement of Activities

28



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

			-	Program Revenues						Net (Expe	Position					
										P	rimary	Governme	nt			
_		Expense	s	Charges for Services	C	Operating Grants and ontributions	•	ital Grants and tributions	G	overnmental Activities		siness- Activities		Total	Compo Unit	
F	Functions/Programs Primary Government rimary government															
	Bovernmental activities:	\$ 202,6		\$ 174,265	\$	14,376	\$	-	\$	(13,979)	\$	-	\$	(13,979)	\$	-
	General government	3,784,0		172,459		2,574,925		-		(1,036,671)		-		(1,036,671)		-
,	lealth and social services	2,326,4		3,252		260,549		10		(2,062,687)		-		(2,062,687)		-
	ducation and support services	662,3	30	273,895		55,268		4,432		(328,735)		-		(328,735)		-
	aw, justice and public safety	303,0	20	78,222		143,011		-		(81,787)		-		(81,787)		-
	Regulation of business	327,5	19	14,520		329,150		4,189		20,340		-		20,340		-
	ransportation	139,1	88	50,573		37,837		718		(50,060)		-		(50,060)		-
	Recreation and resource development	121,2	24	-		1,266		-		(119,958)		-		(119,958)		-
	nterest on long-term debt	2,1	50	-		-		-		(2,150)		-		(2,150)		-
ι	Inallocated depreciation	7,868,6	04	767,186		3,416,382		9,349		(3,675,687)		-		(3,675,687)		-
Ē	otaheeseypeentalinetivities	552,2	46	1,393		144,643		_		-		(406,210)		(406,210)		_
I	Jnemployment insurance	31,9		16,003		13,172		-		-		(2,779)		(2,779)		_
F	lousing	7,8		8,924		8,405		-		_		9,492		9,492		-
	Vater loans	26,7		40,671		2,564		-		-		16,520		16,520		-
V	Vorkers' compensation and safety	21,3		22,063		24,955		-		-		25,693		25,693		-
F	ligher education tuition	32,9		32,210		2,914		-		-		2,180		2,180		-
C	Other	673,0		121,264		196,653						(355,104)		(355,104)		
-		\$ 8,541,6		\$ 888,450	\$	3,613,035	\$	9,349		(3,675,687)		(355,104)		(4,030,791)		
+	otal pusiness-type activities	\$ 1.667.1	:	\$ 715.072	Ψ	436.873	φ \$	9,349		(0,070,007)		(555,104)		(4,000,791)	(504	-
Т	otal component units	φ 1,007,	14	φ /15,0/2	φ	430,073	Φ	10,177		-		-		-	(504	1,992)

Taxesaming	892,545	-	892,545	-
Sales and use	971,627	-	971,627	-
fied business	382,976	-	382,976	-
Modi	256,587	-	256,587	-
Insurance premium	63,528	-	63,528	-
Property and trans fuel	2,671	-	2,671	-
Motor and special for unemployment compensation:	357,671	252	357,923	-
Restoldhed taxes	-	537,120	537,120	-
for educational purposes:			·	
Rest@ated and use taxes	114,029	-	114,029	-
Gaming taxes	30,454	-	30,454	-
Other taxes	141,118	-	141,118	-
for debt service purposes:				
Restricted fer taxes	134,628	-	134,628	-
Property and trans fuel taxes	70,101	-	70,101	-
Other Motor and special for recreation and resource developm	ent purposes:	-	17,531	-
RestOkthed taxes	33,772	-	33,772	-
for health and social services purpose				
Restricted fer taxes	11,628	-	11,628	-
Propettyrateerans	109,783	-	109,783	-
for transportation purposes:	,		,	
Restricted fuel taxes	196,772	-	196,772	-
Mot	41,167	-	41,167	-
for regulation purposes:			,	
Restoldthed taxes	4,888	-	4,888	-
Settlement income	38,524	-	38,524	-
	5,462	-	5,462	162,738
Un Getrictecs in less tanges at te arnings	-	-	-	2,815
Other general revenues	104,243	-	104,243	4,773
Contributions to permanent funds	5,908	-	5,908	9,264
from State of Nevada	-	-	-	500,562
Payments Special item - settlement	-	330	330	-
fers	6,689	(6,689)	-	-
Trans	3,994,302	531,013	4,525,315	680,152
	318,615	175,909	494,524	175,160
Total general revenues, special items, and transfers	5,095,850	203,344	5,299,194	2,801,197
Net position - beginning Chargenaitienpoenteing		\$ 379,253	\$ 5,793,718	\$ 2,976,357
ู่ เ <u>าตเพิรงพายะ</u> ทั้งสูญญาติ	\$ 5,414,465	φ 379,233	φ 3,/93,/18	φ 2,910,001

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

June 30, 2014

A	General Fund			State Highway	Municipal Bond Bank		
Assets Cash and pooled investments: Cash with treasurer Cash in custody of other officials	\$	522,152,415 3,920,704	\$	365,197,429 171,584	\$	1,572	
Investments		10,858,183		-		255,620,000	
Receivables:							
Accounts receivable		46,934,158		1,225,699		-	
Taxes receivable		793,109,109 348,551,673		39,874,795 17,415,864		-	
Intergovernmental receivables Accrued interest and dividends		2,603,250		17,415,004		- 1,240,225	
Notes/loans receivable		16,267,054		-		-	
Other receivables		15,830		-		-	
Due from other funds		44,683,647		6,328,629		1,358	
Due from fiduciary funds		370,568		-		-	
Due from component units		211,086		2,056		-	
Inventory Advances to other funds		10,957,867 3,174,989		15,856,583		-	
Prepaid items		10,210,922		2,312,017		-	
Total assets	\$	1,814,021,455	\$	448,384,656	\$	256,863,155	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accruals:							
Accounts payable	\$	394,088,818	\$	19,016,915	\$	-	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		50,159,682		16,541,337		-	
Intergovernmental payables		127,175,516		16,524,572		-	
Interest payable Contracts/retentions payable		- 244,046		- 33,927,838		-	
						-	
Due to other funds Due to fiduciary funds		21,309,312 500,920,577		2,519,302 815,134		-	
Due to component units		14,196,223		1,029,366		-	
Unearned revenues		183,732,200		511,288		-	
Other liabilities		50,703,990		1,201,169		-	
Total liabilities		1,342,530,364		92,086,921		-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue:							
Taxes		76,197,535		268,218		-	
Intergovernmental Licenses, fees and permits		98,865,681 4,120,704		270		-	
Sales and charges for services		6,533,975		58,117		-	
Settlement income		-		-		-	
Interest		411,022		231,732		1,240,535	
Other Taxes		9,799,836 55,145		1,982,483		-	
Fines and forfeitures		649,031		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		196,632,929		2,540,820		1,240,535	
		,,		_,,		-,,	
Fund Balances		20.055.040		40,400,000			
Nonspendable Restricted		39,255,213 65,341,718		18,168,600 325,732,934		255,620,000	
Committed		306,050,398		9,855,381		2,620	
Unassigned		(135,789,167)		-		_,==0	
Total fund balances		274,858,162	_	353,756,915		255,622,620	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,814,021,455	\$	448,384,656	\$	256,863,155	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.
NEVADA

Permar	nent School Fund	Oth	er Governmental Funds	Tot	al Governmental Funds
\$	11,859,405 34,248,489	\$	455,085,748 104,262,958	\$	1,354,296,569 142,603,735
	274,075,515		1,503,907		542,057,605
	660		21,982,056		70,142,573
	- 357,342		4,088,292 9,009,024		837,072,196 375,333,903
	693,568		2,112		4,539,155
	-		- 310,000		16,267,054 325,830
	30,079		16,662,816		67,706,529
	-		864,807		1,235,375
	5,402,968		430 485,916		5,616,540 27,300,366
	-		903,819		4,078,808
	-		612,383		13,135,322
\$	326,668,026	\$	615,774,268	\$	3,461,711,560
\$	-	\$	7,793,973	\$	420,899,706
	-		3,038,629 1,312,560		69,739,648 145,012,648
	-		2,386,356		2,386,356
	-		4,848,628		39,020,512
	2,024,484		42,468,874		68,321,972
	-		5,602 12,185,669		501,741,313 27,411,258
	-		1,243,211		185,486,699
	244,622		22,142,027		74,291,808
	2,269,106		97,425,529		1,534,311,920
					76 465 752
	-		-		76,465,753 98,865,951
	-		-		4,120,704
	-		3,796 19,000,000		6,595,888 19,000,000
	7,014		366,276		2,256,579
	660		350,143		12,133,122
	-		-		55,145 649,031
	7,674		19,720,215		220,142,173
	7,014		10,720,210		220,142,110
	324,391,246		1,566,310		639,001,369
	-		271,655,892		662,730,544
	-		225,406,322		541,314,721 (135,789,167)
	324,391,246		498,628,524		1,707,257,467
¢	326,668,026	\$	615,774,268	\$	3,461,711,560

THE SESQUICENTENNIAL HOUSE OF CARDS

The Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources made this replica of the Governor's Mansion out of NV150 playing cards. Governor Brian Sandoval is standing with the display.



June 30, 2014

Total fund balances - governmental funds

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:

Construction in progressInfrastructure assets3.Rights-of-way3.Buildings1.Improvements other than buildings1.Furniture and equipment5.Software costs1.	149,573,677 186,824,131 ,808,689,158 620,527,855 ,643,589,580 119,941,176 347,973,833 168,060,486 ,050,128,433)	5,995,051,463
Some of the State's revenues collected after year-end are not available soon enough		0,000,001,100
to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable deferred inflows of resources in the funds.		219,437,997
Intergovernmental receivable not providing current resources.		221,045
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		85,510,648
The loss on early retirement of debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position and is amortized over the original remaining life of the old debt, or the life of the new debt, whichever is less.		13,978,220
Certain liabilities for settlement agreements are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(4,713,384)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:		
Bonds payable(2Accrued interest on bondsCertificates of participationCapital leasesCompensated absencesTotal long-term liabilities	,372,318,649) (15,489,911) (97,410,877) (23,248,640) (93,810,418)	(2,602,278,495)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 5,414,464,961

NE

1,707,257,467

\$

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund	State Highway	Municipal Bond Bank	
Revenues				
Gaming taxes, fees, licenses	\$ 913,960,497	\$-	\$ -	
Sales taxes	1,081,735,280	-	-	
Modified business taxes	384,885,778	-	-	
Insurance premium taxes	263,531,578	-	-	
Property and transfer taxes	63,528,021		-	
Motor and special fuel taxes	2,670,546	196,771,953	-	
Other taxes	544,436,050	41,152,882	-	
Intergovernmental	3,118,097,338	337,794,426	-	
Licenses, fees and permits	289,651,654	194,200,165	-	
Sales and charges for services	58,015,816	15,445,946	-	
Interest and investment income	9,913,524	(1,975,551)	11,075,052	
Settlement income Land sales	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	
	53,555,289	16,364,166		
Total revenues	6,783,981,371	799,753,987	11,075,052	
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	112,075,644	-	-	
Health and social services	3,490,662,679	-	-	
Education and support services	30,192,041	-	-	
Law, justice and public safety	435,425,591	159,597,058	-	
Regulation of business	272,316,673	-	-	
Transportation	-	452,820,764	-	
Recreation and resource development	104,852,466	-	-	
Intergovernmental	2,523,471,979	78,360,779	-	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	
Debt service:				
Principal	1,821,252	-	-	
Interest, fiscal charges	1,309,192	1,787	-	
Debt issuance costs	92,113	654,614	-	
Arbitrage payments	493,602	-	-	
Total expenditures	6,972,713,232	691,435,002	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(188,731,861)	108,318,985	11,075,052	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	, <u> </u>			
Sale of general obligation bonds	3,140,000	86,020,000		
Sale of general obligation refunding bonds	3,140,000	80,020,000	-	
Premium on general obligation bonds	206,121	14,653,279		
Payment to refunded bond agent				
Sale of certificates of participation	-	-	-	
Sale of refunding certificates of participation	-	-	-	
Premium on certificates of participation	-	-	-	
Payment to refunded certificates of participation agent	-	-	-	
Sale of capital assets	218,806	61,035	-	
Transfers in	119,805,531	3,972,267	-	
Transfers out	(30,799,275)	(8,276,144)	(26,280,391)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	92,571,183	96,430,437	(26,280,391)	
Net change in fund balances	(96,160,678)	204,749,422	(15,205,339)	
Fund balances, July 1	371,018,840	149,007,493	270,827,959	
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 274,858,162	\$ 353,756,915	\$ 255,622,620	
			,520	

NEVADA

Permanent School Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$-	\$ 13,863,433	\$ 927,823,930
Ψ	φ 10,000,400 -	1,081,735,280
-	-	384,885,778
-	-	263,531,578
-	146,255,683	209,783,704
-	70,100,866	269,543,365
-	106,603,199	692,192,131
-	96,435,263	3,552,327,027
-	24,549,211	508,401,030
-	16,860,355	90,322,117
1,551,338	4,832,902 40,120,320	25,397,265
- 1,932,509	40,120,320	40,120,320 1,932,509
4,003,179	9,354,259	83,276,893
7,487,026	528,975,491	8,131,272,927
.,,	010,010,101	0,101,212,021
-	681,161	112,756,805
-	103,165,238	3,593,827,917
-	652,998 27,043,743	30,845,039
-	21,121,493	622,066,392 293,438,166
	21,121,495	452,820,764
-	27,829,075	132,681,541
-	36,195,140 29,740,827	2,638,027,898 29,740,827
- - -	164,200,000 105,560,279 1,535,041 236,602	166,021,252 106,871,258 2,281,768 730,204
-	517,961,597	8,182,109,831
7,487,026	11,013,894	(50,836,904)
-	51,885,000	141,045,000
-	4,125,000	4,125,000
-	6,152,793	21,012,193
-	(4,424,628)	(4,424,628)
-	50,445,000	50,445,000
-	35,785,000	35,785,000
-	2,794,120	2,794,120
-	(42,799,477)	(42,799,477)
-	55,559	335,400
- (1,654,534)	68,414,610 (120,896,584)	192,192,408 (187,906,928)
(1,654,534)	51,536,393	212,603,088
5,832,492 318,558,754	62,550,287 436,078,237	161,766,184 1,545,491,283
\$ 324,391,246	\$ 498,628,524	\$ 1,707,257,467
,	,,,	, .,,,,

SESQUICENTENNIAL MEDALLION



This bar of Nevada silver is from the Coeur Mine in Rochester, NV, and was on display at the Nevada State Museum. The silver bar was used to make the NV150 commemorative medallions.



Reconciliation of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 161,766,184
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, the amounts are:		
Capital outlay	\$271,655,152	
Depreciation expense	(68,585,172)	
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense		203,069,980
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds; however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. In the current period,		
proceeds were received from:		
Bonds issued Refunding bonds issued	(141,045,000)	
Certificates of participation issued	(4,125,000) (50,445,000)	
Refunding certificates of participation issued	(35,785,000)	
Premiums on debt issued	(23,806,313)	
Total bond proceeds	(-)) /	(255,206,313)
		(,,,
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:		
Bond principal retirement	161,301,677	
Certficates of participation retirement	2,385,000	
Payments to the bond refunding agent	47,224,105	
Capital lease payments	1,599,048	
Total long-term debt repayment		212,509,830
Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (loss) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		25,661,809
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the State's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" and are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. Unavailable deferred inflows of resources decreased by this amount.		(7,240,655)
In the statement of activities, the gain or loss on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, only the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.		(4,317,777)
In the statement of activities, prior year's unamortized debt issuance costs are expensed to		
comply with GASB 65		(11,770,670)
		(,,,
Amortization of deferred loss on early retirement of debt is reported as an expense for the statement of activities.		(17,716,457)
Amortization of premiums on bonds and certificates of participation is reported as a reduction of interest expense for the statement of activities.		18,207,668
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Decrease in pension asset	(268,106)	
Increase in accrued interest payable	(6,931)	
Increase in compensated absences	(2,402,991)	
Decrease in arbitrage liability	1,042,557	
Increase in settlement agreement liability	(4,713,384)	
Total additional expenditures		(6,348,855)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 318,614,744

NEVA

June 30, 2014

			Enterpris	se Funds			
	Housing Division	Unemployment Compensation	Water Projects Loans	Higher Education Tuition Trust	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and pooled investments:							
Cash with treasurer	\$ 588,175	\$-	\$101,644,655	\$ 2,074,457	\$ 65,245,137	\$ 169,552,424	\$204,998,533
Cash in custody of other officials	573,607	170,891,408	-	229,963	213,281	171,908,259	-
Investments	52,468,527	-	-	191,919,850	-	244,388,377	-
Receivables:							
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	7,374,449	7,374,449	928,586
Assessments receivable	-	202,001,593	-	-	225	202,001,818	-
Intergovernmental receivables	-	-	610,045	-	276,116	886,161	651,015
Contracts receivable	-	-	-	8,924,543	-	8,924,543	-
Mortgages receivable	12,284,711	-	-	-	-	12,284,711	-
Accrued interest and dividends	7,767,643	-	4,054,939	418,700	-	12,241,282	-
Notes/loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000
Due from other funds	73,569	3,432,807	319,497	8,736	999,342	4,833,951	5,788,844
Due from fiduciary funds	-	-	-	-	15,241	15,241	2,997,085
Due from component units	-	-	-	-	-	-	178,233
Inventory	-	-	-	-	1,420,321	1,420,321	262,859
Prepaid items	-	-	3,724	1,490	251,359	256,573	530,929
Restricted assets:							
Investments	64,053,229	-	-	-	-	64,053,229	-
Total current assets	137.809.461	376.325.808	106.632.860	203.577.739	75,795,471	900.141.339	216,341,084
Noncurrent assets:	- ,, -				-,,		- / - /
Investments	160,404,377	-	293,086,497	-	-	453,490,874	-
Receivables:	,,		,			,,	
Contracts receivable	-	-	-	30,105,659	-	30,105,659	-
Mortgages receivable	448,779,941	-	-		-	448,779,941	-
Notes/loans receivable	51,853,147	-	12,265,132	-	-	64,118,279	85,000
Restricted assets:	01,000,111		,			0.1,1.10,2.10	00,000
Investments	29,785,901	-	_	-	-	29,785,901	-
Other assets		-	-	-	15,000	15,000	2,565
Capital assets:					.0,000	10,000	2,000
Land	_	-	_	-	567,812	567,812	1.032.737
Buildings	_	-	_	-	3,388,840	3,388,840	20,392,485
Improvements other than buildings	_				630,647	630,647	3,839,621
Furniture and equipment	757,755		35,280	183,374	5,311,726	6,288,135	51,912,739
Software costs	-			100,074	0,011,720	0,200,100	15,323,810
Construction in progress	_	_	_	-	10,283,035	10,283,035	10,020,010
Less accumulated depreciation/					10,200,000	10,200,000	
amortization	(423,908)		(35,280)	(58,206)	(8,320,892)	(8,838,286)	(67,059,829
Total noncurrent assets	691,157,213		305,351,629	30,230,827	11,876,168	1,038,615,837	25,529,128
				· · · ·			
Total assets	828,966,674	376,325,808	411,984,489	233,808,566	87,671,639	1,938,757,176	241,870,212
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	1,534,336	-	77,771	1,612,107	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	-	1,534,336	-	77,771	1,612,107	
				0			



			Enterpri	se Funds			
	Housing Division	Unemployment Compensation	Water Projects Loans	Higher Education Tuition Trust	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accruals:							
Accounts payable	\$ 27,019,342	\$ 9,947,876	\$ 56,898	\$ 100,356	\$ 12,730,873	\$ 49,855,345	\$ 7,212,133
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	110,937	-	21,331	9,587	1,279,351	1,421,206	1,877,538
Interest payable	3,585,414	3,431,245	1,197,816	-	43,322	8,257,797	-
Intergovernmental payables	-	-	9,275	-	25,346	34,621	75,057
Bank overdraft	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,099,293
Due to other funds	111,979	495,411	284,136	5,048,740	2,557,975	8,498,241	1,509,111
Due to fiduciary funds	-	-	-	-	99,501	99,501	13,179
Due to component units	-	-	-	-	200	200	32,842
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	-	9,700,100	9,700,100	13,943,456
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	12,050	12,050	-
Short-term portion of long-term liabilities:							
Reserve for losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,074,268
Compensated absences	85,855	-	19,948	10,836	1,139,648	1,256,287	1,912,538
Benefits payable	-	-	-	15,959,629	-	15,959,629	-
Bonds payable	7,999,000	151,550,825	10,376,761	-	213,599	170,140,185	513,323
Obligations under capital leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	507,121
Arbitrage rebate liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	38,912,527	165,425,357	11,966,165	21,129,148	27,801,965	265,235,162	95,769,859
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Advances from funds	-	-	-	-	248,040	248,040	3,830,768
Reserve for losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,457,633
Compensated absences	72,494	-	9,329	5,720	657,321	744,864	1,403,246
Benefits payable	-	-	-	169,193,767	-	169,193,767	-
Bonds payable	599,795,277	448,112,408	68,852,945	-	8,672,281	1,125,432,911	5,249,572
Obligations under capital leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,338,626
Arbitrage rebate liability	-	571,064	-	-	-	571,064	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	599,867,771	448,683,472	68,862,274	169,199,487	9,577,642	1,296,190,646	60,279,845
Total liabilities	638,780,298	614,108,829	80,828,439	190,328,635	37,379,607	1,561,425,808	156,049,704
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	333,847			125,168	2,975,288	3,434,303	17,966,764
Restricted for:	333,047	-	-	125,100	2,975,200	3,434,303	17,900,704
				12 254 762		12 254 762	
Tuition contract benefits	- 186,643,952	-	-	43,354,763	-	43,354,763 186,643,952	-
Security of outstanding obligations Workers' compensation	100,043,952	-	-	-	- 37,114,884	, ,	-
	-	-	- 332,690,386	-	37,114,084	37,114,884 332,690,386	-
Revolving loans Regulation of business	-	-	332,090,300	-	2,000	332,690,386	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	3 200 577	- (237,783,021)	-	-	2,000 10,277,631	,	- 67 852 744
	3,208,577		-	-		(224,296,813)	67,853,744
Total net position	\$190,186,376	\$ (237,783,021)	\$332,690,386	\$ 43,479,931	\$ 50,369,803	378,943,475	\$ 85,820,508

Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the

activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time.

Net position of business-type activities

309,860 \$ 379,253,335

THE SESQUICENTENNIAL CUSTOM HARLEY

Las Vegas Harley-Davidson created the Nevada 150th Anniversary state bike, which was raffled off to benefit the Nevada 150 Foundation.





Lt. Governor Brian Krolicki talks to the media about the Nevada 150 Motorcycle during "Nevada Day" at the Reno Air Races.



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Enterprise Funds					
	Housing Division	Unemployment Compensation	Water Projects Loans	Higher Education Tuition Trust	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues			·			·	
Net premium income	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 358,771,137
Sales	-	-	-	21,911,502	6,833,167	28,744,669	2,173,236
Assessments	-	537,120,329	-	-	251,814	537,372,143	-
Charges for services	-	-	123,751	152,200	14,746,524	15,022,475	45,886,598
Rental income	-	-	-	-	83,159	83,159	19,533,976
Interest income on loans/notes	12,327,241	-	8,800,064	-	-	21,127,305	-
Federal government	-	142,725,174	8,741,917	-	-	151,467,091	-
Licenses, fees and permits	-	-	-	-	46,620,661	46,620,661	-
Fines	-	-	-	-	3,631,707	3,631,707	-
Other	3,675,884	1,392,558	-	-	960,027	6,028,469	362,159
Total operating revenues	16,003,125	681,238,061	17,665,732	22,063,702	73,127,059	810,097,679	426,727,106
Operating Expenses							
Salaries and benefits	1,846,457	-	358,841	153,803	34,523,583	36,882,684	35,097,145
Operating	5,387,857	-	4,253,012	512,194	14,950,056	25,103,119	35,626,287
Claims and benefits expense	-	536,790,532	-	20,641,465	6,231,281	563,663,278	201,366,533
Interest on bonds payable	17,881,780	-	2,388,311	-	-	20,270,091	-
Materials or supplies used	-	-	-	-	3,334,657	3,334,657	843,170
Servicers' fees	108,556	-	-	-	-	108,556	-
Depreciation	38,369	-	-	17,822	392,926	449,117	2,889,194
Bond issuance costs	2,138,319	-	840,690	-	-	2,979,009	-
Insurance premiums	-	-	-	-	-	-	128,459,800
Total operating expenses	27,401,338	536,790,532	7,840,854	21,325,284	59,432,503	652,790,511	404,282,129
Operating income (loss)	(11,398,213)	144,447,529	9,824,878	738,418	13,694,556	157,307,168	22,444,977
Nonoperating Revenues (Expens	es)						
Interest and investment income	8,401,367	1,917,406	(336,845)	24,954,546	203,341	35,139,815	1,042,727
Interest expense	-	(11,853,517)	-	-	(350,877)	(12,204,394)	(8,582)
Bond issuance costs	-	(3,023,777)	-	-	(141,054)	(3,164,831)	-
Federal grant revenue	4,772,040	-	-	-	5,274,669	10,046,709	-
Federal grant expense	(4,572,464)	-	-	-	-	(4,572,464)	-
Reed Act expenses	-	(7,085)	-	-	-	(7,085)	
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	-	-	-	-	5,778	5,778	68,182
Arbitrage rebate	-	(571,064)	-	-	-	(571,064)	-
Total nonoperating revenues	0.000.040	(40 500 007)	(220.045)	04.054.540	4 004 057	04.070.404	4 400 007
(expenses)	8,600,943	(13,538,037)	(336,845)	24,954,546	4,991,857	24,672,464	1,102,327
Income (loss) before transfers	(2,797,270)	130,909,492	9,488,033	25,692,964	18,686,413	181,979,632	23,547,304
Special Items and Transfers							
Special item - settlement	-	-	-	-	330,000	330,000	-
Transfers in	98,812	7,615,373	-	2,334,084	13,720	10,061,989	2,483,279
Transfers out	-	(2,936,617)	(1,431,820)	-	(12,382,547)	(16,750,984)	(79,764)
Change in net position	(2,698,458)	135,588,248	8,056,213	28,027,048	6,647,586	175,620,637	25,950,819
Net position, July 1	192,884,834	(373,371,269)	324,634,173	15,452,883	43,722,217		59,869,689
Net position, June 30	\$ 190,186,376	\$ (237,783,021)	\$ 332 690 386	\$ 43.479.931			\$ 85,820,508
	\$ 100,100,010	÷ (201,100,021)	¢ 302,000,000	÷ 10, 110,001	÷ 00,000,000		¢ 00,020,000

Adjustment for the net effect of the current year activity

between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds.

Change in net position of business-type activities

289,010 \$ 175,909,647

NEVADA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Enterpris	e Funds			
	Housing Division	Unemployment Compensation	Water Projects Loans	Higher Education Tuition Trust	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers and users Receipts for interfund services provided Receipts from component units	\$ 13,953,875 13,657	\$ 536,122,938 2,105,630	\$ 123,751 -	\$ 15,276,900 11,423	\$73,545,904 3,472,524	\$639,023,368 5,603,234	\$ 53,815,207 289,209,203 75 718 104
Receipts of principal on loans/notes Receipts of interest on loans/notes Receipts from federal government	71,731,944 25,004,314 -	- - 142,725,174	- 23,877,618 8,966,028 8,550,689	-	-	95,609,562 33,970,342 151,275,863	75,718,194 5,000 - -
Payments to suppliers, other governments and beneficiaries Payments to employees Payments for interfund services	(7,568,616) (1,683,923) (1,166,450)	(541,664,021) - -	(4,156,445) (353,316) (115,801)	(4,855,601) (148,872) (101,234)	(17,079,202) (33,224,222) (7,799,378)	(575,323,885) (35,410,333) (9,182,863)	(349,962,373) (35,065,725) (18,787,978)
Payments to component units Purchase of loans and notes	- (18,084,601)	-	(5,215,585)	(5,523,385)	(42,151)	(5,565,536) (23,300,186)	(160,207)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	82,200,200	139,289,721	31,676,939	4,659,231	18,873,475	276,699,566	14,771,321
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities							
Grant receipts Advances from federal government	4,772,040	136,952,892	-	-	6,141,406 -	10,913,446 136,952,892	-
Proceeds from sale of bonds Transfers and advances from other fund Settlement receipts	19,369,386 98,812	608,303,783 17,424,412	5,295,055 - -	- 2,334,084 -	- 13,720 330,000	632,968,224 19,871,028 330,000	- 5,156,555 -
Payment on federal advance Payment on refunding bonds	-	(710,909,538) -	- (2,227,419)	-	-	(710,909,538) (2,227,419)	-
Principal paid on noncapital debt Interest paid on noncapital debt Issue costs	(151,461,337) (19,612,987)	- (30,310,191) (3,023,777)	(10,535,000) (3,077,585)	-	-	(161,996,337) (53,000,763) (3,023,777)	-
Transfers and advances to other funds Payments to other governments	-	(2,872,764)	(1,422,192)	-	(12,455,867)	(16,750,823)	(79,764)
and organizations	(4,572,464)		-	-	-	(4,572,464)	
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	(151,406,550)	15,564,817	(11,967,141)	2,334,084	(5,970,741)	(151,445,531)	5,076,791
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Purchase of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt	- (12,687)	-	-	(21,500)	17,845 (115,275) (175,670)	17,845 (149,462) (175,670)	93,522 (6,314,569) (1,212,224)
Interest paid on capital debt Payments on construction projects	-	-	-	-	(175,670) (422,896) (94,561)	(175,670) (422,896) (94,561)	(1,312,224) (8,582) -
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing							
activities	(12,687)			(21,500)	(790,557)	(824,744)	(7,541,853)
Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments	641,068,785 (529,670,119)	-	-	46,519,251 (55,941,366)	-	687,588,036 (585,611,485)	-
Interest, dividends and gains (losses) Issuance of note to related party	8,979,163 (51,000,000)	1,917,406	(440,319)	3,086,277	136,609	13,679,136 (51,000,000)	948,744
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	69,377,829	1,917,406	(440,319)	(6,335,838)	136,609	64,655,687	948,744
Net increase (decrease) in cash	158,792	156,771,944	19,269,479	635,977	12,248,786	189,084,978	13,255,003
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	1,002,990	14,119,464	82,375,176	1,668,443	53,209,632	152,375,705	191,743,530
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 1,161,782	\$ 170,891,408	\$101,644,655	\$ 2,304,420	\$ 65,458,418	\$ 341,460,683	\$ 204,998,533

NEVADA

(Continued)

		Enterprise Funds						
	Housing Division	Unemployment Compensation	Water Projects Loans	Higher Education Tuition Trust	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$ (11,398,213)	\$ 144,447,529	\$ 9,824,878	\$ 738,418	\$ 13,694,556	\$ 157,307,168	\$ 22,444,977	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities								
Depreciation Interest on bonds payable Decrease (increase) in loans and	38,369 17,881,780	-	- 2,388,311	17,822	392,926 -	449,117 20,270,091	2,889,194 -	
notes receivable Decrease (increase) in accrued	66,673,067	-	18,662,033	-	-	85,335,100	5,000	
interest and receivables Decrease (increase) in inventory,	553,654	(284,319)	(25,264)	(6,775,379)	(5,142,662)	(11,673,970)	(601,435)	
deferred charges, other assets Increase (decrease) in accounts	2,138,319	-	778,151	(1,490)	(185,345)	2,729,635	(399,421)	
payable, accruals, other liabilities	6,313,224	(4,873,489)	48,830	10,679,860	10,114,000	22,282,425	(9,566,994)	
Total adjustments	93,598,413	(5,157,808)	21,852,061	3,920,813	5,178,919	119,392,398	(7,673,656)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 82,200,200	\$ 139,289,721	\$ 31,676,939	\$ 4,659,231	\$ 18,873,475	\$ 276,699,566	\$ 14,771,321	
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities Capital assets acquired under lease Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$- 21,891,757	\$-	\$- 21,891,757	\$ 2,139,826 -	

June 30, 2014



Assets	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	Investment Trust Funds	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
Assets Cash and pooled investments: Cash with treasurer Cash in custody of other officials	\$	\$- 2,984,669	\$	\$ 86,478,471 32,749,915
Investments: Investments Fixed income securities Marketable equity securities International securities Real estate Alternative investments	1,253,459 8,793,311,478 14,355,624,219 7,680,531,021 1,337,751,979 1,111,639,569	1,069,475,059 - - - - -	14,217,750,721 - - - - -	216,538,645 - - - - -
Collateral on loaned securities	541,523,662	-	-	-
Receivables: Accrued interest and dividends Taxes receivable Trades pending settlement Intergovernmental receivables Contributions receivable Other receivables	100,182,820 - 136,040,433 101,108,106 - 4,377	2,431,911 - 4,665,484 - - -	4,191,871 - 432,252 44,719 11,650,516 -	55,691,934 - 16,521 - 96,690
Due from other funds Due from fiduciary funds Due from component unit Other assets Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation Total assets	127,599 19,120,277 1,330,987 2,240,330 39,174,100 (35,282,196)		162,669 - - 48,222 (48,222) 14,254,383,723	501,563,725 11,536,380 1,202,326 - - - - 905,874,607
lotal assets	35,210,526,062	1,079,557,123	14,254,383,723	905,874,607
Liabilities Accounts payable and accruals: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Intergovernmental payables Redemptions payable Trades pending settlement	12,786,796 - - - 979,585,668	143,255 - 3,717 - 8,473,477	2,702,584 714 18,597 6,210,610 5,055,978	- 1,025,191 561,623,730 - -
Bank overdraft Obligations under securities lending Due to other funds Due to fiduciary funds <i>Other liabilities:</i> Deposits	- 541,523,662 2,997,085 41,991 -	- - 26,917 - -	70,000 - 1,223,699 25,516 -	- 30,589,150 307,418,846
Other liabilities Total liabilities	- 1,536,935,202	8,647,366	- 15,307,698	5,217,690
Net Position Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits OPEB benefits Pool participants Individuals	33,672,067,369 1,523,491 - -	- - 1,070,909,757 -	- - - 14,239,076,025	
Total net position	\$ 33,673,590,860	\$ 1,070,909,757	\$ 14,239,076,025	\$ -

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014



		Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds		Investment Trust Funds		Private-Purpose Trust Funds		
Additions								
Contributions:								
Employer Plan members	\$	1,444,909,524	\$	-	\$	-		
Plan members Participants		109,683,264		-		- 3,383,635,370		
Repayment and purchase of service		42,752,491		-		-		
Total contributions		1,597,345,279		-		3,383,635,370		
Investment income:								
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		4,189,445,061		27,109,713		1,581,529,549		
Interest, dividends		802,785,110		13,289,158		267,582,885		
Securities lending		8,075,580		-		-		
Other		91,594,469		-		-		
		5,091,900,220		40,398,871		1,849,112,434		
Less investment expense:								
Other		(45,162,435)		(40,841)		-		
Net investment income		5,046,737,785		40,358,030		1,849,112,434		
Other:								
Investment from local governments		-		851,001,257		-		
Reinvestment from interest income		-		431,158		-		
Other		1,987,587		255		-		
Total other		1,987,587		851,432,670		-		
Total additions		6,646,070,651		891,790,700		5,232,747,804		
Deductions								
Principal redeemed		-		914,016,727		2,215,500,426		
Benefit payments		1,857,389,257		-		19,058,005		
Refunds		23,047,743		-		-		
Contribution distributions		990,121		-		-		
Dividends to investors		-		482,697		-		
Administrative expense		9,721,813		628,727		26,511,044		
Total deductions		1,891,148,934		915,128,151		2,261,069,475		
Change in net position		4,754,921,717		(23,337,451)		2,971,678,329		
Net position, July 1		28,918,669,143		1,094,247,208		11,267,397,696		
Net position, June 30	\$	33,673,590,860	\$	1,070,909,757	\$	14,239,076,025		
	_					, , ,		

June 30, 2014



	Major Com	ponent Units	Nonmajor Component Uni	it
	Colorado River Commission	Nevada System of Higher Education	Nevada Capital Investment Corporation	Total
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 12,903,667	\$ 257,355,000	\$ -	\$ 270,258,667
Investments	-	1,228,065,000	5,747,639	1,233,812,639
Due from primary government	75,116	27,369,184	-	27,444,300
Accounts receivable	11,977,437	36,254,816	-	48,232,253
Intergovernmental receivables	-	37,087,000	-	37,087,000
Accrued interest and dividends	26,743	-	-	26,743
Notes/loans receivable	-	12,887,000	-	12,887,000
Other receivables	-	83,162,000	-	83,162,000
Inventory	44 444 005	6,713,000	-	6,713,000
Prepaid expenses	44,141,235	-	-	44,141,235
Restricted assets:	0.004.040	77 070 000		00 700 040
Cash	9,694,940	77,072,000	-	86,766,940
Investments	-	38,515,000	-	38,515,000
Other assets	-	54,207,000	-	54,207,000
Capital assets:		145 040 000		145 040 000
Land, infrastructure and construction in progress		145,040,000	-	145,040,000
Other capital assets, net	48,433,042	1,756,776,000		1,805,209,042
Total assets	127,252,180	3,760,503,000	5,747,639	3,893,502,819
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	2,377,149	11,729,000	-	14,106,149
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,377,149	11,729,000		14,106,149
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	4,913,136	51,361,111	-	56,274,247
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	-	69,874,000	-	69,874,000
Interest payable	1,179,024	10,712,000	-	11,891,024
Due to primary government	43,923	347,889	-	391,812
Unearned revenues	147,593	50,922,000	-	51,069,593
Other liabilities	17,224,525	33,325,000	-	50,549,525
Long-term liabilities:				
Portion due or payable within one year:				
Obligations under capital leases	-	954,000	-	954,000
Compensated absences	206,870	30,883,000	-	31,089,870
Bonds payable	4,804,000	24,239,000	-	29,043,000
Portion due or payable after one year:				
Federal advances	-	8,209,000	-	8,209,000
Obligations under capital leases	-	1,634,000	-	1,634,000
Compensated absences	131,697	16,947,000	-	17,078,697
Bonds payable	93,162,365	494,557,000	-	587,719,365
Due to primary government	-	-	5,402,968	5,402,968
Total liabilities	121,813,133	793,965,000	5,402,968	921,181,101
	121,010,100	100,000,000	0,102,000	021,101,101
Deferred Inflows of Resources		40.074.000		40.074.000
Donations	-	10,071,000		10,071,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	10,071,000	-	10,071,000
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	1,736,293	1,460,491,000	-	1,462,227,293
Restricted for:	.,	.,,		.,,,,
Capital projects	_	57,594,000	_	57,594,000
Debt service	-	21,116,000	_	21,116,000
Education and support services	-	-	344,671	344,671
Scholarships	-	404,249,000		404,249,000
Loans	-	8,296,000	-	8,296,000
Operations and maintenance	712,019	0,200,000	-	712,019
Research and development	8,125,768	-	-	8,125,768
Other purposes	0,120,100	2,949,000	-	2,949,000
Funds held as permanent investments:	-	2,949,000	-	2,949,000
Nonexpendable		353,220,000		353,220,000
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,757,884)	660,281,000	-	657,523,116
			-	
Total net position	\$ 7,816,196	\$ 2,968,196,000	\$ 344,671	\$ 2,976,356,867



		Major Comp	onen	t Units		Ionmajor Iponent Unit	
	Colorado River Commission		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Ir	vada Capital ovestment orporation	Total
Expenses	\$	67,051,303	\$	1,600,030,000	\$	33,092	\$ 1,667,114,395
Program Revenues							
Charges for services		65,182,858		649,889,000		-	715,071,858
Operating grants and contributions		-		436,873,000		-	436,873,000
Capital grants and contributions		-		10,177,000		-	10,177,000
Total program revenues		65,182,858		1,096,939,000		-	 1,162,121,858
General Revenues							
Unrestricted investment earnings		26,735		162,017,000		694,088	162,737,823
Gain on sale of assets		-		2,815,000		-	2,815,000
Other general revenues		59,652		4,714,000		-	4,773,652
Contributions to permanent funds		-		9,264,000		-	9,264,000
Payments from State of Nevada		-		500,562,000		-	 500,562,000
Total general revenues		86,387		679,372,000		694,088	 680,152,475
Change in net position		(1,782,058)		176,281,000		660,996	175,159,938
Net position, July 1		9,598,254		2,791,915,000		(316,325)	 2,801,196,929
Net position, June 30	\$	7,816,196	\$	2,968,196,000	\$	344,671	\$ 2,976,356,867







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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the State of Nevada (the State) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements, which consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities, including component units that are fiduciary in nature, are reported only in the fund financial statements. Primary government activities are distinguished between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the State's reporting entity includes the "primary government" and its "component units." The primary government includes all funds, departments, agencies, and those authorities that are considered an integral part of the State's activities. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the State's elected officials are financially accountable. The State's component units have a June 30 year-end.

The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either: 1) the ability of the State to impose its will on that organization; or 2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the State. When the State does not appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, GASB requires inclusion in the reporting entity based on financial accountability if: 1) the organization is both fiscally dependent on the State and there is the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the State; or 2) it would be misleading to exclude the organization.

Fiduciary Component Units: The following fiduciary component units are legally separate from the State. The State is financially accountable for these organizations since it appoints the voting majority of the boards and is able to impose its will on them through the ability to remove appointed members of the organization's governing board. Since these component units are fiduciary in nature, they are included only in the fund financial statements with the primary government's fiduciary funds. Therefore, these component units are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Legislators' Retirement System (LRS) and the Judicial Retirement System (JRS) are administered by a sevenmember board appointed by the Governor. PERS is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit public employees' retirement system established to provide a reasonable base income to gualified employees who have been employed by a public employer and whose earning capacities have been removed or substantially impaired by age or disability. LRS is the administrator of a single-employer public employees' defined benefit retirement system established to provide a reasonable base income to Legislators at retirement. JRS is the administrator of an agent multiple-employer public employees' defined benefit retirement system established to provide a reasonable base income to justices of the Supreme Court, district judges, municipal court judges, and justices of the peace at retirement.

The *Retirement Benefits Investment Fund* (RBIF) was created for the sole purpose of providing an investment vehicle for monies belonging to either the State or local government other post employment benefit trust funds. RBIF is administered by the Retirement Benefits Investment Board, which consists of the same members as the Public Employees' Retirement Board.

Blended Component Unit: The Nevada Real Property Corporation (NRPC) is a legally separate organization. The State is financially accountable for NRPC since it appoints the board of directors, and NRPC provides a financial benefit to the State by providing financing services. NRPC was incorporated to finance certain construction projects which include office buildings, a transitional residential facility and a warehouse, all financed by the issuance of certificates of participation. Upon completion of construction, the NRPC leases the facilities to the State. Since the NRPC provides financing services solely to the State, these financial transactions are reported as part of the primary government using the blended method.

Discretely Presented Component Units: A component unit should be included in the reporting entity financial statements using the discrete presentation method if the component unit's governing body is not substantively the same as the governing body of the primary government, the component unit does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the primary government, and the component unit's total debt outstanding is not expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with resources of the primary government. The following discretely presented component units meet these criteria and are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the State.

The *Nevada System of Higher Education* (NSHE) is a legally separate organization consisting of the institutions of public higher education in Nevada, the NSHE Administration entity, and their component units. NSHE is governed by a Board of Regents elected by the voters. NSHE is considered to be fiscally dependent on the primary government since the State can modify and approve their budgets. In addition, NSHE imposes a financial burden on the primary government since the State provides financial support to NSHE through annual operating and capital appropriations.

The *Colorado River Commission* (CRC) is a legally separate organization responsible for managing Nevada's interests in the water and power resources available from the Colorado River. It is governed by seven commissioners, a majority of whom are appointed by the State: four are appointed by the Governor and three are appointed by the board of directors of the Southern Nevada Water Authority. The State is financially accountable for CRC since bonds issued by the CRC are backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Nevada, which creates the potential for a financial burden to the State. CRC provides services to citizens through the distribution and sale of electric power.

The Nevada Capital Investment Corporation (NCIC) is a legally separate organization whose board of directors consists of the State Treasurer, who serves as the chair; five members that are appointed by the primary government; and the Chancellor of NSHE, or his designee. Up to five additional members of the board may be chosen who are direct investors of the corporation. The NCIC is an independent corporation for public benefit, the general purpose of which is to act as a limited partner, shareholder or member to provide private equity funding to businesses located in or seeking to locate in Nevada, and engage in certain industries. The amount invested in the NCIC is not to exceed \$50 million from the State Permanent School Fund. The State is financially accountable for NCIC since it is able to impose its will through veto power by the State Treasurer.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units, with the exception of the *Nevada Real Property Corporation*, which has no other financial activity than that described above, may be obtained at that organization's administrative offices:

Public Employees' Retirement System Carson City, NV Legislators' Retirement System Carson City, NV Judicial Retirement System Carson City, NV Retirement Benefits Investment Fund Carson City, NV



Nevada System of Higher Education Reno, NV Colorado River Commission Las Vegas, NV Nevada Capital Investment Corporation Carson City, NV

Related Organizations: The Governor is responsible for appointing the members of many boards and commissions. The State's accountability for these entities does not extend beyond making the appointments and thus these entities are excluded from this report. The State does not exercise financial or administrative control over the excluded boards and commissions.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements: While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. On the government-wide financial statements, the governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. As discussed earlier, the State has three discretely presented component units which are shown in a single column in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Overhead costs have been removed to minimize the double counting of internal activities, but interfund services provided and used have been retained, as their elimination would distort the measurement of the cost of individual functional activities. Internal activities of a reimbursement type nature reduce the expenses of the reimbursed programs. Certain centralized costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functions and activities. The net amount of interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as internal balances on the government-wide statement of net position. The net amount of transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as transfers on the government-wide statement of activities.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary and blended component units. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The State reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – this is the State's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

State Highway Fund - accounts for the maintenance, regulation, and construction of public highways and is funded through vehicle fuel taxes, federal funds, and other charges.

Municipal Bond Bank Fund - accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with buying local governments' bonds with proceeds of State general obligation bonds.

Permanent School Fund - accounts for certain property and the proceeds derived from such property, escheated estates, and all fines collected under penal laws of the State, which become permanent assets of the fund. All earnings on the assets are to be used for education.

The State reports the following major enterprise funds:

Higher Education Tuition Trust Fund – accounts for the State program to assist Nevada residents in locking in the cost of future higher education expenses for Nevada colleges and universities. This program is financed through the sale of prepaid tuition contracts.

Housing Division Fund - accounts for the State program to assist private lenders in providing low interest housing loans to low- and moderate-income households. This program is financed through the sale of bonds.

Unemployment Compensation Fund - accounts for the payment of unemployment compensation benefits.

Water Projects Loans Fund - accounts for revenues and expenses associated with operating a revolving fund to finance local government pollution control projects, and with operating revolving and set-aside program funds to finance local public water systems' safe drinking water projects.

Additionally, the State reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds - provide goods or services primarily to other agencies or funds of the State rather than to the general public. These goods and services include accounting, communications, information technology, fleet services, personnel, printing, property management, purchasing and risk management. In the government-wide statements, internal service funds are included with governmental activities.

Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds - report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the State's defined benefit pension plans and other post-employment benefit plans. *Investment Trust Funds* - report resources received from local governments that are either pooled in an external investment portfolio for the benefit of all participants or separated into subaccounts of identified investments allocated to specific participating local governments. Examples include the Local Government Investment Pool, the Nevada Enhanced Savings Term and the Retirement Benefits Investment Fund.

Private Purpose Trust Funds - report resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Examples include the Prisoners' Personal Property and the Nevada College Savings Plan.

Agency Funds - report assets and liabilities for deposits and investments entrusted to the State as an agent for others. Examples of funds in this category include state agency fund for bonds, motor vehicle, and child support disbursement.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured, such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; that is, when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The State considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after yearend. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are gaming revenues, sales taxes, other taxes as described in Note 13, interest revenue and charges for services. Fines and permit revenues are not susceptible to accrual because they are generally not measurable until received in cash.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due or when amounts have been accumulated in



the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The proprietary, pension and other employee benefit trust, investment trust, and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Pooled Investments - The State Treasurer manages a cash pool where all temporary surplus cash is invested. These investments are reported on the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet as cash and pooled investments. Earnings from these pooled investments are credited to the General Fund and certain other funds that have specific statutory authority to receive a prorated share based on daily cash balances. Also included in this category is cash held by departments in petty cash funds and in bank accounts outside the Treasurer's cash management pool. The operations and investments of the cash pool are described in Note 3.

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as bank accounts, petty cash, money market demand accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are reported in the Statement of Cash Flows for proprietary fund types.

Investments - Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price at which an asset passes from a willing seller to a willing buyer. It is assumed that both buyer and seller are rational and have a reasonable knowledge of relevant facts. Short-term investments are generally reported at cost, which approximates fair value, except for the shortterm investments of the Nevada College Savings Plan that are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Securities, traded on a national or international exchange, are valued at the last reported sale price of the day. International securities prices incorporate end-of-day exchange rates. The fair value of real estate investments is based on estimated current value, and MAI (Member Appraisal Institute) independent appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

The Local Government Investment Pool, the Nevada Enhanced Savings Term Investment Trust and the Retirement Benefits Investment Fund are reported as investment trust funds. The investments of the Local Government Investment Pool and the Nevada Enhanced Savings Term Investment Trust are subject to the general limitations of NRS 355.170. The investments of the Retirement Benefits Investment Fund are governed by the



prudent person standard, as set forth by NRS 286.682. Security transactions are accounted for on the trade date (the date the order to buy or sell is executed). Interest income is determined on an accrual basis with discounts earned and premiums paid being amortized. Realized gains and losses, if any, on sales of securities are calculated using the amortized cost basis at the date of sale. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. Wells Fargo Trust Operations is the custodian and transfer agent for both the Local Government Investment Pool and the Nevada Enhanced Savings Term Investment Trust funds. The Bank of New York Mellon is the custodian and transfer agent for the Retirement Benefits Investment Fund.

Derivatives are generally valued at quoted market value. Under the circumstance where quoted market values are not considered to be readily available, such derivatives are reported at estimated fair value and the methods and significant assumptions used are described in Note 3D. Investments are discussed further in Note 3.

Receivables - Receivables represent amounts due to the State at June 30, which will be collected sometime in the future. In the government-wide financial statements, a corresponding amount is recorded as revenue. In the governmental fund financial statements, the portions considered "available" (i.e., received by the State within approximately 60 days after year-end) are recorded as revenue; the remainder is recorded as deferred inflows of resources, unavailable revenue. Receivables in proprietary fund types have arisen in the ordinary course of business. All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Significant receivable balances not expected to be collected within one year are presented in Note 4.

Interfund Transactions - The State has two types of interfund transactions:

- 1. Services rendered and employee benefit contributions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures/expenses in the funds involved.
- 2. Operating appropriations and subsidies are accounted for as transfers in the funds involved.

Due from/due to other funds and transfers are presented in Note 5.

Inventories – In general, inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, certain inventories in the General Fund, the Highway Fund, and non-major governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Inventories are stated at cost on the first-in, first-out basis. Inventory items in the governmental funds are offset by nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they will not be converted to cash.

Prepaid Items – Prepaid items reflect payments for costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. Prepaid items in the governmental funds are offset by nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they will not be converted to cash.

Advances to Other Funds - Long-term interfund advances are recorded by the advancing fund as a receivable. These amounts are reported in the nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund to maintain the accountability and to disclose properly the amount available for appropriation. In other governmental funds this amount will be reported in restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances. Repayments are credited to the receivable and corresponding reductions are made in the appropriate fund balance. A summary of interfund advances is presented in Note 5.

Capital Assets and Depreciation - An inventory of Stateowned land, buildings and equipment was developed in 1985. All capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position at historical cost or estimated historical cost, based on acquisition of comparable property or agency records, if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are stated at appraised fair value at the time of donation or estimated fair value at time of donation, based on acquisition of comparable property, if appraised fair value is not available. The government defines capital assets as assets with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more for furniture and equipment, or \$100,000 or more for buildings and improvements, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Interest incurred during construction is only capitalized in proprietary funds.

Most capital assets are depreciated principally on a straightline basis over estimated useful lives of 40 years for structures and 3 to 30 years for improvements, furniture and equipment. The State's significant infrastructure assets utilize the modified approach in which costs to maintain and preserve these assets are expensed and no depreciation expense is recorded. This approach is discussed further in the Required Supplementary Information portion of this report. In the Nevada System of Higher Education, capital assets are defined as assets with an initial unit cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are stated at cost at the date of acquisition or fair value at date of donation in the case of gifts. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of 40 years for buildings, 15 years for land improvements and 3 to 18 years for library books, machinery and equipment. Additional disclosure related to capital assets is provided in Note 7.

Compensated Absences – A liability for compensated absences relating to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specified event is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences relating to



future services or that are contingent on a specified event will be accounted for in the period those services are rendered or those events take place. Proprietary fund types report accrued compensated absences as liabilities in the appropriate funds. Governmental funds report a liability and expenditure for compensated absences only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. Thus no expenditure would be recognized in governmental funds for the unpaid balance of compensated absences for employees still in active service at the end of the reporting period. On the Statement of Net Position, the accrued compensated absences for both proprietary and governmental fund types is reported.

Long-Term Obligations - In the government-wide statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures. Long-Term Obligations are more fully described in Note 9.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources, which represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. An example is the deferred charge on refunding which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources, which represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. An example is unavailable revenue, reported in the governmental funds balance sheet when revenue is measureable but not available. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position/Fund Balance - The difference between fund assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is "Net Position" on the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund statements, and "Fund Balance" on governmental fund statements.

In governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified based primarily on the extent to which the State is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the fund as follows:

- Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as municipal securities, inventories, prepaid amounts and in the General Fund long-term portion of loans/notes receivables) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as the principal of a permanent fund).
- Restricted fund balances have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balances can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Nevada Legislature, through legislation passed into law.
- Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the executive branch.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual amount of the General Fund not included in the four categories above. Also, any deficit fund balances within the other governmental fund types are reported as unassigned.

Each fund has been analyzed for proper classification of fund balance. Funds are created by the Legislature and money is authorized to be transferred to the fund for a particular purpose. Balances in the Legislatively created funds are at least committed, and may be further restricted depending on whether there is an external party, constitutional provision, or enabling legislation constraint involved. Note 12 provides a disaggregation of governmental fund balances, nonspendable, restricted, committed, and unassigned.

Net Position/Fund Balance Flow Assumptions - The State's policy is to spend restricted amounts first when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. Therefore, restricted net position/fund balance is depleted before using unrestricted net position/fund balance. In governmental funds, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, the assumed order of spending is first committed, assigned and then unassigned.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy - NRS 353.213(3) requires that the proposed budget for each fiscal year of the biennium



Stabilization Arrangement – NRS 353.288 provides for the Account to Stabilize the Operation of the State Government (Stabilization Account) in the State General Fund. Additions to the stabilization arrangement are triggered at the end of a fiscal year if the General Fund unrestricted fund balance (budgetary basis) exceeds 7% of General Fund operating appropriations. Forty percent of the excess is deposited to the Stabilization Account, and is classified on the balance sheet as committed for fiscal emergency. Expenditures may occur only if actual revenues for the biennium fall short by 5% or more from anticipated revenues, or if the Legislature and Governor declare that a fiscal emergency exists. The balance in the Stabilization Account committed for fiscal emergency at June 30, 2014 is \$28,061,106.

F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues - In the government-wide statement of activities, program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not meeting the definition of program revenues are instead reported as general revenues.

Property Taxes – Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Property taxes are levied July 1 on property values assessed by the prior January 1. Property tax billings are payable in quarterly installments on the third Monday in August and the first Monday in October, January and March, after which time the bill is delinquent.

Grants – The State participates in various federal award programs which are received in both cash and noncash forms. Grants and other entitlements are recognized as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received within 60 days after yearend. Federal reimbursement type grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received within 60 days after year-end. Certain grants have matching requirements in which the State must contribute a proportionate share of the total costs of a program. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses - Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and

Note 2 - Budgetary and Legal Compliance

Budgetary Process and Control

The Governor must submit his proposed budget for the Executive Branch to the State Legislature not later than 14 calendar days before each regular session, which convenes every odd-numbered year. The presented budget spans the next two fiscal years and contains the detailed budgetary estimates of revenues and expenditures. The Legislature enacts the budget through passage of the General Appropriations Act, which allows expenditures from unrestricted revenues, and the Authorized Expenditures Act, which allows expenditures for specific purposes. Once passed and signed, the budget becomes the State's financial plan for the next two fiscal years.

The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which appropriations are approved and the level at which over-expenditure of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts may not occur without Legislative action, is at the total program level within each department or agency.

Limited budgetary revisions may be made without Legislative action through the following management/administrative procedures. After obtaining the approval of the Governor, or his designee, the Budget Director, Legislative Interim Finance Committee (LIFC) approval is required of those revisions in excess of \$30,000 which have the effect, when taken into consideration with all other changes during the fiscal year, of increasing or decreasing any legislatively approved expenditure level by 10% or \$75,000, whichever is less. Revisions not exceeding this threshold require only Budget Director approval. The LIFC approval is not equivalent to governing body approval, as total appropriations for a program may not be increased except as follows. The Legislature appropriates limited funds to the Contingency Account, in the General Fund, which may be allocated to programs by the LIFC upon recommendation of the Board of Examiners. Allocations totaling \$13,533,722 were made in the 2014 fiscal year. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal

producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal, ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

year unless specific authority to carry forward is granted in the Appropriations Act. Unexpended authorized resources, under the Authorized Expenditures Act, are carried forward for expenditure in the next fiscal period.

Budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds, except for the Nevada Real Property Corporation special revenue fund. In addition, certain activity within such funds may be unbudgeted. The State's budget is prepared principally on a modified accrual basis with the following exceptions:

- 1. Cash placed in petty cash funds or outside bank accounts is considered expended for budgetary purposes.
- 2. Advances to other funds are considered expenditures. Repayments of such advances are considered revenues.
- 3. Certain assets, such as prepaid items, are considered expended for budgetary purposes. Inventory is an expenditure for budgetary purposes. Certain unearned revenue is considered revenue for budgetary purposes.
- 4. Expenditures are only recognized if the liability is liquidated within 45 days after the fiscal year end.
- 5. Revenue from grants is only recognized when it is received in cash.
- 6. Encumbrances for goods or services not received by fiscal year end are considered an expenditure of the current period if received and paid within 45 days.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule is presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) in this report. Actual amounts in this schedule are presented on a budgetary basis. Because this basis differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), a reconciliation between the budgetary and GAAP basis is presented in the RSI.



Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

The Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) and Nevada Administrative Code, as well as procedures approved by the State Board of Finance, govern deposits and investing activities for the primary government and its discretely presented component units which are not expressly required by law to be received and kept by another party. NRS 226.110(3) further requires that the Office of the State Treasurer shall establish the policies to be followed in the investment of money of the State of Nevada.

A. Deposits

Primary Government, Private Purpose Trust, Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust, and Investment Trust Funds -The State minimizes its custodial credit risk by legislation establishing a program to monitor a collateral pool for public deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the State's deposits may not be recovered. The NRS direct the Office of the State Treasurer to deposit funds into any state, or national bank, credit union or savings and loan association covered by federal depository insurance. For those deposits over and above the federal depository insurance maximum balance, sufficient collateral must be held by the financial institution to protect the State of Nevada against loss. The pooled collateral for deposits program maintains a 102% pledged collateral for all public deposits. As of June 30, 2014, the bank balance of the primary government, private purpose trust, pension and other employee benefit trust, and investment trust funds totaled \$338,984,492, of which \$11,621,357 was uncollateralized and uninsured.

Component Units - Cash and cash equivalents of the Nevada System of Higher Education (NSHE) are stated at cost, which approximates market, and consist of deposits in money market funds, which are not federally insured, and cash in the bank. At June 30, 2014 NSHE's deposits in money market funds totaled \$208,105,000 and cash in bank was \$5,714,000. Of these balances, \$250,000 are covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC); the remaining deposits are uncollateralized and uninsured.

B. Investments

NRS 355.140 details the types of securities in which the State may invest. In general, authorized investments include: certificates of deposit, asset-backed securities, bankers' acceptances and commercial paper, collateralized mortgage obligations, corporate notes, municipal bonds, money market mutual funds whose policies meet the criteria set forth in the statute, United States treasury securities, and specific securities implicitly guaranteed by the federal government. Additionally, the State may invest in limited types of repurchase agreements; however, statutes generally prohibit the State from entering into reverse-repurchase agreements. The



State's Permanent School Fund is further limited by statute as to the types of investments in which it may invest (NRS 355.060). Cash and Investments are also discussed in Note 1 under Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance.

The State Board of Finance reviews the State's investment policies at least every four months. The Board is comprised of the Governor, the State Controller, the State Treasurer and two members appointed by the governor, one of which must be actively engaged in commercial banking in the State.

Investments held in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), Retirement Benefits Investment Fund (RBIF), and Nevada Enhanced Savings Term (NVEST) are specifically identifiable investment securities and are included in the following tables. LGIP, RBIF, and NVEST are investment trust funds and discussed further in Note 1, Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/ Fund Balance. LGIP and NVEST are governed by the Nevada State Board of Finance and administered by the Nevada State Treasurer. Complete financial statements for LGIP and NVEST may be obtained from the State Treasurer's Office, 101 N. Carson Street, Suite 4, Carson City, NV 89701. RBIF is administered by the Retirement Benefits Investment Board. The audited financial statements of RBIF may be obtained from the Public Employees' Retirement System, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, Nevada 89703.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Primary Government, Private Purpose Trust, Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust, and Investment Trust Funds -The State minimizes interest rate risk by maintaining an effective duration of less than 1.5 years and holding at least 25% of the portfolio's total market value in securities with a maturity of 12 months or less. However, the benchmark used by the State Treasurer to determine whether competitive market yields are being achieved is the 90 day U.S. Treasury Bill's average over the previous three month period (Rolling 90 day T-Bill). Investment policies for the pension and other employee benefit trust funds authorize all securities within the Barclays Aggregate Index benchmark. If securities are purchased outside the Barclays Aggregate Index, they must be of investment grade rating by at least two of the following: Moody's, Standard & Poor's or Fitch (BBB- or better by Standard & Poor's/Fitch, Baa3 or better by Moody's) except those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies. The following table provides information about the interest rate risks associated with the State's investments as of June 30, 2014 (expressed in thousands):

	Maturities in Years									
	Fair Value	Fair Value Less Than 1		6-10	More Than 10					
U. S. Treasury securities	\$ 3,515,491	\$ 264,464	\$ 2,380,729	\$ 504,485	\$ 365,813					
Negotiable certificate of deposit	25,000	25,000	-	-	-					
U. S. agencies	5,099,659	1,284,779	631,568	224,495	2,958,817					
Mutual funds	100,806	100,806	-	-	-					
Asset backed corporate securities	522,285	180,955	181,124	144,795	15,411					
Corporate bonds and notes	2,865,256	79,680	1,242,885	752,864	789,827					
Commercial paper	65,242	65,242	-	-	-					
Fixed income securities	27,549	27,549	-	-	-					
International investments	332,555	2,000	165,522	75,312	89,721					
Municipal bonds	666,026	34,983	82,612	78,743	469,688					
Investment agreements	1,513	-	-	-	1,513					
Other short-term investments	1,109,276	1,106,724	2,552	-	-					
Collateralized mortgage obligations	236,752	26,413	33,794	18,355	158,190					
Other investments	253	253		-						
Total	\$ 14,567,663	\$ 3,198,848	\$ 4,720,786	\$ 1,799,049	\$ 4,848,980					

The Nevada College Savings Plan, a private purpose trust, currently has no formal investment policy with regard to interest rate risk for the investments. The mutual funds held by Vanguard, USAA, Upromise, and Putnam have various maturities from 36 days to 12 years and are not included in the table above.

Component Units – The Nevada System of Higher Education's (NSHE) policy for reducing its exposure to interest rate risk is to have an average investment life of at least two years for fixed income securities within both the endowment and operating investment pools. With regard to the trusts included in endowment investments, NSHE is not the trustee of these investments and, therefore, currently has no policies with regard to interest rate risk for these investments. Investments having interest rate risk are principally invested in mutual funds and private commingled funds. The following table provides the segmented time distribution for these investments at June 30, 2014 (expressed in thousands):



Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the State of Nevada.

Primary Government, Private Purpose Trust, Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust, and Investment Trust Funds -NRS 355.140, the State Treasurer's investment policy, and investment policies of the pension and other employee benefit trust and investment trust funds all address credit risk. A summary of the policies is presented as follows:

- Commercial paper, Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, and Bankers' Acceptances are rated by a nationally recognized rating service as "A-1," "P-1" or its equivalent, or better,
- Notes, bonds and other unconditional obligations issued by corporations in the U.S. and municipal bonds (effective September 2011) are rated by a nationally recognized rating service as "A" or its equivalent, or better,
- Money market mutual funds are SEC registered 2(A)7 and rated by a nationally recognized rating service as "AAA" or its equivalent,
- Collateralized mortgage obligations and assetbacked securities are rated by a nationally recognized rating service as "AAA" or its equivalent,
- Repurchase agreements with banks or registered broker-dealers provided the agreement is collateralized by 102% with U.S. Treasuries or U.S. government agency securities on a delivery basis.

In addition to the above provisions, investment policies for the pension and other employee benefit trust funds allow investment in corporate bonds, assets-related instruments, and foreign debt issued in the U.S. rated by at least two of the following: Moody's, Standard & Poor's, or Fitch (BBB- or better by Standard & Poor's/Fitch, Baa3 or better by Moody's). The Nevada College Savings Plan, a private purpose trust, currently has no formal investment policy with regard to credit risk for the investments. Investments having credit risk are included in the table below.

The State's investments as of June 30, 2014 were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization, and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale (at fair value, expressed in thousands):

	Quality Rating							
	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	BB	В	Unrated	
Negotiable certificate of deposit	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	
U.S. agencies	32,706	3,221,894	850,831	390	-	-	819,186	
Mutual funds	100,806	-	-	-	-	-	13,955,127	
Asset backed corporate securities	125,017	161,969	163,426	7,259	597	401	13,358	
Corporate bonds and notes	92,328	435,843	1,199,521	1,084,766	7,576	-	35,200	
Commerical paper	-	-	65,242	-	-	-	-	
Fixed income securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,484	
International investments	91,650	36,051	48,797	109,456	-	-	46,600	
Municipal bonds	-	666,026	-	-	-	-	-	
Investment agreements	-	-	947	566	-	-	-	
Other short-term investments	82,940	9,302	54,497	-	-	-	1,045,403	
Collateralized mortgage obligations	64,423	62,212	22,300	30,701	2,300	-	52,600	
Total	\$ 589,870	\$4,593,297	\$2,430,561	\$1,233,138	\$10,473	\$ 401	\$15,994,958	

As of June 30, 2014, the State of Nevada held debt obligations of Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. On September 14, 2008, Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. declared bankruptcy. The State recovered \$13.6 million from the bankruptcy proceedings. On July 14, 2014, the State sold its share of the bonds for an additional \$10 million. However, debt obligations of Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. held by the State were marked to market at June 30, 2014.

Component Unit – The NSHE's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to maintain a weighted average credit rating of AA or better, and never below A, for investments with credit risk within both the endowment and operating investment pools. With regard to the trusts included in endowment investments, NSHE is not the trustee of these investments and therefore, it currently has no policies with regard to credit risk for these investments. The credit risk profile for NSHE operating and endowment investments at June 30, 2014 is as follows (at fair value, expressed in thousands):

	Unrated
Mutual funds publicly traded	\$ 637,712
Partnerships	87,180
Endowment cash/cash equivalents	1,068
Trust(s)	6,024
Private commingled funds	101,970
Total	\$ 833,954

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The NRS 355.140, 355.060, and the State Treasurer's investment policy limit the investing in any one issuer to 5% of the total par value of the portfolio, with the exception of the Housing Division and the Investment Trust Funds. At June 30, 2014, the following investments exceeded 5% of the Primary Government and Investment Trust Funds' total investments (expressed in thousands):

	Fair Value	Percentage
Primary government		
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 868,694	25.49%
So Nevada Water Authority	196,035	5.75%
Investment Trust Funds		
Federal Home Loan Bank	285,950	25.03%
Federal National Mortgage Assoc	94,045	8.23%

At June 30, 2014, the following investments exceeded 5% of the Higher Education Tuition Trust's total investments (expressed in thousands):

	Fa	ir Value	Percentage
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp- U.S. Agency Coupon Security	\$	14,551	7.58%
Federal National Mortgage Association- Asset-Backed Mortgage Security		11,932	6.22%

The Housing Division currently places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer provided their ratings are in the highest two general rating categories. However, the Housing Division monitors rating changes on all issuers. If warranted, more concentrated investments may have to be diluted to alternative investment providers. As of June 30, 2014, the Housing Division's investments in Fannie Mae and Ginnie Mae are 1.08% and 54.61% respectively, of the Housing Division's total investments. The Fannie Mae and Ginnie Mae investments are in mortgage backed securities matched to the interest rate and maturity of the underlying bonds. Because such investments are matched to concomitant liabilities, the Housing Division is less concerned about a concentration risk on these investments.

Component Unit - The Nevada Capital Investment Corporation (NCIC) owns 99% equity interest in Silver State Opportunities Fund LLC (SSOF), a Nevada limited liability company, for the purpose of obtaining income. At June 30, 2014 the investment in equity interest of SSOF exceeded 5% of NCIC's total investments.

Foreign Currency Risk: Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit.

Primary Government, Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds, and Investment Trust Funds - The primary government does not have a policy regarding foreign currency risk; however, the State Treasurer's office does not have any deposits or investments in foreign currency. The PERS, LRS, JRS, and RBIF do have foreign currency policies for deposit and investments, which may be used for portfolio diversification and hedging. Highly speculative positions in currency are not permitted. LRS and JRS had no exposure to foreign currency risk as of June 30, 2014. The following table summarizes the pension and investment trust funds' exposure to foreign currency risk in U.S. dollars as of June 30, 2014 (expressed in thousands):

	Equity		Derivatives		Cash	Total		
Australian Dollar	\$ 486,735	\$	400	\$	802	\$	487,937	
British Pound Sterling	1,351,838		(2,100)		6,232		1,355,970	
Danish Krone	93,543		-		-		93,543	
Euro	1,958,548		-		8,537		1,967,085	
Hong Kong Dollar	177,994		200		1,215		179,409	
Israeli Shekel	32,658		-		103		32,761	
Japanese Yen	1,273,744		900		475		1,275,119	
Norwegian Krone	8,666		-		1		8,667	
Polish Zloty	54,442		-		401		54,843	
Singapore Dollar	88,402		100		609		89,111	
Swedish Krona	191,929		200		203		192,332	
Swiss Franc	 567,303		300		102		567,705	
Total	\$ 6,285,802	\$	-	\$	18,680	\$	6,304,482	

Private Purpose Trust Fund - The Nevada College Savings Plan, a private purpose trust, currently has no formal investment policy with regard to foreign currency risk for the investments. The Plan consists of Vanguard College Savings Plan, USAA College Savings Plan, Upromise College Fund Plan, and Putnam for America Plan which all state that there are certain inherent risks involved when investing in international securities through mutual funds that are not present with investments in domestic securities, such as foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, adverse political and economic developments, natural disasters and possible prevention or delay of currency exchange due to foreign governmental laws or restrictions. The investments held in Putnam for America Plan consist of the portfolios managed and sponsored by Putnam Investment Management, Putnam Mutual Funds, and non-Putnam Mutual Funds. Both mutual funds pose no foreign currency risk. The following table summarizes foreign currency risk for the GAA portfolios in U.S. dollars as of June 30, 2014 (expressed in thousands):



Component Unit - The NSHE does not directly invest in foreign currency investments and is therefore not subject to

foreign currency risk. However, it has \$235,603,000 in mutual funds in both the operating and endowment pools that are primarily invested in international equities at June 30, 2014.

C. Securities Lending

Primary Government and Investment Trust Funds - NRS 355.135 authorizes the State Treasurer to lend securities from the investment portfolio of the State if collateral received from the borrower is at least 102% of market value of the underlying securities and the value of the securities borrowed is determined on a daily basis. There were no securities on loan at June 30, 2014 (excluding PERS).

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) – The system also maintains a securities lending program under the authority of the "prudent person" standard of NRS 286.682. Securities loaned under this program consist of U.S. Treasury Obligations, corporate fixed income securities, international fixed income securities, equity securities, and international equity securities. Collateral received consists of cash and securities issued by the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities. Collateral received for the lending of U.S. securities must equal at least 102% of market value, plus accrued interest in the case of fixed income securities. Collateral received for the lending of international securities must equal at least 105% of market value, plus accrued interest in the case of fixed income securities.

At year-end, PERS has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the associated value of the collateral held exceeds the value of the securities borrowed. PERS has no discretionary authority to sell or pledge collateral received or securities loaned. The contract with the securities lending agent requires the agent to indemnify PERS for all losses relating to securities lending transactions. There were no losses resulting from borrower default during the period nor were there any recoveries of prior period losses.

PERS may only loan up to 33 1/3% of its total portfolio. Either PERS or the borrower can terminate all securities loans on demand. In September 2013 the Board elected to allow only overnight repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. government obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities within the reinvestment portfolio. This action effectively eliminated risk in securities lending collateral reinvestment portfolio since securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government are considered to be free of credit risk. The maturities of the investments made with cash collateral generally do not match the maturities of the securities loaned because securities lending transactions can be terminated at will.

The fair value of underlying securities on loan at June 30, 2014 is \$1,524,913,444. Collateral received for outstanding securities lending arrangements consisted of cash in the amount of \$541,523,662 and non-cash in the amount of \$1,023,419,860. The cash collateral is reported on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as an asset with a related liability. At June 30, 2014, PERS has collateral consisting of cash and securities issued by the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities, in excess of the market value of investments held by brokers/dealers under a securities lending agreement.

D. Derivatives

Primary Government – The Office of the State Treasurer's investment policies do not contain any specific language regarding derivatives other than prohibiting certain types of derivatives such as option contracts, futures contracts, and swaps in the General Portfolios and the Local Government Investment Pool effective June 2012 and September 2011 respectively. The primary government has no exposure to derivatives as of June 30, 2014.

Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds, and Investment Trust Funds - The PERS, LRS, JRS, and RBIF have exposure to derivatives as of June 30, 2014. Furthermore, the State Retirees' Health and Welfare Benefits Fund, an other employee benefit trust fund, has investments held with the RBIF. Foreign exchange forward contracts are periodically employed by PERS, LRS, JRS, and RBIF to hedge currency risk of investments in foreign currencies. No other derivatives are permitted within these portfolios. Generally, derivatives are subject both to market risk and to counterparty risk. The derivatives utilized typically have no greater market risk than their physical counterparts and, in many cases, are offset by exposures elsewhere in the portfolios. Counterparty risk, the risk that the "other party" to a contract will default, is managed by careful screening of counterparties. Derivative securities are priced and accounted for at fair value. Foreign exchange forward contracts are valued at the price at which the transaction could be settled by offsets in the forward markets. The PERS, LRS, JRS, and RBIF's derivative transactions for fiscal year 2014 are summarized in the following table (expressed in thousands):

					Total
		Realized		Realized	Realized
	Purchases	Gain (Loss)	Sells	Gain (Loss)	Gain (Loss)
Australian Dollar	\$ 117,739	\$ 922	\$ (51,713)	\$ 375	\$ 1,297
British Pound Sterling	101,838	(19)	(248,569)	(442)	(461)
Canadian Dollar	13,638	34	(90,699)	76	110
Danish Krone	27,728	(23)	(44,640)	58	35
Euro	182,468	(257)	(976,026)	2,585	2,328
Hong Kong Dollar	20,216	2	(9,530)	(2)	-
Israeli Shekel	8,949	1	(2,814)	45	46
Japanese Yen	402,610	(357)	(775,234)	6,154	5,797
Malaysian Ringgit	-	-	(5,281)	11	11
Mexican New Peso	1,632	(7)	(17,545)	90	83
New Zealand Dollar	2,695	10	(410)	2	12
Norwegian Krone	13,643	47	(69,509)	47	94
Polish Zloty	1,302	9	(13,478)	40	49
S African Comm Rand	3,644	(26)	(12,216)	(28)	(54)
Singapore Dollar	3,148	-	(20,861)	62	62
Swedish Krona	39,685	(74)	(21,454)	(137)	(211)
Swiss Franc	71,394	(210)	(89,690)	220	10
Total	\$ 1,012,329	\$ 52	\$ (2,449,669)	\$ 9,156	\$ 9,208



The PERS derivative pending transactions as of June 30, 2014, are summarized in the following table (expressed in thousands):

Management believes that it is unlikely that any of the derivatives in the portfolios could have a material adverse effect on their financial condition. In addition, the credit, market, or legal risks are not above and beyond those risks apparent by the nature of the type of investment for any of the securities contained within the portfolios.

Private Purpose Trust Fund - Certain investments in the Nevada College Savings Plan are managed by Putnam Investment Management through Putnam sponsored portfolios (the Portfolios) and mutual funds. The Portfolios use seven types of derivatives: futures contracts, forward currency contracts, OTC (over-the-counter) total return swap contracts, OTC and CC (centrally cleared) interest rate swap contracts, and OTC and centrally cleared credit default contracts. Currently, there is no written investment policy with regard to derivatives for the Portfolios. All seven types of derivatives are considered investments. The fair value amount in the table below represents the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from derivative instruments and is reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The net increase (decrease) in fair value is reported as investment income on the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The Portfolios' investment derivative instruments as of June 30, 2014, and changes in fair value for the year then ended are summarized in the following table (expressed in thousands):

N	otional	Fair	· Value		nge in Value
\$	-	\$	-	\$	143
	8,397		28		28
	15,861		(6)		4
	868		33		87
	18,220		248		248
	48,648		(181)		163
	-		31		168
\$	91,994	\$	153	\$	841
	N Ai	8,397 15,861 868 18,220 48,648	Notional Fair Amounts \$ \$ - \$,397 \$ 15,861 868 18,220 48,648	Notional Amounts Fair Value \$ - \$ 8,397 28 15,861 (6) 868 33 18,220 248 48,648 (181)	Notional Amounts Fair Value Fair Value Cha Fair Fair Fair Fair Fair Fair Fair Fai

The Portfolios use futures contracts to manage interest rate risk, gain exposure to interest rates, manage prepayment risk, equitize cash, and manage exposure to market risk. The potential risk is that the change in value of futures contracts may not correspond to the change in value of the managed instruments. In addition, losses may arise from changes in the value of the underlying instruments if there is an illiquid secondary market for the contracts, if interest or exchange rates move unexpectedly, or if the counterparty to the contract is unable to perform. Futures contracts are valued at the quoted daily settlement prices established by the exchange on which they trade. Risks may exceed amounts recognized on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The Portfolios and the broker agree to exchange an amount of cash equal to the daily fluctuation in the value of the futures contract. Such receipts or payments are known as "variation margin."

The Portfolios buy and sell forward currency contracts, which are agreements between two parties to buy and sell currencies at a set price on a future date. These contracts are used to manage foreign exchange risk and to gain exposure on currency. The contract is marked to market daily using current forward currency exchange rates supplied by a quotation service. The Portfolios may be exposed to risk if the value of currency changes unfavorably, if the counterparties to the contracts are unable to meet the terms of their contracts or if the Portfolios are unable to enter into a closing position. Risk of loss may exceed amounts recognized on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

The Portfolios entered into OTC total return swap contracts, which are arrangements to exchange a market linked return for a periodic payment, both based on a notional principal amount, to manage sector exposure, manage exposure to specific sectors or industries, manage exposure to credit risk, and gain exposure to specific markets or countries. To the extent that the total return of the security, index or other financial measure underlying the transaction exceeds or falls short of the offsetting interest rate obligation, the Portfolios will receive a payment from or make a payment to the counterparty. OTC total return swap contracts are marked to market daily based upon quotations from an independent pricing service or market makers. The Portfolios could be exposed to credit or market risk due to unfavorable changes in the fluctuation of interest rates

or the price of the underlying security or index, the possibility that there is no liquid market for these agreements or that the counterparty may default on its obligation to perform. The Portfolios' maximum risk of loss from counterparty risk is the fair value of the contract. This risk may be mitigated by having a master netting arrangement between the Portfolios and the counterparty. Risk of loss may exceed amounts recognized on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

The Portfolios entered into OTC and/or centrally cleared interest rate swap contracts to manage interest rate risk and to gain exposure on interest. OTC and centrally cleared interest rate swap contracts are marked to market daily based upon quotations from an independent pricing service or market makers. The Portfolios could be exposed to credit or market risk due to unfavorable changes in the fluctuation of interest rates or if the counterparty defaults, in the case of OTC interest rate contracts, or the central clearing agency or a clearing member defaults, in the case of centrally cleared interest rate swap contracts, on its respective obligation to perform. This risk may be mitigated for OTC interest rate swap contracts by having a master netting arrangement between the Portfolios and the counterparty and for centrally cleared interest rate swap contracts through the daily exchange of variation margin. There is minimal counterparty risk with respect to centrally cleared interest rate swap contracts due to the clearinghouse guarantee fund and other resources that are available in the event of a clearing member default. Risk of loss may exceed amounts recognized on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

The Portfolios entered into OTC and/or centrally cleared credit default contracts to manage credit risk and market risk, and gain exposure on individual names and/or baskets of securities. In an OTC and centrally cleared credit default contracts, the protection buyer typically makes a periodic stream of payments to a counterparty, the protection seller, in exchange for the right to receive a contingent payment upon the occurrence of a credit event on the reference obligation or all other equally ranked obligations of the reference entity. Credit events are contract specific but may include bankruptcy, failure to pay, restructuring and obligation acceleration. The OTC and

centrally cleared credit default contracts are marked to market daily based upon quotations from an independent pricing service or market makers. In addition to bearing the risk that the credit event will occur, the Portfolios could be exposed to market risk due to unfavorable changes in interest rates or in the price of the underlying security or index or the possibility that it may be unable to close out its position at the same time or at the same price as if it had purchased the underlying reference obligations. In certain circumstances, the Portfolios may enter into offsetting OTC and centrally cleared credit default contracts which could mitigate their risk of loss. Risk of loss may exceed amounts recognized on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The Portfolios' maximum risk of loss from counterparty risk, either as the protection seller or as the protection buyer, is the fair value of the contract. This risk may be mitigated for OTC credit default contracts by having a master netting arrangement between the Portfolios and the counterparty and for centrally cleared credit default contracts through the daily exchange of the variation margin. Counterparty risk is further mitigated with respect to centrally cleared credit default contracts due to the clearinghouse guarantee fund and other resources that are available in the event of a clearing member default. Where the Portfolios are a seller of protection, the maximum potential amount of future payments it may be required to make is equal to the notional amount.

Derivative instruments held by the Portfolios were not individually rated by a ratings agency for the reporting period. With futures, there is minimal counterparty credit risk to the Portfolios since futures are exchange traded and the exchange's clearinghouse, as counterparty to all exchange traded futures, guarantees the futures against default. Centrally cleared contracts are not considered brokered contracts and have mitigated risks.

Derivative instruments are subject to interest rate risk. Prices of longer term maturities generally change more in response to interest rate changes than the prices of shorter term maturities. The following table provides information about the interest rate risks associated with the types of investment derivative instruments as of June 30, 2014 (expressed in thousands):

	Maturities in Years										
	Less than 1		1-5 6-10		Greater than 10) Tota				
CC Interest Rate Swap Contracts	\$	-	\$	9	\$		23	\$	(4)	\$	28
OTC Total Return Swap Contracts		(6)		-			-		-		(6)
OTC Credit Default Contracts		-		-			-		33		33
CC Credit Default Contracts		-		248			-		-		248
Forward Currency Contracts		(181)		-			-		-		(181)
Futures Contracts		31		-			-		-		31
Total	\$	(156)	\$	257	\$		23	\$	29	\$	153

The Portfolios' investments in foreign securities are subject to foreign currency risk. The following table provides information about the foreign exchange contracts from open/pending forward contracts as of June 30, 2014 (expressed in thousands):

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			Fo	rward	Currency Co	ntracts			
	Buy	Fair	Value		Sell	Fa	air Value	Total F	air Value
Australian Dollar	\$ 2,059	\$	36	\$	3,759	\$	(68)	\$	(32)
Brazilian Real	2,432		31		1,628		(3)		28
British Pound	1,375		23		2,482		(49)		(26)
Canadian Dollar	2,090		58		3,082		(104)		(46)
Chilean Peso	195		(2)		305		(6)		(8)
Columbian Peso	204		10		203		(7)		3
Czech Koruna	122		1		122		(1)		-
Danish Krone	-		-		116		(1)		(1)
Euro	493		3		5,626		(34)		(31)
Hong Kong Dollar	-		-		134		-		-
Hungarian Forint	-		-		110		1		1
Indian Rupee	617		(4)		-		-		(4)
Indonesian Rupiah	230		(5)		230		2		(3)
Japanese Yen	553		4		4,301		(53)		(49)
Mexican Peso	783		9		458		-		9
New Taiwan Dollar	-		-		346		(2)		(2)
New Zealand Dollar	3,470		77		2,041		(47)		30
Norwegian Krone	2,733		(46)		589		8		(38)
Polish Zloty	118		1		-		-		1
Singapore Dollar	-		-		408		(3)		(3)
South African Rand	114		(3)		227		(1)		(4)
South Korean Won	552		10		-		-		10
Swedish Krona	621		(4)		2,624		(1)		(5)
Swiss Franc	28		-		816		(10)		(10)
Thai Baht	126		(1)		126		-		(1)
Total	\$ 18,915	\$	198	\$	29,733	\$	(379)	\$	(181)

At the end of the reporting period the Portfolios had the following foreign currency exposure (expressed in thousands):

	For	eign
	Cur	rency
Japanese Yen	\$	3
New Taiwan Dollar		16
Total	\$	19

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivable balances are disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements. Significant receivable balances not expected to be collected within one year and not already classified in the fund financials are presented below (expressed in thousands):

	 Major	Funds		
	General		manent ool Fund	Total
As shown on financial statements: Intergovernmental receivables	\$ 348,552	\$	357	\$ 348,909
Notes/loans receivable Due from Component Unit	 16,267 211		- 5,403	 16,267 5,614
Total Classified:	\$ 365,030	\$	5,760	\$ 370,790
Current portion Noncurrent portion:	\$ 342,325	\$	357	\$ 342,682
Intergovernmental receivables Notes/loans receivable Due from Component Unit	7,794 14,911 -		- 5,403	 7,794 14,911 5,403
Total noncurrent portion	 22,705		5,403	 28,108
Total	\$ 365,030	\$	5,760	\$ 370,790

Not included in the receivable balances are amounts considered to be uncollectible. In the governmental funds, uncollectible taxes receivable are estimated at \$41.0 million, and uncollectible accounts receivable are estimated at \$115.5 million. The proprietary funds have \$66.2 million in uncollectible accounts receivable of which \$15.3 million are from uninsured employers' fines and penalties, and \$42.7 million are from unemployment contributions and benefit overpayments.



Note 5 - Interfund Transactions

A. Interfund Advances

A summary of interfund advances at June 30, 2014, follows (expressed in thousands):

Nonmajor <u>General</u> Governmental Tot vances To	
vances To	al
nmajor enterprise \$ 248 \$ - \$	248
ernal service <u>2,927</u> <u>904</u>	3,831
tal other funds \$ 3,175 \$ 904 \$	4,079

Interfund advances are the portions of interfund balances that are *not* expected to be repaid within one year. The interfund balances that are expected to be repaid within one year are shown in the Due From/Due To summary below.

Advances are generally made to finance capital expenditures or as a loan for operating purposes.

B. Due From/Due To Other Funds and Component Units

A summary of due from and due to other funds and component units at June 30, 2014, is shown below (expressed in thousands):

			Ма	jor Gover	nmenta		Due To	-			
	G	Seneral		State ighway		icipal I Bank		manent chool	onmajor ernmental	Gov	Total ernmental
Due From				. <u>g</u>					 		
Major Governmental Funds: General State Highway Permanent School Fund	\$	1,931 2,025	\$	2,301	\$	1 - -	\$	30 - -	\$ 12,935 17 -	\$	15,267 1,948 2,025
Nonmajor governmental		31,890		3,883				-	 3,048		38,821
Total Governmental		35,846		6,184		1		30	 16,000		58,061
Major Enterprise Funds: Housing Division Unemployment Comp Water Projects Loans Higher Ed Tuition Trust		108 		- - -				- - -	495 2 -		108 495 284 5,046
Nonmajor enterprise		2,470		6		-		-	-		2,476
Total Enterprise		7,906		6		-		-	497		8,409
Internal Service		932		139		-		-	166		1,237
Total other funds	\$	44,684	\$	6,329	\$	1	\$	30	\$ 16,663	\$	67,707
Fiduciary Component Units:	\$	371	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 865	\$	1,236
Colorado River Commission Nevada System of	\$	28	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	28
Higher Éducation Nevada Capital Investment		183		2		-		-	1		186
Corporation		-		-		-		5,403	 -		5,403
Total Component Units	\$	211	\$	2	\$	-	\$	5,403	\$ 1	\$	5,617

								Du	ie To									
				Major En	terprise	Funds												
	Hou	ising	Unem	ployment	Wate	er Projects	Hig	gher Ed	Nor	nmajor		Total	1	nternal		Total		
	Divi	ision	Comp	ensation		Loans	Tuit	ion Trust	Ent	erprise	En	terprise	5	Service	Oth	ner Funds	Fi	duciary
Due From Major Governmental Funds:																		
General	s	74	\$	-	\$	318	\$	9	\$	978	\$	1,379	\$	4,663	\$	21,309	\$	500.920
State Highway	Ŧ	-	•	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	•	-	*	-	•	571	Ť	2,519	•	815
Permanent School Fund		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,025		
Nonmajor governmental		-		3,433		1		-		15		3,449		199		42,469		6
Total Governmental		74		3,433		319	-	9		993		4,828		5,433		68,322		501,74
Major Enterprise Funds:																		
Housing Division Unemployment Comp		-		-		-		-		-		-		4		112 495		
Water Projects Loans		-				-		-		-		-		- 1		285		
Higher Ed Tuition Trust		-		-		-		-		1		1		2		5,049		
Nonmajor enterprise		-		-		-		-		3		3		79		2,558		10
Total Enterprise		-		-		-		-		4		4		86		8,499		10
Internal Service		-		-		-		-		2		2		270		1,509		1;
Total other funds	\$	74	\$	3,433	\$	319	\$	9	\$	999	\$	4,834	\$	5,789	\$	78,330	\$	501,854
Fiduciary	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15	\$	15	\$	2,997	\$	4,248	\$	30,657
Component Units:																		
Colorado River Commission	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16	\$	44	\$	-
Nevada System of Higher Education		-		-		-		-		-		-		162		348		2,53
Nevada Capital Investment Corporation		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		5.403		
Total Component Units	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	178	\$	5,795	\$	2,53

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		Due To Component Units							
	Colora Comr	Nevad	a System of r Education	Total Component Units					
Due From									
lajor Governmental Funds:									
General	\$	48	\$	14,148	\$	14,196			
State Highway		-		1,029		1,029			
Ionmajor governmental		27		12,159		12,186			
otal Governmental Funds		75		27,336		27,411			
nternal Service		-		33		33			
otal	\$	75	\$	27,369	\$	27,444			

The balances result primarily from timing differences between the date goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenses occur, and the date the transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payment is made.


C. Transfers From/Transfers To Other Funds

A summary of transfers between funds for the year ended June 30, 2014, is shown below (expressed in thousands):

							Out/To				
		N	Aajor Gove	rnme	ntal Funds	5		-			
	General		State Highway		inicipal nd Bank		rmanent School		onmajor ernmental	Gov	Total vernmental
Transfers In/From											
Major Governmental Funds:											
General	\$	- 5	\$ 6,554	\$	-	\$	1,655	\$	97,797	\$	106,006
State Highway	53	7	-		-		-		3,435		3,972
Nonmajor governmental	25,90	0	1,168		26,280		-		12,050		65,398
Total Governmental	26,43	7	7,722		26,280		1,655		113,282		175,376
Major Enterprise Funds:											
Housing	9	9	-		-		-		-		99
Unemployment Comp		-	-		-		-		7,615		7,615
Higher Ed Tuition Trust	2,33	4	-		-		-		-		2,334
Total Enterprise	2,43	3	-		-		-		7,615		10,048
Internal Service	1,92	9	554		_		-		-		2,483
Total other funds	\$ 30,79	9 5	\$ 8,276	\$	26,280	\$	1,655	\$	120,897	\$	187,907

					Tra	nsfers Out	/To					
		Major Ente	rprise Fu	nd								
	Unemp	oloyment	Wate	r Projects	No	onmajor		Total	Inte	rnal		Total
	Comp	ensation	L	.oans	En	terprise	En	terprise	Ser	vice	Oth	ner Funds
Transfers In/From												
Major Governmental Funds:	•			4 400	•	10.000	•	10.000	•		•	
General	\$	-	\$	1,432	\$	12,368	\$	13,800	\$	-	\$	119,806
State Highway Nonmajor governmental		- 2,937		-		-		- 2,937		- 80		3,972 68,415
Total Governmental	-	2,937		1,432		12,368		16,737		80		192,193
		2,937		1,432		12,300		10,757		00		192,193
Major Enterprise Funds: Housing												99
Unemployment Comp				_		_				-		7,615
Higher Ed Tuition Trust		-		-		-		-		-		2,334
Nonmajor enterprise		-		-		14		14		-		14
Total Enterprise		-		-		14		14		-		10,062
nternal Service		-		-		-		-		-		2,483
Fotal other funds	\$	2,937	\$	1,432	\$	12,382	\$	16,751	\$	80	\$	204,738

The general purpose for transfers is to move monies from funds required by statute to collect them to the funds required by statute or budget to expend them, and to move monies collected for debt service purposes to the debt service fund required to make the payment. An exception was a transfer of \$49 million from the Attorney General Settlement Fund, a nonmajor special revenue fund to the General Fund for the Nevada Home Retention Program.

In addition, the Nevada Legislature approved appropriations for the support of the Nevada System of Higher Education (NSHE), a component unit. Net payments to NSHE of \$501 million are reported as education and support service expenses in the Statement of Activities and as intergovernmental expenditures in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds. A corresponding amount is reported as general revenue of NSHE in the Statement of Activities.

Note 6 - Restricted Assets

Various debt service, operation and maintenance, capital improvement and construction (acquisition) funding requirements of bond covenants, and trust indentures are recorded as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position. The components of restricted assets at June 30, 2014 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Go [.] Busi	Primary vernment ness-Type ctivities	Co	omponent Units
Restricted:				
Cash	\$	-	\$	86,767
Investments		93,839		38,515
Total	\$	93,839	\$	125,282
Restricted for:				
Debt service	\$	93,839	\$	3,490
Construction		-		78,375
Other purposes		-		43,417
Total	\$	93,839	\$	125,282

Note 7 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows (expressed in thousands):

	E	Beginning Balance	<u> </u>	ncreases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated	¢	445.007	¢	4.000	¢		¢	450.000
Land Construction in progress	\$	145,667 157,716	\$	4,939 39,628	\$	(10,520)	\$	150,606 186.824
Infrastructure		3,605,406		203,283		(10,520)		3,808,689
Rights-of-way		618.482		2.164		(118)		620.528
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		4,527,271		250,014		(10,638)		4,766,647
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized		.,	-			(,)		.,,
Buildings		1.663.583		5.123		(4,724)		1,663,982
Improvements other than buildings		123,224		557		(.,. = .)		123,781
Furniture and equipment		384,555		25,790		(10,458)		399,887
Software costs		175,997		7,755		(368)		183,384
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized		2,347,359		39,225		(15,550)		2,371,034
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:								
Buildings		(508,096)		(41,707)		2,490		(547,313)
Improvements other than buildings		(77,880)		(3,901)		-		(81,781)
Furniture and equipment		(319,326)		(22,053)		9,892		(331,487)
Software costs		(153,127)		(3,813)		333		(156,607)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		(1,058,429)		(71,474)		12,715		(1,117,188)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net		1,288,930		(32,249)		(2,835)		1,253,846
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	5,816,201	\$	217,765	\$	(13,473)	\$	6,020,493
isiness-type activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	568	\$	-	\$	-	\$	568
Construction in progress		10,122		161		-		10,283
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		10,690		161		-		10,851
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings		3,389		-		-		3,389
Improvements other than buildings		631		-		-		631
Furniture and equipment		6,402		150		(264)		6,288
Total capital assets, being depreciated		10,422		150		(264)		10,308
Less accumulated depreciation for:		(0.704)		(100)				(0.007)
Buildings Improvements other than buildings		(2,724) (572)		(103)		-		(2,827) (572)
Furniture and equipment		(572)		(346)		- 252		(572) (5,439)
Total accumulated depreciation		(8,641)		(449)		252		(8,838)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,781		(299)		(12)		1,470
Business-type activities capital assets, net	¢	12,471	\$	(138)	\$	(12)	¢	12,321
business-type activities capital assets, net	Ð	12,471	φ	(138)	φ	(12)	\$	12,321



Included in the table above are three Department of Correction facilities that have been closed and are idle, with a carrying value of \$12.2 million.

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Current period depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows (expressed in thousands):

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	3,813
Education, support services	Ŧ	928
Health, social services		10,949
Law, justice, public safety		31,991
Recreation, resource development		4,123
Transportation		11,021
Regulation of business		3,610
Unallocated		2,150
Depreciation and amortization on capital assets held by the State's internal service		
funds is charged to the various functions based on their use of the assets		2,889
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	\$	71,474
Business-type activities:		
Enterprise	\$	449
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	449

Capital asset activity of the Nevada System of Higher Education for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
levada System of Higher Education:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ 34,763	\$ 43,146	\$ (29,788)	\$ 48,121
Land	82,627	1,325	-	83,952
Intangibles	808	266	(786)	288
Collections	11,939	747	(7)	12,679
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	130,137	45,484	(30,581)	145,040
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	2,336,271	26,998	(168)	2,363,101
Land and improvements	118,322	732	(20)	119,034
Machinery and equipment	342,447	24,598	(20,256)	346,789
Intangibles	41,267	1,669	-	42,936
Library books and media	118,690	2,644	(2,337)	118,997
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,956,997	56,641	(22,781)	2,990,857
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(699,616)	(58,403)	168	(757,851)
Land and improvements	(89,689)	(3,899)	-	(93,588)
Machinery and equipment	(244,634)	(24,606)	18,509	(250,731)
Intangibles	(14,861)	(4,750)	-	(19,611)
Library books and media	(110,650)	(3,956)	2,306	(112,300)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,159,450)	(95,614)	20,983	(1,234,081)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,797,547	(38,973)	(1,798)	1,756,776
Nevada System of Higher Education				
activity capital assets, net	\$ 1,927,684	\$ 6,511	\$ (32,379)	\$ 1,901,816

Note 8 - Short-Term Obligations

Component Unit - On March 12, 2014, Colorado River Commission (CRC) issued interim bonds of \$28,425,000 to fund CRC's expected share of the construction cost of the visitor's center at Hoover Dam. These bonds were issued due to delays in determining a final allocation of shared costs. In June 2014, CRC issued \$29,475,000 Series 2014E General Obligation Refunding bonds as disclosed in Section N of Note 9, proceeds from which were used to fully refund the interim bonds. These bonds mature annually on October 1, 2015 through 2043, with interest payable semi-annually on October 1 and April 1 at the annual rates of 0.50% to 4.25%. There was no short-term debt outstanding at July 1, 2013 or June 30, 2014.

Note 9 - Long-Term Obligations

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the primary government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 (expressed in thousands):

Governmental activities:		eginning Balance	A	dditions	R	eductions	Ending Balance	ue Within One Year
Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds Special obligation bonds Subtotal Issuance premiums (discounts) Total bonds pavable	·	1,754,520 497,650 2,252,170 143,968 2,396,138	\$	59,150 86,020 145,170 21,012 166,182	\$	(109,830) (56,220) (166,050) (18,188) (184,238)	\$ 1,703,840 527,450 2,231,290 146,792 2,378,082	\$ 110,530 41,310 151,840 16,932 168,772
Certificates of participation		52,000		86,230		(43,775)	94,455	2.520
Issuance premiums (discounts)		339		2,794		(177)	2,956	236
Total certificates of participation		52,339		89,024		(43,952)	97,411	2,756
Other Governmental long-term activities: Obligations under capital leases Compensated absences obligations Arbitrage rebate liability Total other governmental long-term activities		25,096 94,720 1,043 120,859		2,139 73,617 - 75,756		(2,141) (71,211) (1,043) (74,395)	25,094 97,126 - 122,220	2,269 59,659 - 61,928
Governmental activities long-term obligations	\$	2,569,336	\$	330,962	\$	(302,585)	\$ 2,597,713	\$ 233,456
Business-type activities: Bonds payable:	_							
General obligation bonds Special obligation bonds Subtotal Issuance premiums (discounts) Total bonds payable	\$	90,720 739,797 830,517 5,942 836,459	\$	5,145 568,269 573,414 59,582 632,996	\$	(12,840) (151,432) (164,272) (9,610) (173,882)	\$ 83,025 1,156,634 1,239,659 55,914 1,295,573	\$ 9,710 146,587 156,297 13,843 170,140
Compensated absences obligations Arbitrage rebate liability Federal unemployment advance Tuition benefits payable		1,898 573,957 174,399		1,571 571 18,914		(1,468) (573,957) (8,160)	2,001 571 185,153	1,256 - 15,960
		11 1,000		10,014		(0,100)	100,100	10,000

The General Fund and special revenue funds typically liquidate the capital lease obligations. The compensated absence obligations are typically liquidated by the General Fund and State Highway Fund incurring the related salaries and wages costs. The debt service funds typically liquidate the arbitrage obligations.

B. Bonds Payable

The State issues general obligation bonds for the acquisition, construction and improvement of major capital facilities; buying local governments' bonds in the municipal bond bank fund; loans to municipalities for water projects; protection of natural resources; cultural affairs projects; the construction, reconstruction, improvement and maintenance of highways; and for refunding purposes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the State.

Special obligation highway improvement revenue bonds provide funds for property acquisition and construction of highway projects. Special obligation unemployment compensation bonds are to repay the Federal Unemployment Advance as benefits paid significantly exceeded employer assessment during the national economic downturn. Special obligation housing bonds in the aggregate have a debt limit of \$5 billion and are used for housing loans or to purchase mortgage loans having both fixed and variable interest rates. Special obligation bonds are payable solely from gross pledged revenues and are not general obligations of the State.

General obligation bonds and special obligation bonds of the primary government outstanding at June 30, 2014 are comprised of the following (expressed in thousands):

	Interest Rates	 Original Amount	0	Principal utstanding
Governmental activities:				
General obligation bonds:				
Subject to Constitutional Debt Limitation	.25-7.0%	\$ 1,761,855	\$	1,146,155
Exempt from Constitutional Debt Limitation	2.0-7.0%	814,130		557,685
Special obligation bonds:				
Exempt from Constitutional Debt Limitation-				
Highway Improvement Revenue Bonds	2.5-5.5%	 971,245		527,450
Subtotal		 3,547,230		2,231,290
Issuance premiums (discounts)		 245,681		146,792
Governmental activities bonds payable		3,792,911		2,378,082
Business-type activities:				
General obligation bonds:				
Exempt from Constitutional Debt Limitation	1.75-5.1%	106,035		83,025
Special obligation bonds:				
Unemployment Compensation Bonds	2.0-5.0%	548,900		548,900
Housing Bonds	*.35-6.95%	850,810		607,734
Subtotal		1,505,745		1,239,659
Issuance premiums (discounts)		66,712		55,914
Business-type activities bonds payable		1,572,457		1,295,573
Fotal bonds payable		\$ 5,365,368	\$	3,673,655
*Many Housing bonds have variable rates of int while the federally taxable debt tracks the one-n		onds track the	SIFM	A Index

Debt service requirements (principal and interest) for all long-term bonds and notes outstanding at June 30, 2014, of the primary government are summarized in the table following (expressed in thousands):

Year Ending		Government	al Ac	tivities		Business-T	ype A	ctivities	
June 30		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest		
2015	\$	151,840	\$	102,669	\$	156,297	\$	41,632	
2016		162,880		95,431		156,733		36,842	
2017		170,535		88,555		172,943		29,678	
2018		169,995		81,344		150,222		21,160	
2019		174,710		73,487		19,785		15,780	
2020-2024		840,880		240,678		114,027		65,891	
2025-2029		539,110		53,652		103,202		43,047	
2030-2034		19,700		2,267		133,462		28,105	
2035-2039		1,640		124		174,641		13,369	
2040-2044		-		-		57,346		1,839	
2045-2049	_	-	_	-	_	1,001	_	84	
Total	\$	2,231,290	\$	738,207	\$	1,239,659	\$	297,427	

C. Constitutional Debt Limitations

Section 3, Article 9, of the State Constitution (as amended) limits the aggregate principal amount of the State's public debt to two percent (2%) of the assessed valuation of the State. Exempt from this limitation are debts authorized by the Legislature that are incurred for the protection and preservation of, or for obtaining the benefits of, any property or natural resources within the State. At June 30, 2014, the debt limitation and its unused portion are computed as follows (expressed in thousands):



D. Nevada Municipal Bond Bank

General obligation bonds have been issued through the Nevada Municipal Bond Bank, a special revenue fund, as authorized by NRS 350A. These bonds are subject to statutory limitation of \$1.8 billion and are exempt from the Constitutional Debt Limitation. Proceeds from the bonds are used to purchase validly issued general obligation bonds of the State's local governments to finance projects related to natural resources. The State anticipates that the debt service revenue it receives from the participating local governments will be sufficient to pay the debt service requirements of the State bonds as they become due. Sixteen projects were funded through the Nevada Municipal Bond Bank as of June 30, 2014, and total investments in local governments amounted to \$255,620,000.

E. Refunded Debt and Redemptions

During the fiscal year 2014, the State of Nevada refunded \$6,385,000 in general obligation, limited tax, bonds related to natural resources and water projects loans by issuing refunding bonds with a total par amount of \$6,320,000 at a \$466,550 premium. Proceeds from refunding bonds were used to refund certain outstanding State general obligation bonds to realize debt service savings. In addition, the Nevada Real Property Corporation (NRPC) repaid \$41,390,000 Certificates of Participation by issuing refunding bonds with a total par amount of \$35,785,000 at a \$1,944,061 premium and using \$5,453,229 of its fund reserve. The refunding decreased the aggregate debt service payments by \$9,595,452 with an economic or present value gain of \$6,047,706. The reacquisition price exceeded the carrying amount of the old debt causing a deferred accounting loss of \$1,509,503. This amount is being reported as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt. The impact of the refunding issues is presented in the following table (expressed in thousands):

	Refun	ding	Re	efunded	Са	sh Flow	P	resent
Issue Description:	Amo	unt	A	mount	Gai	in (Loss)	Va	lue Gain
General obligation bonds:								
Natural Resources and Refunding Bonds Series 2014B	\$ 4	4,425	\$	4,235	\$	385	\$	354
Safe Drinking Water Revolving Fund Matching and Refunding Bonds Series 2014D		2,227		2,150		148		143
Certificates of Participation:								
Lease Revenue Refunding Capitol Complex Building 1 Project Series 2013	2	1.746		21.250		5.580		3,354
Lease Revenue Refunding Casa Grande Project Series 2013		1,054		20,140		3,482		2,197
Total	\$ 49	9,452	\$	47.775	\$	9,595	\$	6,048

In current and prior years, the State defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds and other monies in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the State's financial statements. The total outstanding amount of defeased issues at June 30, 2014 is \$530,602,633.

F. Bond Indenture Provisions

There are restrictions and limitations contained in the various bond indentures. The State is in compliance with the requirements of the bond covenants.

G. Capital Leases

The State has entered into various agreements for the lease of equipment and improvement of buildings. Assets of the primary government acquired under such leases at June 30, 2014, include equipment with a historical cost of \$3,200,869 with accumulated depreciation of \$1,004,106 and building improvements of \$27,810,128 with accumulated depreciation of \$4,176,342.

For all capital leases of the primary government, the gross minimum lease payments and the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014 follow (expressed in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	 ernmental ctivities
2015	\$ 3,333
2016	3,625
2017	3,693
2018	3,157
2019	3,240
2020-2024	12,677
2025	1,348
Fotal minimum lease payments	 31,073
Less: amount representing interest	 (5,979)
Obligations under capital leases	\$ 25,094

H. Certificates of Participation

In fiscal year 2010, the NRPC, a blended component unit, issued \$7,900,000 of General Obligation Certificates of Participation series 2009 at 5.0-5.125% interest to prepay the remaining outstanding balance of the 1999 issue of the Nevada Real Property Corporation. The original 1999 issue of \$15,000,000 was to finance the acquisition, construction, installation and equipping of a secured juvenile treatment facility. The 2009 issue is a direct general obligation of the State to which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged. The State is required to make payments from general (ad valorem) taxes in the Consolidated Bond Interest and Redemption debt service fund that approximate the interest and principal payments made by trustees to certificate holders.

In fiscal year 2014, the NRPC issued \$35,785,000 of Lease Revenue Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2013 at 3.0-5.0% interest to refund the outstanding balances of Lease Revenue Certificates of Participation Series 2004 and 2004B as discussed in Section E of this note. The original Series 2004 and 2004B were to finance the acquisition and construction of the State's Capitol Complex Building 1 and Casa Grande Projects respectively.

In fiscal year 2014, the NRPC issued \$50,445,000 of new Lease Revenue Certificates of Participation Series 2013 at 4.0-5.0% interest to finance the State's Nevada State College Project. The Project will be leased to the Nevada System of Higher Education (NSHE), the State's discretely presented component unit, upon the completion of the construction (approximately at the end of fiscal year 2015) pursuant to a Lease Purchase Agreement. Meanwhile, the NRPC has entered into a Ground Lease with respect to the real property on which the Project is located.

In fiscal year 2007, the NRPC issued \$5,760,000 of Lease Revenue Certificates of Participation Series 2006 at 4.0-5.0% interest to finance the design and construction of a warehouse addition to the Legislative Counsel Bureau's existing State Printing Office building in Carson City and resurfacing of the exterior of the existing building, together with related improvements on the premises.

Under the lease revenue certificates of participation financing arrangements, the certificates are not general obligations of the State and are not backed by the faith and credit or the taxing power of the State. The State's obligation to pay base rent and make other payments to the trustee under the financing leases is subject to appropriation by the State. In the event that the State does not make a sufficient appropriation with respect to a Lease Purchase Agreement, that Lease Purchase Agreement will terminate. Currently, only the payment of



principal and interest on the Series 2006 is being guaranteed by an insurance policy.

The following schedule presents future certificates of participation payments as of June 30, 2014 (expressed in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	P	Principal	<u> </u>	nterest
2015	\$	2,520	\$	4,345
2016		2,710		4,242
2017		3,845		4,132
2018		4,080		3,957
2019		2,960		3,805
2020-2024		17,315		16,853
2025-2029		21,660		12,298
2030-2034		15,265		7,703
2035-2039		12,105		4,807
2040-2043		11,995		1,536
Total	\$	94,455	\$	63,678

I. Tuition Benefits Payable

The Higher Education Tuition Trust Fund, an enterprise fund, reports benefits payable as shown in Section A based upon the actuarial present value (APV) of the future tuition obligations and administrative expenses that will be paid in future years. The present value calculation includes the effects of projected tuition and fee increases and termination of contracts as follows (expressed in thousands):

APV of the future tuition obligation	\$185,153
Net position available	228,633
Net position as a percentage of tuition benefits obligation	123.48%

The actuarial valuation used an investment yield assumption of 6.25% per year and tuition growth assumptions as follows:

	Universities	Community Colleges
2015-16	4.00%	4.00%
2016-17	4.00%	4.00%
2017-18	4.00%	4.00%
2018-19	4.00%	4.00%
2019-20 and later	6.00%	6.00%

J. Arbitrage Rebate Requirement

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 imposes a rebate requirement with respect to some bonds issued by the State. Under this requirement, an amount equal to the sum of (a) the excess of the aggregate amount earned on all investments (other than certain specified exceptions) over the amount that would have been earned if all investments were invested at a rate equal to the yield on the bonds, and (b) any income earned on the excess described in (a) must be rebated to the United States Treasury, in order for the interest on the bonds to be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

In accordance with the Internal Revenue Service Regulations, arbitrage rebate liability has been calculated as of June 30, 2014, and changes for the fiscal year then ended are presented in Section A of this note.

K. Conduit Debt Obligations

The State has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The State is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2014, there are seven series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$594,616,576.

L. Pledged Revenue

Pledged motor vehicle and special fuel tax - The State has pledged a portion of future motor vehicle fuel and special fuel tax revenues as well as federal aid for eligible projects to repay the Highway Improvement Revenue Bonds that were issued for highway construction projects and property acquisition purposes. On March 19, 2014, additional Highway Revenue Bonds Series 2014 were issued for \$86,020,000 as disclosed in Section A of this note. As of June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance of Highway Improvement Revenue and Refunding bonds is \$527,450,000. The total of principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$669,316,630 payable through December 2026. Upon completion of eligible projects, federal aid of \$320,183,500 is expected to be received in fiscal year 2015. For the current year, principal and interest paid was \$78,642,421 and total motor vehicle fuel and special fuel tax revenues were \$266,872,819.

Pledged additional assessments of unemployment contributions - The State has pledged additional assessments on unemployment contributions (special bond contributions), the proceeds derived from the sale of bonds, and related investment earnings to repay \$548,900,000 of Unemployment Compensation Fund Special Revenue Bonds issued on November 6, 2013. The revenue bonds were issued for the purposes of repaying the Federal Unemployment Advance as discussed in section M of this note, funding a deposit to the Nevada UITF Account to avoid the need for further advances, funding a deposit to the trustee as a reserve, and paying costs of issuance and related program administrative costs. The previously existing State Unemployment Compensation Law was amended by Chapter 450, Statutes of Nevada, 2013 (the 2013



Act) to create additional powers of assessment and revenue bond issuing authority. The 2013 Act, which was enacted during the 2013 State legislative session, authorizes and directs the State Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation to assess and collect special bond contributions from Nevada employers who are obligated to pay unemployment contributions under the State Unemployment Compensation Law. Pursuant to the 2013 Act, special bond contributions must be established at levels sufficient to pay debt service on the bonds. As of June 30, 2014, the entire amount of the above bonds is outstanding. The total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$608,120,025, payable through June 2018. In fiscal year 2014, interest of \$13,644,228 was paid, substantially from remaining bond proceeds, and special bond contributions revenue totaled \$57,969,434. As of June 30, 2014, \$57,204,386 was held by the trustee for the benefit of the bondholders. Special bond contributions of \$160,700,000 are expected to be collected in fiscal year 2015, which, along with assets held by the trustee, will be used to pay the fiscal year 2015 debt service principal and interest of \$161,949,950.

Pledged Nevada Housing Division program funds - The single-family bonds are payable from, and secured by, a pledge of the proceeds derived from the sale of bonds; the rights and interest of the Housing Division in all mortgage loans purchased under the various bond certificates; revenues which primarily include mortgage repayments and the net income, if any, derived as a result of foreclosure or other action taken in the event of a default on such a mortgage loan; curtailments, consisting generally of all amounts representing monthly principal payments with respect to mortgage loans which are received in advance of the scheduled amortization thereof; and all earnings realized by the investment of monies in all funds and accounts as well as all funds and accounts created by the various bond certificates.

The multi-unit bonds are payable from, and secured by, a pledge of the proceeds derived from the sale of bonds; all earnings realized from the investment of bond proceeds; after permanent financing, all revenues received from the development including housing assistance and rental payments made by tenants, notes receivable collateralized by deeds of trust and the rights to FHA insurance, draws on bank letters of credit, private mortgage and hazard insurance and condemnation proceeds.

Substantially all program fund assets are pledged in trust for the benefit of the bondholders. Nevada Housing Division issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information. The Report may be obtained from Nevada Housing Division, 1535 Old Hot Springs Road, Suite 50, Carson City, NV 89706.

M. Federal Unemployment Advance

As of June 30, 2014, the entire amount of advances due to the U.S. Department of Labor in accordance with provisions of Title XII, Section 1201 of the Social Security Act has been repaid. The repayment of federal advances was made using \$540,926,259 of the proceeds of Unemployment Compensation Fund Special Revenue Bonds as discussed in Section L of this note.

N. Component Unit Obligations

Nevada System of Higher Education (NSHE) – Bonds, notes, capital leases and compensated absences payable by NSHE at June 30, 2014, and the changes for the year then ended, consist of the following (expressed in thousands):

	eginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	 e Within ne Year
Bonds and notes payable	\$ 460,610	\$ 50,595	\$ (22,514)	\$ 488,691	\$ 22,280
Issuance premiums (discounts)	27,384	4,428	(1,774)	30,038	1,892
Total bonds payable	487,994	55,023	(24,288)	518,729	24,172
Obligations under capital leases	3,245	28	(822)	2,451	817
Compensated absences obligations	46,727	30,966	(29,863)	47,830	30,883
Total	\$ 537,966	\$ 86,017	\$ (54,973)	 569,010	 55,872
Discretely presented component units of the NSHE:					
Capital leases				137	137
Long-term debt				67	67
Total				\$ 569,214	\$ 56,076

Tuition and fees, auxiliary enterprises' revenue and certain other revenue as defined in the bond indentures secure the revenue bonds.

The following table presents annual principal and interest payments for bonds and notes payable outstanding by NSHE at June 30, 2014 (expressed in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	Interest		
2015	\$	24,172	\$	21,959	
2016		24,744		21,444	
2017		32,559		20,239	
2018		22,422 19,192		19,192	
2019		22,796	18,272		
2020-2024		110,186	76,811		
2025-2029		97,886	53,931		
2030-2034		105,500	31,884		
2035-2039		61,482	10,712		
2040-2044		16,982		1,760	
Total	\$	518,729	\$	276,204	

Future net minimum rental payments which are required under the capital leases by NSHE for the years ending June 30 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	A	mount
2015	\$	880
2016		762
2017		624
2018		305
Total minimum lease payments		2,571
Less: amount representing interest		(120)
Obligations under capital leases	\$	2,451
	-	

Colorado River Commission (CRC) – Bonds and compensated absences payable by CRC at June 30, 2014, and the changes for the year then ended, consist of the following (expressed in thousands):

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance	 e Within ne Year
Bonds payable:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 70,385	\$	29,475	\$	(3,975)	\$ 95,885	\$ 4,150
Issuance premiums (discounts)	2,915		(174)		(660)	2,081	654
Total bonds payable	 73,300		29,301		(4,635)	 97,966	 4,804
Compensated absences obligations	349		282		(292)	339	207
Total 0	\$ 73,649	\$	29,583	\$	(4,927)	\$ 98,305	\$ 5,011

Scheduled maturities for bonds payable by CRC for the years ending June 30 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	 Principal		Interest
2015	\$ 4,150	\$	3,923
2016	4,785		3,957
2017	7,920		3,659
2018	9,020		3,254
2019	3,920		2,960
2020-2024	22,170		12,135
2025-2029	24,075		6,698
2030-2034	6,130		3,508
2035-2039	6,465		2,238
2040-2044	7,250		796
Total	\$ 95,885	\$	43,128

Note 10 - Pensions and Other Employee Benefits

The Nevada Legislature created various plans to provide benefits to qualified employees and certain elected officials of the State as well as employees of other public employers. The Public Employees' Retirement Board administers the Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada (PERS), the Legislators' Retirement System of Nevada (LRS) and the Judicial Retirement System of Nevada (JRS). A summary description of the plans follows.

A. PERS

Plan Description - All full-time State employees and full-time employees of participating local government entities in the State are members in the PERS, a defined benefit cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employees' retirement system established in 1947 by the Nevada Legislature. PERS provides a reasonable base income to qualified employees who have been employed by a public employer and whose earning capacities have been removed or substantially impaired by age or disability. Any government employer in the State may elect to have its regular and police/fire employees covered by PERS. At June 30, 2014, there were 190 participating employers and other contributing entities.

PERS' issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The State reports PERS as a pension trust fund. PERS' financial

report may be obtained from the Public Employees' Retirement System, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, Nevada 89703.

Benefits, as required by statute, are determined by the number of years of accredited service at the time of retirement and the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months with special provisions for members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010. Benefit payments to which participants or their beneficiaries may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits and survivor benefits. Monthly benefit allowances for regular members are computed at 2.5% of average compensation for each accredited year of service prior to July 1, 2001. For service earned after July 1, 2001, this multiplier is 2.67% of average compensation. However, for members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, there is only a 2.5% multiplier. PERS offers several alternatives to the unmodified service retirement allowance which, in general, allows the retired employee to accept a reduced service retirement allowance payable monthly during his or her lifetime and various optional monthly payments to a named beneficiary after his or her death.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – PERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

Per statute, employee and employer contributions are recognized in the reporting period for which they are due. Expenses are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Unfunded portions of actuarially determined liabilities for retirement benefits are not recorded in the financial statements.

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. In general, however, fixed income securities are valued based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. The fair value of real estate investments is based on estimated current values and Member Appraisal Institute independent appraisals. For private equity partnership investments, estimated fair value is determined in good faith and provided by the general partner of the respective investment partnership, based on the most recent financial information available for the underlying companies at the measurement date adjusted for subsequent cash flow activities through June 30, 2014. In addition, each partnership undergoes an independent audit on an annual basis.

Contributions - The authority for establishing and amending the obligation to make contributions, and member contribution rates, is provided by statute. New hires of the State of Nevada and public employers, who did not elect the employerpay contribution plan prior to July 1, 1983, have the option of selecting either the employee/employer contribution plan or the employer-pay contribution plan. Under the employee/ employer contribution plan, the employee and the employer each make matching contributions. Under the employer-pay contribution plan, the employer pays all contributions on the employee's behalf; however, the employee shares equally in the cost of the contribution rate either though salary reduction or in lieu of a promised pay increase.

Funding Policy - PERS' basic funding policy provides for periodic contributions at a level pattern of cost as a percentage of salary throughout an employee's working lifetime in order to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Although PERS receives an actuarial valuation on an annual basis indicating the contribution rates required to fund PERS on an actuarial reserve basis, contributions actually made are in accordance with the required rates established by the Legislature. These statutory rates are increased or decreased pursuant to NRS 286.421 and 286.450.

Required contribution rates for employers and for active plan members, as a percentage of covered payroll, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:



	Statutory Rate Employer Employees		
Regular employees:			
Employer-pay plan	25.75%	na	
Employee/employer plan (matching rate)	13.25%	13.25%	
Police and Fire employees:			
Employer-pay plan	40.50%	na	
Employee/employer plan (matching rate)	20.75%	20.75%	

The State's contribution requirements for the current fiscal year and each of the two preceding years were (expressed in thousands):

	_			_	
		2014	2013		2012
Primary Government	\$	174,712	\$ 162,484	\$	163,219
Component Units:					
Colorado River Commissior	۱	523	485		476
Nevada System of Higher					
Education		29,163	26,750		27,019
Total component units		29,686	27,235		27,495
Total reporting entity	\$	204,398	\$ 189,719	\$	190,714
Contributions as %					
of covered payroll		20%	19%		19%
Percentage of pension costs					
contributed		100%	100%		100%

B. LRS

Plan Description - All State Legislators are members in the Legislators' Retirement System (LRS), a defined benefit, single-employer public employees' retirement system established in 1967 by the Nevada Legislature to provide a reasonable base income to Legislators at retirement. LRS is legislated by and functions in accordance with State laws established by the Nevada Legislature. Benefits, as required by statute, are determined by the number of years of accredited service at the time of retirement. Service years include the entire election term whether or not the Legislature is in session. Benefit payments to which participants may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits and survivor benefits. Monthly benefit allowances are \$25 for each year of service up to thirty years.

LRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The State reports LRS as a pension trust fund. LRS financial report may be obtained from the Public Employees' Retirement System, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, Nevada 89703.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – LRS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. Per statute employee and employer contributions are recognized in the reporting period for which they are due. Expenses are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

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Unfunded portions of actuarially determined liabilities for retirement benefits are not recorded in the financial statements.

Investments are reported at fair value. The fair values of investments in securities are generally based on published market prices and quotations from major investment firms. In general, fixed income securities are valued based on yield currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

Contributions - The Legislator contribution of 15% of compensation is paid by the Legislator only when the Legislature is in session, as required by statute. The Legislature holds sessions every two years. Prior to 1985, the employee contributions were matched by the employer. The 1985 Legislators' Retirement Act includes NRS 218C.390(2) which states, "The Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau shall pay to the Board from the Legislative Fund an amount as the contribution of the State of Nevada as employer which is actuarially determined to be sufficient to provide the System with enough money to pay all benefits for which the System will be liable." The Legislature appropriated \$426,702 for fiscal years 2013 and 2014, which is the required State contribution as determined by the actuary. This amount was paid by the State of Nevada to the Legislative fund during fiscal 2013, of which \$213,351 (half) was recognized as employer contributions in the fiscal year 2013, and the other half recognized as employer contributions in fiscal year 2014. Employee contributions of \$53,543 were received in fiscal year 2013, of which, \$26,771 (half) was recorded as employee contributions in the fiscal year 2013, and the remaining \$26,772 recorded as employee contributions in fiscal year 2014.

Actuarial Information - Actuarial valuations of the LRS are prepared every two years to determine State contributions required to fund the system on an actuarial basis. Actuarial methods and significant assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2012 and include the following:

Actuarial cost method:	Entry age normal								
Amortization method:	Year-by-year closed, level dollar amount with ea	ach amortization period set at 20 years							
Asset valuation method:	5-year smoothed market, limited to not less than value of assets	75% or greater than 125% of the market							
Assumed inflation rate:	3.5% per annum								
Assumed investment rate of return:	8% per annum, net of investment expenses, com	pounded annually							
Mortality rates:	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected to 2013 with Scale AA, set back one year for females (no age setback for males)								
Salary increases:	3.5%								
Disability rates:	Rates assumed to be zero for all ages								
Retirement age for active members:	Age 75								
Benefit commencement age for inactive vested members:	Age 60								
Non re-election rates:	The assumed non re-election rates (termination rates) vary with years of service as shown below:								
	Years of Service	<u>Rate (%)</u>							
	0 - 1	0							
	1 - 2	30							
	2 - 3	0							
	3 - 4	22							
	4 - 5	0 22							
	5 - 6	0							
	6 - 7 7 - 8	18							
	7 - 8 8 - 9	0							
	8 - 9 9 - 10	18							
	10 - 11	0							
	11 - 12	18							
	13 & over, odd years	0							
	14 & over, even years	80							
		(Continued on following page)							



Once a member ceases employment, if he/she has enough service to qualify for a pension (generally ten years), they are assumed to begin receiving their pensions at age 60. If service is not sufficient to qualify for a pension, they are assumed to immediately receive their own accumulated contributions with no further benefit payable. Rates end at age 75.
All active and inactive vested members are assumed to elect a single life annuity at retirement
\$4,400 (projected with assumed salary increases of 3.5% per year)
For members with an effective date of membership before January 1, 2010, the lessor of: (a) 2.0% per year following the third anniversary of commencement of benefits, 3.0% per year following the sixth anniversary, 3.5% per year following the ninth anniversary, 4.0% per year following the twelfth anniversary, 5.0% per year following the fourteenth anniversary, or (b) the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (or other Board approved index) for the three preceeding years.
In any event, a member's benefit must be increased by the percentages in paragraph (a) if it has not been increased at a rate greater than or equal to the average of the Consumer Price Index (All items) (or other Board approved index) for the period between retirement and the date of increase.
For members with an effective date of membership on or after January 1, 2010, the same as above, except the increases in paragraph (a) do not exceed 4.0% per year.
For future retirees, those hired prior to 2010 are assumed to reach the cap after 24 years of retirement. Those hired in 2010 or later are assumed to reach the cap after 39 years of retirement. Underlying all of these assumptions is that CPI will grow over time at a rate of 3.5% per year.

Trend Information -	Three-vear trend	information	follows	(expressed in	thousands):
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Actuarial Valuation Date	For Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Annual Pension Cost		State Contribution Made		Percentage of Annual Pension Cost Contributed	Net Pe Oblig	
7/01/10	2012	\$	182	\$	182	100%	\$	-
6/30/12	2013		213		213	100%		-
6/30/12	2014		213		213	100%		-

Funded Status and Funding Progress – As of June 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the LRS was 78% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$5.5 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$4.3 million, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1.2 million. There is no covered payroll, as the stipend received by legislators does not qualify.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

C. JRS

Plan Description - The Judicial Retirement System of Nevada (JRS) is the administrator of an agent multiple-employer public employees defined benefit retirement system established in 2001 by the Nevada Legislature. The JRS is legislated by and functions in accordance with laws established by the Nevada Legislature under NRS 1A.160. The JRS was established to provide benefits in the event of retirement, disability, or death of justices of the Supreme Court, district judges, municipal court judges and justices of the peace, funded on an actuarial reserve basis. As of June 30, 2014, the Supreme Court and eleven municipalities in Nevada elected to participate in JRS.

JRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The State reports JRS as a pension trust fund. JRS financial report may be obtained from the Public Employees' Retirement System, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, Nevada 89703.

Benefits are paid according to various options contained in pertinent statutes, dependent upon whether a member was serving as a Supreme Court justice or district judge before November 5, 2002. Retiring members who were serving as a judge before November 5, 2002 may select among the two benefit options below. Retiring members who began serving as a justice or judge on or after November 5, 2002 may select only the first option below.

Option 1 - 2003 Benefit Plan: Benefits, as required by statute, are computed at 3.4091% per year of accredited service at the time of retirement, to a maximum of 75%, times the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months. Benefit payments to which participants may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits and survivor benefits.

<u>Option 2 – Previous Benefit Plan:</u> Retiring members who were serving as a Supreme Court justice or district judge prior to November 5, 2002 may select the following benefit: Benefit payments are computed at 4.1666% for each year of service, up to a total maximum of 22 years, times the member's compensation for their last year of service.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – JRS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. Per statute,

contributions are recognized in the reporting period for which they are due. Expenses are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Unfunded portions of actuarially determined liabilities for retirement benefits are not recorded in the financial statements.

Investments are reported at fair value. The fair values of investments in securities are generally based on published market prices and quotations from major investment firms. In general, fixed income securities are valued based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

Contributions – The JRS is an employer-paid plan and there is no contribution from active members. The participating employers submit the percentage of compensation determined by the actuary to pay the normal costs and administrative expenses. Annually, the participating employers pay to the JRS an amount on the unfunded liability which is actuarially determined to be sufficient to enable the JRS to pay all current benefits for which the JRS is liable.

Actuarial Information – Actuarial valuations of the JRS are prepared annually on a fiscal year basis. The most recent actuarial valuation, dated June 30, 2014, is based on June 30, 2014 census data and includes the following:

Actuarial cost method:	Entry age normal	
Amortization method:		of pay (3% payroll growth assumed) over a years for Supreme Court justices and district tate agency
Asset valuation method :	5-year smoothed market	
Assumed inflation rate:	3.5% per annum	
Assumed investment rate of return:	8%, net of investment expenses, co	mpounded annually
Mortality rates:	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Morta back one year for females (no age s	lity Table projected to 2013 with Scale AA, set setback for males)
Salary increases:		se of 3% per year; 4 years of service, increase of e, increase of 4% per year; 12 or more years of
Retirement rates:	Retirement rates after completion o following ages:	f five years of service and attainment of the
Retirement age for inactive vested participo Disability rates:	<u>Age</u> 50 - 59 60 - 61 62 - 64 65 - 67 68 - 69 70 ants: Age 60 None	Rate per Age 5.0% 15.0% 17.5% 22.5% 25.0% 100.0%
		(Continued on following page)





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Withdrawal rates:	5% per year during each of the first four years of service; 0% after four years of service
Post-retirement benefit increases:	For members with an effective date of membership before January 1, 2010, the lessor of: (a) 2.0% per year following the third anniversary of commencement of benefits, 3.0% per year following the sixth anniversary, 3.5% per year following the ninth anniversary, 4.0% per year following the twelfth anniversary, 5.0% per year following the fourteenth anniversary, or (b) the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (or other Board approved index) for the three preceeding years.
	In any event, a member's benefit must be increased by the percentages in paragraph (a) if it has not been increased at a rate greater than or equal to the average of the Consumer Price Index (All items) (or other Board approved index) for the period between retirement and the date of increase.
	For members with an effective date of membership on or after January 1, 2010, the same as above, except the increases in paragraph (a) do not exceed 4.0% per year.
	For future retirees, those hired prior to 2010 are assumed to reach the cap after 24 years of retirement. Those hired in 2010 or later are assumed to reach the cap after 39 years of retirement. Underlying all of these assumptions is that CPI will grow over time at a rate of 3.5% per year.

Trend Information - Three-year trend information for the current fiscal year and each of the two preceding fiscal years follows (expressed in thousands):

	 2014	 2013	 2012
Annual required contribution	\$ 5,349	\$ 5,337	\$ 5,407
Interest on net pension obligation	(21)	-	13
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 62	 	 (38)
Annual pension cost	 5,390	 5,337	5,382
State contribution made	 (5,444)	 (5,606)	 (5,546)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	(54)	(269)	(164)
Net pension obligation (asset) at beginning of year	 (268)	 1	 165
Net pension obligation (asset) at end of year	\$ (322)	\$ (268)	\$ 1
Percentage of annual pension costs contributed	 100%	 100%	 100%

Funded Status and Funding Progress – As of June 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the JRS was 79% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$108.0 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$85.6 million, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$22.4 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$18.9 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 118%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

D. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description - The State Retirees' Health and Welfare Benefits Fund, Public Employees' Benefits Program ("PEBP") of the State of Nevada ("Retirees' Fund") was created in 2007 by the Nevada Legislature to account for the financial assets designated to offset the portion of current and future costs of health and welfare benefits paid on behalf of state retirees. NRS 287.0436 established the Retirees' Fund as an irrevocable trust fund for the purpose of providing retirement benefits other than pensions. The Retirees' Fund is a multipleemployer cost sharing defined postemployment benefit plan administered by the Board of the Public Employees' Benefits Program of the State of Nevada. The Retirees' Fund provides benefits other than pensions to eligible retirees and their dependents through the payment of subsidies to the PEBP. PEBP administers a group health and life insurance program for covered employees, both active and retired, of the State, and certain other participating public employers within the State of Nevada. NAC 287.530 establishes the benefit upon the retiree. All Nevada public employees who retire with at least five years of public service and who have State service are eligible to receive benefits from the Retirees' Fund. State service is defined as employment with any Nevada State agency, the Nevada System of Higher Education and any State Board or Commission. A portion of the monthly premiums are deducted from pension checks and paid to the PEBP. The cost varies depending on which health plan the retiree chooses, as well as the amount of subsidy they receive.

The Retirees' Fund issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The State reports the Retirees' Fund as a trust fund. The Retirees' Fund financial report may be obtained from Public Employees' Benefits Program, 901 South Stewart Street, Suite 1001, Carson City, NV 89701.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - The financial statements of the Retirees' Fund have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The Retirees' Fund does not receive member contributions.

Method Used to Value Investments – Investments are reported at fair value, which is defined as the price at which an asset passes from a willing seller to a willing buyer. Investments are held with the Retirement Benefits Investment Fund (RBIF),



which values participants' shares according to the contributions of each entity, and accordingly, earnings and expenses are allocated to each entity in proportion to the participants' share in the RBIF.

Contributions and Funding Policy - NRS 287.046 establishes a subsidy to pay an amount toward the cost of the premium or contribution for the persons retired from the State. Contributions to the Retirees' Fund are paid by the State of Nevada through an assessment of actual payroll paid by each State entity. For the period from July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014 the rate assessed was 2.406% of annual covered payroll. The assessment is based on an amount provided by the Legislature each biennium in session law. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the State, its component units, State Boards and Commissions, and other participating public employers contributed \$32,697,856 to the plan, which is 100% of the contractually required contribution. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 the State, its component units, State Boards and Commissions, and other participating public employers contributed \$36,686,124, and \$27,881,834, respectively, to the plan, which equaled 100% of the contractually required contribution each year.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The State of Nevada established the Self-Insurance and Insurance Premiums funds in 1983 and 1979, respectively. Both funds are classified as internal service funds.

Interfund premiums are reported as interfund services provided and used. All State funds participate in the insurance program. Changes in the claims liabilities during the past two fiscal years were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	lı	Self Insurance Fund		surance remiums Fund
Balance June 30, 2012 Claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$	42,988 188,785 (186,882)	\$	63,749 17,898 (15,008)
Balance June 30, 2013 Claims and changes in estimates Claim payments		44,891 188,296 (186,033)		66,639 13,070 (14,331)
Balance June 30, 2014	\$	47,154	\$	65,378
Due Within One Year	\$	47,154	\$	16,920

In accordance with GASB, a liability for claims is reported if information received before the issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These liabilities include incremental claims adjustment costs. A reserve for losses has been established in both funds to account for these liabilities and is included in the liability section of the Statement of Net Position.

There was no insurance coverage for excess liability insurance.

There are several pending lawsuits or unresolved disputes involving the State or its representatives at June 30, 2014. The estimated liability for these claims has been factored into the calculation of the reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses developed.

A. Self-Insurance Fund

The Self-Insurance Fund administers the group health, life and disability insurance for covered employees, both active and retired, of the State and certain other participating public employers within the State. All public employers in the State are eligible to participate in the activities of the Self-Insurance Fund and currently, in addition to the State, there are five public employers whose employees are covered under the plan. Additionally, all retirees of public employers contracted with the Self-Insurance Fund to provide coverage to their active employees are eligible to join the program subsequent to their retirement. Public employers are required to subsidize their retirees who participate in the plan in the same manner the State subsidizes its retirees. Currently, the State, the Nevada System of Higher Education and one hundred twenty-two



public employers are billed for retiree subsidies. The Self-Insurance Fund is overseen by the Public Employees' Benefit Program Board. The Board is composed of ten members, nine members appointed by the Governor, and the Director of the Department of Administration or their designee.

The Self-Insurance Fund is self-insured for medical, dental, vision, mental health and substance abuse benefits and assumes all risk for claims incurred by plan participants. Fully insured HMO products are also offered. Long-term disability and life insurance benefits are fully insured by outside carriers. For the self-insured benefits, fund rate-setting policies have been established after consultation with an actuary. The participating public employers, with the exception of the State, are not subject to supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies.

The management of the Self-Insurance Fund establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported and the unused portion of the Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) liability. Because actual claims costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Upon consultation with an actuary, claims liabilities are recomputed annually using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation, because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflect past inflation and on other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which claims are made.

B. Insurance Premiums Fund

The Insurance Premiums Fund provides general, civil (tort), and auto liability insurance to State agencies, workers' compensation insurance for State employees excluding NSHE, and auto physical damage and property insurance for State agencies.

For the period beginning January 1, 2001, and for each calendar year thereafter, the Fund purchased a high deductible policy for workers' compensation. Liabilities in the amount of \$52,989,939 as of June 30, 2014 were determined using standard actuarial techniques as estimates for the case, reserves, incurred but not reported losses and allocated loss adjustment expenses under the plan as of June 30, 2014.

The Fund is financed by the State. The State has a maximum exposure of \$50,000 through October 1, 2007, \$75,000 through October 1, 2011 and \$100,000 thereafter for each general liability claim, with the exception of claims that are filed in other jurisdictions, namely, federal court. Those claims filed in federal court are not subject to the limit. Per State statute, if, as the result of future general liability or catastrophic losses, fund resources are exhausted, coverage is first provided by the reserve for statutory contingency account and would then revert to the General Fund.

The Fund is fully self-insured for general, civil and vehicle liability. The Fund is also self-insured for comprehensive and collision loss to automobiles, self-insured to \$250,000 for property loss with commercial insurance purchased to cover the excess above this amount, and commercially insured for losses to boilers and machinery and certain other risks.

At June 30, 2014, incurred but not reported claims liability for general, civil and auto liability insurance is based upon standard actuarial techniques, which take into account financial data, loss experience of other self-insurance programs and the insurance industry, the development of known claims, estimates of the cost of reported claims, incurred but not reported claims, and allocated loss adjustment expenses. The incurred but not reported claims liability for property casualty insurance is based upon the estimated cost to replace damaged property. The liability for estimated losses from reported and unreported claims in excess of the amounts paid for the workers' compensation policies is determined using standard actuarial techniques, which take into account claims history and



loss development factors for similar entities. This liability is further adjusted for a non-working escrow deposit on-hand with the insurer which is restricted for use as collateral against future losses and a loss fund on-hand with the insurer that is restricted for payment of claims. Incurred but not reported claims liabilities are included in the reserve for losses.

The State is contingently liable for the cost of post retirement heart disease benefits payable under the Nevada Occupational Disease Act. Any fireman or police officer that satisfies the five-year employment period requirement under this act is eligible for coverage under Workers' Compensation for heart disease. A range of estimated losses from \$4,681,600 to \$16,481,100 has been determined using standard actuarial techniques. Due to the high degree of uncertainty surrounding this coverage, no accrual for these losses is reflected in the financial statements.

At June 30, 2014 total liabilities exceeded total assets by \$54,176,807. The Fund is liable for approximately \$54,000,000 as of June 30, 2014 in potential claims settlements, which have yet to be funded through premium contributions. As NRS 331.187 provides that if money in the Fund is insufficient to pay a tort claim, the claim is to be paid from the reserve for statutory contingency account, and, as management assesses premiums to cover current claims payments, management believes that this provides the opportunity for the Fund to satisfy these liabilities.

Note 12 - Fund Balances and Net Position

A. Net Position-Restricted by Enabling Legislation

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$1,465,876,600 of net position-restricted for the primary government, of which \$183,746,549 is restricted by enabling legislation.

B. Governmental Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the State is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources of the fund. A summary of governmental fund balances at June 30, 2014, is shown below (expressed in thousands):

	Major Governmental Funds					
	General	State Highway	Municipal Bond Bank	Permanent School	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Municipal securities	\$ -	\$-	\$ 255,620	\$-	\$-	\$ 255,620
Long term notes/loans receivable	14,911	-	-	-	-	14,911
Inventory	10,958	15,857	-	-	486	27,301
Advances	3,175	-	-	-	-	3,175
Prepaid items	10,211	2,312	-	-	612	13,135
Permanent fund principal	-	-	-	324,391	468	324,859
Restricted for:						
Capital projects	-		-	-	115,945	115,945
Conservation, parks and land	33,348	-	-	-	14,924	48,272
Debt service	-	-	-	-	26,312	26,312
Environmental protection	7,130	-	-	-	-	7,130
Health and social services	3,246	-	-	-	65,353	68,599
Housing, real estate & mortgage lending	3,652	-	-	-	29,970	33,622
Law, justice, and public safety	2,033	26,340	-	-	11,426	39,799
Other purposes	126	-	-	-	2,083	2,209
Regulation of business	1,790	-	-	-	5,642	7,432
Transportation	-	299,393	-	-	-	299,393
Wildlife	14,016	-	-	-	-	14,016
Committed to:						
Agriculture	5,026	-	-	-	448	5,474
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	7,137	7,137
College savings endowment	7,019	-	-	-	-	7,019
Conservation, parks and land	5,736	-	-	-	244	5,980
Debt service	-	-	3	-	125,875	125,878
Economic development	14,441	-	-	-	4,494	18,935
Education and support services	19,031	-	-	-	-	19,031
Environmental protection	41,353	-	-	-	7,343	48,696
Fiscal emergency	28,061	-	-	-	-	28,061
Gaming control	5,308	-	-	-	-	5,308
Health care financing and policy	32,350	-	-	-	-	32,350
Health and social services	27,584	-	-	-	3,994	31,578
Housing, real estate & mortgage lending	17,609	-	-	-	1,275	18,884
Law and justice	10,205	-	-	-	2,386	12,591
Legislative counsel bureau	27,895	-	-	-	-	27,895
Motor vehicles and public safety	13,623	1,412	-	-	-	15,035
Other purposes	9,184	-	-	-	-	9,184
Regulation of business	8,359	-	-	-	3,224	11,583
State energy office	5,337	-	-	-	-	5,337
Tobacco settlement programs	-	-	-	-	68,987	68,987
Transportation	-	8,443	-	-	-	8,443
Veterans' services	5,990	-	-	-	-	5,990
Welfare services	7,379	-	-	-	-	7,379
Wildlife	14,561	-	-	-	-	14,561
Unassigned:	(135,789)	-	-	-	-	(135,789)
Total fund balances	\$ 274,858	\$ 353,757	\$ 255,623	\$ 324,391	\$ 498,628	\$ 1,707,257

C. Individual Fund Deficit

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Hospital Care to Indigent Persons - The Hospital Care to Indigent Persons Fund accounts for taxes levied to provide care to indigent persons hospitalized from motor vehicle accidents, and for taxes received and payments to counties for supplemental medical assistance to indigent persons. The fund recorded a decrease in net position of \$373,823 for the year ended June 30, 2014, resulting in negative net position of \$190,129 at June 30, 2014.

Internal Service Fund:

Insurance Premiums - The Insurance Premiums Fund allocates the cost of fidelity insurance, property insurance and workers' compensation insurance to State agencies. The fund recorded an increase in net position of \$1,957,106 for the year ended June 30, 2014, resulting in negative net position of \$54,176,807 at June 30, 2014.

Note 13 - Principal Tax Revenues

The principal taxing authorities for the State of Nevada are the Nevada Tax Commission and the Nevada Gaming Commission.

The Nevada Tax Commission was created under NRS 360.010 and is the taxing and collecting authority for most non-gaming taxes. The following are the primary non-gaming tax revenues:

Sales and Use Taxes are imposed at a minimum rate of 6.85%, with county and local option up to an additional 1.25%, on all taxable sales and taxable items of use. The State receives tax revenue of 2% of total sales with the balance distributed to local governmental entities and school districts.

Modified Business Tax is imposed at different rates for businesses and financial institutions. If the sum of all the wages paid by the employer exceeds \$85,000 for the calendar quarter, the tax is 1.17% of the amounts the wages exceed \$85,000. Modified Business Tax is imposed on financial institutions at 2% on gross wages paid by the employer during the calendar quarter. There is an allowable deduction from the gross wages for amounts paid by the employer for qualified health insurance or a qualified health benefit plan.

Insurance Premium Tax is imposed at 3.5% on insurance premiums written in Nevada. A "Home Office Credit" is given to insurance companies with home or regional offices in Nevada, but not to exceed 80% of the taxes due.

Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax is levied at 24.805 cents per gallon on gasoline and gasohol sales. 17.65 cents of the tax goes to the State Highway Fund, .75 cents goes to the Cleaning Up Petroleum Discharges Fund, .055 cents goes to the General Fund and the remaining 6.35 cents goes to the counties. The counties have an option to levy up to an additional 9 cents per gallon.



Other Sources of tax revenues include: Cigarette Tax, Controlled Substance Tax, Jet Fuel, Liquor Tax, Live Entertainment Tax (non-gaming establishments), Lodging Tax, Business License Fees, Motor Carrier Fees, Motor Vehicle Registration Fees, Net Proceeds of Minerals Tax, Property Tax, Real Property Transfer Tax, Short-Term Lessor Fees and Tire Tax.

The Nevada Gaming Commission was created under NRS 463.022 and is charged with collecting State gaming taxes and fees. The following sources account for gaming tax revenues:

Percentage Fees are the largest of several State levies on gaming. They are based upon gross revenue and are collected monthly. The fee is applied on a graduated basis at the following monthly rates: 3.5% of the first \$50,000 of gross revenue; 4.5% of the next \$84,000 of gross revenue; and 6.75% of the gross revenue in excess of \$134,000.

Live Entertainment Taxes are imposed at 10% of all amounts paid for admission, food, merchandise or refreshment, while the establishment is providing entertainment in facilities with less than occupancy/seating of 7,500. A 5% rate is imposed for facilities with at least 7,500 occupancy/seating.

Flat Fee Collections are levied on the number of gambling games and slot machines operated. Licensees pay fees at variable rates on the number of gaming devices operated per quarter.

Other Sources of gaming tax revenues include: Unredeemed Slot Machine Wagering Vouchers, Annual State Slot Machine Taxes, Annual License Fees and Miscellaneous Collections, which consists of penalties and fines, manufacturer's, distributor's and slot route operator's fees, advance payments, race wire fees, pari-mutuel wagering tax and other nominal miscellaneous items.

Note 14 - Works of Art and Historical Treasures

The State possesses certain works of art, historical treasures, and similar assets that are not included in the capital assets shown in Note 7. The mission of the Lost City Museum in Overton is to study, preserve, and protect prehistoric Pueblo sites found in the Moapa Valley and adjacent areas and to interpret these sites through exhibits and public programs. In Reno, the Nevada Historical Society exhibits and maintains a large number of historical collections preserving the cultural heritage of Nevada. These collections are divided into four sections: library, manuscripts, photography, and museum. The Nevada State Museum in Carson City collects, preserves, and documents three general types of collections: anthropology, history, and natural history as it relates to Nevada and the Great Basin. The mission of the Nevada State Museum, Las Vegas, is to inspire and educate a diverse public about the history and natural history of Nevada. Its major collections include transportation, mining, and tourism as well as daily artifacts such as clothing, historical correspondence, business records, and photography. The Nevada State Railroad Museum, which is located in Carson City, preserves the rich railroad heritage of Nevada, including locomotives and cars of the famous Virginia & Truckee Railroad. The East Ely Depot Museum, located in the historic Nevada Northern Railroad Depot building, exhibits artifacts, documents, and photographs of early Eastern Nevada mining and railroad transportation. The Nevada Arts Council with locations in Carson City and Las Vegas exhibits artwork. Its mission is to enrich the cultural life of the State and make excellence in the arts accessible to all Nevadans.

These collections are not capitalized by the State because they are:

- Held for public exhibition, education or research in furtherance of public service, rather than financial gain,
- Protected, kept unencumbered, cared for and preserved, and
- Subject to an organizational policy that requires the proceeds from sales of collection items to be used to acquire other items for collections.

Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies

A. Primary Government

Lawsuits - The State Attorney General's Office reported that the State of Nevada or its officers and employees were parties to numerous lawsuits, in addition to those described below. In view of the financial condition of the State, the State Attorney General is of the opinion that the State's financial condition will not be materially affected by this litigation, based on information known at this time.

Several of the actions pending against the State are based upon the State's (or its agents') alleged negligence in which the State must be named as a party defendant. However, there is a statutory limit to the State's liability of \$50,000 per cause of action through October 1, 2007 and \$75,000 per cause of action through October 1, 2011 and \$100,000 per cause of action thereafter. Such limitation does not apply to federal actions such as civil rights actions under 42 U.S.C. Section 1983 brought under federal law or to actions in other states. Building and contents are insured on a blanket replacement cost basis for all risk except certain specified exclusions.

The State and/or its officers and employees are parties to a number of lawsuits filed under the federal civil rights statutes. However, the State is statutorily required to indemnify its officers and employees held liable in damages for acts or omissions on the part of its officers and employees occurring in the course of their public employment. Several claims may thus be filed against the State based on alleged civil rights violations by its officers and employees. Since the statutory limit of liability (discussed above) does not apply in federal civil rights cases, the potential liability of the State is not ascertainable at the present time. Currently, the State is involved in several actions alleging federal civil rights violations that could result in substantial liability to the State.

The State is litigating vigorously a Fair Labor Standards Act action brought by correctional officers against the State of Nevada's Department of Corrections, for back wages and overtime pay. The plaintiffs have yet to provide their actual damage amount. If the plaintiffs are successful in obtaining certification and in proving all of their claims, the back wages and overtime pay for three years could result in liability of \$40.0 million or more.

In litigation filed against the Department of Taxation (DOT), the plaintiff is seeking a declaration that the Live Entertainment Tax is unconstitutional on its face and that they do not have to pay the tax. The Live Entertainment Tax is collected by the DOT as well as the Gaming Control Board. The Gaming Control Board's collection of the Live Entertainment Tax has not been challenged. Should a refund be granted, the estimated amount to date is \$113.6 million. However, if the tax is found to be unconstitutional on its face, the statute may be completely stricken.



The Department of Taxation has litigated vigorously two lawsuits of like nature against utility companies. The lawsuits arose out of claims for the refund of \$143.0 million in use tax paid, plus interest, on coal purchased out of the state and used in Nevada. The companies claim the use tax is unconstitutional. The State won both cases in the Nevada Supreme Court and the 1st Judicial District Court. The utility companies have yet to appeal. The use tax distribution is shared between the State, counties and local governments. If the utility companies appeal and are successful, the State's exposure upon a potentially unfavorable outcome is \$43.1 million.

The State instituted a claim for declaratory relief relating to its actions in 2008 in terminating a forward delivery investment agreement between the State and Lehman Brothers Commercial Bank, a Utah industrial bank (LBCB). LBCB claimed that as a result of the termination, the State owed LBCB \$30.0 million. The State prevailed on the merits in state district court. LBCB has appealed that decision to the Nevada Supreme Court. In August of 2014 the briefing on the matter concluded and the Court has ordered the matter submitted for decision without oral argument. A decision could be issued at any time.

The Nevada Department of Transportation (NDOT) in an inverse condemnation case is taking a parcel for the I-15 road improvement project known as Project NEON, in Las Vegas. The landowner filed its preemptory claim against NDOT in hope to recover attorney fees. NDOT filed a motion to dismiss. There is a reasonable possibility of an unfavorable outcome for NDOT in the amount of \$6.6 million, before federal participation.

PERS - The Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) has entered into investment funding commitments related to private markets to fund an additional \$967.6 million at some future date.

Leases- The State is obligated by leases for buildings and equipment accounted for as operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights as capital leases do. Therefore, the results of the lease agreements are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Primary government lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2014 amounted to \$35.6 million. The following is the primary government's schedule of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2014 (expressed in thousands):

For the Year Ending June 30	Amount		
2015	\$ 26,739		
2016	21,535		
2017	17,486		
2018	12,566		
2019	9,409		
2020-2024	24,985		
2025-2029	5,779		
2030-2034	527		
Total	\$ 119,026		

Federal Grants - The State receives significant financial assistance from the federal government in the form of grants and entitlements, which are generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by federal agencies. Any disallowance as a result of these audits could become a liability of the State. As of June 30, 2014, the State is unable to estimate the amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed, although the State expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Rebate Arbitrage - The Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986 imposes a rebate requirement with respect to some bonds issued by the State. Under this requirement, an amount equal to the sum of (a) the excess of the aggregate amount earned on all investments (other than certain specified exceptions) over the amount that would have been earned if all investments were invested at a rate equal to the yield on the bonds, and (b) any income earned on the excess described in (a) is required to be rebated to the U.S. Treasury, in order for the interest on the bonds to be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Rebatable arbitrage is computed as of each installment computation date. The present value of the rebatable arbitrage is \$571,000 and has been recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2014. Future calculations might result in different rebatable arbitrage amounts.

Nonexchange Financial Guarantees – The 1997 Nevada Legislature added NRS 387.513 through 387.528, allowing school districts to enter into guarantee agreements with the State Treasurer whereby money in the Permanent School Fund may be used to guarantee the debt service payments on certain bonds issued by Nevada school districts. The amount of the guarantee for bonds of each school district outstanding, at any one time, must not exceed \$40 million. Total bond guarantees at June 30, 2014 were \$200.4 million which includes accrued interest of \$1.3 million. The bonds mature at various intervals through fiscal year 2042. In the event any school district was unable to make a required payment, the State Treasurer would



withdraw from the State Permanent School Fund the amount needed to cover the debt service payment. Any amount withdrawn would be deemed a loan to the school district from the State Permanent School Fund, and the State Treasurer would determine the rate of interest on the loan. Repayment would be taken from distributions from the State Distributive School Account.

Encumbrances – As of June 30, 2014, encumbered expenditures in governmental funds were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	4	Amount
General Fund	\$	8,838
State Highway		3,976
Nonmajor governmental funds		260
Total	\$	13,074

Construction Commitments – As of June 30, 2014, the Nevada Department of Transportation had total contractual commitments of approximately \$127.4 million for construction of various highway projects. Other major non-highway construction commitments for the primary government's budgeted capital projects funds total \$24.1 million.

B. Discretely Presented Component Units

Nevada System of Higher Education (NSHE) – As of June 30, 2014, NSHE is a defendant or co-defendant in legal actions. Based on present knowledge and advice of legal counsel, NSHE management believes any ultimate liability in these matters, in excess of insurance coverage, will not materially affect the net position, changes in net position or cash flows of NSHE.

The NSHE has an actuarial study of its workers' compensation losses completed every other year. The study addresses the reserves necessary to pay open claims from prior years and projects the rates needed for the coming year. The NSHE uses a third party administrator to adjust its workers' compensation claims.

The NSHE is self-insured for its unemployment liability. The NSHE is billed by the State each quarter based on the actual unemployment benefits paid by the State. Each year the NSHE budgets resources to pay for the projected expenditures. The amount of future benefits payments to claimants and the resulting liability to the NSHE cannot be reasonably determined as of June 30, 2014.

The NSHE receives Federal grants and awards, and amounts are subject to change based on outcomes of Federal audits. Management believes any changes made will not materially

affect the net position, changes in net position or cash flows of the NSHE.

The estimated cost to complete property authorized or under construction at June 30, 2014 is \$193.0 million. These costs will be financed by State appropriations, private donations, available resources and/or long-term borrowings.

The Board of Regents, at its June 6, 2014 meeting, approved the issuance of a Promissory Note in an amount up to \$2.0 million. The authorized note is not expected to be issued until calendar year 2015.

The Board of Regents approved at its June 6, 2014 meeting the issuance of up to \$85.0 million of State of Nevada General Obligation (Limited Tax) University System Bonds (Revenue Supported). These bonds will be secured by a general obligation of the State of Nevada and pledged revenues collected by the State. The bonds are expected to be issued during fiscal year 2015.

Colorado River Commission (CRC) - The CRC may from time to time be a party in various litigation matters. It is

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

A. Primary Government

Nevada Housing Division - On September 22, 2014, the Division launched the Home is Possible Down Payment (HiP-D) Grant program to offer single-family mortgages to qualified homeowners. The HiP-D program uses the To Be Announced (TBA) pass-through securities market to generate funds for mortgage loans. The TBA model provides for the generation of a significant premium on the sale of pooled mortgage-backed securities and provides a positive revenue stream to the Division. Via the HiP-D program, the Division's network of approved lenders fund loans and associated down payment grants on behalf of the Division. The lenders then sell the loans to the Division's master servicer, U.S. Bank. The Division has partnered with Raymond James as its investment partner who buys the securitized mortgage pools provided by the master servicer. Raymond James assumes all of the TBA hedging risk in this program and the Division, as the programs sponsor, receives a fee from each completed loan.

B. Discretely Presented Component Units

Nevada System of Higher Education – The Board of Regents, at its June 6, 2014 meeting, approved the issuance of up to \$36.2 million of NSHE Certificates of Participation. NSHE issued \$34.2 million of such certificates on August 7, 2014.

management's opinion, based upon advice from legal counsel, that the risk of financial losses to CRC from such litigation, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on CRC's future financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Accordingly, no provision has been made for any such losses.

The CRC does not accrue for estimated future legal defense costs, if any, to be incurred in connection with outstanding or threatened litigation and other disputed matters but rather, records such as period costs when the services are rendered.

Nevada Capital Investment Corporation (NCIC) - The NCIC currently has commitments to the Silver State Opportunity Fund of \$50.0 million (the First Tranche). As of June 30, 2014, the NCIC has fulfilled \$5.7 million of its total commitment. The NCIC has the right, but not the obligation, to increase its capital commitment by which would be effective after the end of the First Tranche (or such other date as the NCIC and Manager may agree). If the NCIC elects to make such an additional commitment, both the amount of the NCIC's additional commitment and an additional commitment from the Manager shall be established by agreement between the NCIC and the Manager (the Second Tranche).

The Board of Regents, at its June 6, 2014 meeting, approved the issuance of a promissory Note in an amount up to \$16.0 million. On August 14, 2014, NSHE issued such note as a draw-down line of credit with an initial draw of \$100,000.

C. New Accounting Pronouncement

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the State adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. In conjunction with GASB No. 67, pension plan participating employers are required to implement GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014). This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for contributing employers related to the recognition of pension expense and pension liabilities. Prior to this standard, the accounting and reporting requirements of the pension related liabilities followed a longterm funding policy perspective. The new standards separate the accounting and reporting requirements from the funding decisions and require the unfunded portion of the pension liability to be proportioned among the participating employers.





The State implemented GASB Statement 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, in the current year which changed classifications on the Statement of Net Position to include new categories for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The Statement of Net Position shows \$15,590,000 in deferred outflows of resources and \$704,000 in deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2014.

NEVA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION





In commemoration of Nevada's 150th birthday, Sesquicentennial belt buckles made their debut at the 95th Reno Rodeo in June of 2014.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Gen	eral Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Sources of Financial Resources	I			
Fund balances, July 1	\$ 723,100,929	\$ 723,100,929	\$ 723,100,929	\$-
Revenues:				
Sales taxes	969,852,700	969,852,700	967,706,171	(2,146,529)
Gaming taxes, fees, licenses	871,705,421	871,705,421	881,839,657	10,134,236
Intergovernmental	2,405,052,919	2,769,343,119	2,416,191,428	(353,151,691)
Other taxes	1,373,173,165	1,400,134,773	1,334,278,598	(65,856,175)
Sales, charges for services	205,819,415	225,814,924	211,948,671	(13,866,253)
Licenses, fees and permits	573,960,891	598,856,774	589,655,179	(9,201,595
Interest	8,721,423	9,345,442	1,630,405	(7,715,037
Other	297,402,334	343,198,237	291,461,908	(51,736,329)
Other financing sources:				
Proceeds from sale of bonds	-	3,253,000	3,257,915	4,915
Transfers	548,842,572	738,761,089	612,674,051	(126,087,038
Reversions from other funds	-		1,703,169	1,703,169
Total sources	7,977,631,769	8,653,366,408	8,035,448,081	(617,918,327)
Uses of Financial Resources Expenditures and encumbrances:				
Elected officials	193,355,973	200,688,036	168,611,074	32,076,962
Legislative and judicial	95,225,125	97,799,768	65,940,744	31,859,024
Finance and administration	80,783,112	84,117,808	64,269,344	19,848,464
Education	2,742,391,078	2,884,409,499	2,740,544,271	143,865,228
Human services	3,519,626,351	3,734,030,262	3,446,837,196	287,193,066
Commerce and industry	361,909,630	394,411,340	304,888,654	89,522,686
Public safety	402,573,124	438,984,552	382,108,839	56,875,713
Infrastructure	310,086,686	393,052,182	178,112,420	214,939,762
Special purpose agencies	50,632,720	106,223,769	61,197,806	45,025,963
Other financing uses:				
Transfers to other funds	34,836,180	42,374,764	42,374,764	-
Reversions to other funds	-	-	580,795	(580,795
Projected reversions	(40,000,000)	(40,000,000)	-	(40,000,000
Total uses	7,751,419,979	8,336,091,980	7,455,465,907	880,626,073
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 226,211,790	\$ 317,274,428	\$ 579,982,174	\$ 262,707,746



	State High	way Fund			Municipal	Bond Bank	
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
\$ 131,663,989	\$ 131,663,989	\$ 131,663,989	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
321,846,293	354,935,550	332,901,740	(22,033,810)	-	-	-	-
300,456,700	312,238,381	308,031,749	(4,206,632)	-	-	-	-
16,781,007	17,239,407	18,001,798	762,391	-	-	-	-
185,422,107	195,278,438	194,564,353	(714,085)	-	-	-	-
202,814	556,215	575,580	19,365	16,328,629	16,328,629	11,027,602	(5,301,027)
47,872,887	28,742,375	23,983,484	(4,758,891)	-	-	4,815,000	4,815,000
-	100,026,125	100,018,664	(7,461)	-	-	-	-
11,592,815	20,025,142	18,970,417	(1,054,725)	-	-	-	-
		-					-
1,015,838,612	1,160,705,622	1,128,711,774	(31,993,848)	16,328,629	16,328,629	15,842,602	(486,027)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-			-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
194,084,818	202,569,562	178,411,690	24,157,872	-	-	-	-
614,173,155	789,198,769	541,256,921	247,941,848	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73,869,114	75,563,773	75,563,773	-	16,328,629	16,328,629	15,840,391	488,238
-	-	33,476	(33,476)	-	-	-	-
(46,302,875)	(130,302,875)	-	(130,302,875)	-	-	-	-
835,824,212	937,029,229	795,265,860	141,763,369	16,328,629	16,328,629	15,840,391	488,238
\$ 180,014,400	\$ 223,676,393	\$ 333,445,914	\$109,769,521	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,211	\$ 2,211



The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds presents both the original and the final legally adopted budgets, as well as actual data on a budgetary basis. (Note 2 of the basic financial statements identifies the budgeting process and control.)

The original budget is adopted through passage of the General Appropriations Act, which allows for expenditures from unrestricted revenues, while the Authorized Expenditures Act allows for expenditures from revenues collected for specific purposes (restricted revenues). For programs financed from restricted revenues, spending authorization is generally contingent upon recognition of the related revenue. Reductions of spending authority occur if revenues fall short of estimates. If revenues exceed the estimate, supplemental appropriations are required before the additional resources can be spent.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the final legal budget be reflected in the "final budget" column. Therefore, updated revenue estimates available for appropriations as of August 27 are reported instead of the amounts disclosed in the original budget. The August 27, 2014 date is used because this is the date for which the Legislative Interim Finance Committee affected the last changes to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 budget as permitted by NRS 353.220.

Since the budgetary and GAAP presentations of actual data differ, a reconciliation of ending fund balances is presented below (expressed in thousands):

	 General Fund		State Highway		Municipal Bond Bank	
Fund balances (budgetary basis) June 30, 2014	\$ 579,982	\$	333,446	\$	2	
Adjustments:						
Basis differences:						
Petty cash or outside bank accounts	3,921		172		-	
Investments not recorded on the budgetary basis	10,858		-		255,620	
Accrual of certain other receivables	204,528		726		1	
Inventory	10,958		18,155		-	
Advances to other funds	8,505		-		-	
Accrual of certain accounts payable and other liabilities	(325,412)		-		-	
Unearned revenues	(138,241)		-		-	
Deferred inflows - unavailable	(99,155)		-		-	
Encumbrances	8,838		3,976		-	
Other	(1,242)		(2,718)		-	
Perspective differences:						
Special revenue fund reclassified to General Fund for GAAP purposes	 11,318		-		-	
Fund balances (GAAP basis) June 30, 2014	\$ 274,858	\$	353,757	\$	255,623	

Total fund balance on the budgetary basis in the General Fund at June 30, 2014, is composed of both restricted funds, which are not available for appropriation, and unrestricted funds as follows (expressed in thousands):

(budgetary basis)	\$ 176,442
Unrestricted fund balance	
Restricted funds	 (403,540)
Total fund balance (budgetary basis)	\$ 579,982



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Legislator's Retirement System (LRS)

Schedule of Funding Progress - Actuarial valuations of the LRS are prepared every two years to determine State contributions required to fund the system on an actuarial basis. Beginning with July 1, 2010, the Plan changed the biennial valuation from a calendar year to a fiscal year to be consistent with the financial statements. A schedule of funding progress follows (expressed in thousands):

ctuarial aluation Date	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Actuarial Value of Assets	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Ratio of Assets to AAL	Annual Covered Payroll*	UAAL as a % of Annual Covered Payroll
07/01/10	\$ 5,608	\$ 4,134	\$ 1,474	74%	N/A	N/A
06/30/12	5,578	3,806	1,772	68%	N/A	N/A
06/30/14	5,550	4,303	1,247	78%	N/A	N/A

Trends can be affected by the assets of the Plan, investment experience (favorable or unfavorable), characteristics of the covered members and beneficiaries, salary experience and retirement experience. Changes in benefits provisions and in actuarial methods and assumptions can also affect trends. Actuarial valuation is performed biennially; plans with biennial valuations need not present duplicate information for the intervening years.

LRS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained from the Public Employees' Retirement System, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, Nevada 89703.

Judicial Retirement System (JRS)

Schedule of Funding Progress – The most recent actuarial valuation, dated June 30, 2014, is based on financial data as of that date. A schedule of funding progress follows (expressed in thousands):

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		Actuarial Value of Assets		 nded Accrued (UAAL)	Ratio of Assets to AAL	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Annual Covered Payroll
06/30/12	\$	93,133	\$	63,934	\$ 29,199	69%	\$ 16,635	176%
06/30/13		102,125		73,887	28,238	72%	17,186	164%
06/30/14		107,994		85,612	22,382	79%	18,934	118%

Trends can be affected by the assets of the Plan, investment experience (favorable or unfavorable), characteristics of the covered members and beneficiaries, salary experience and retirement experience. Changes in benefits provisions and in actuarial methods and assumptions can also affect trends.

JRS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained from the Public Employees' Retirement System, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, Nevada 89703.



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

The State has adopted the modified approach for reporting infrastructure assets defined as a single roadway network that includes bridges. Bridges are not considered a subsystem as they are included in the cost of road construction. Under this approach, the State expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. The single roadway network accounted for under the modified approach includes the combination of approximately 5,400 centerline miles of roads and approximately 1,100 bridges.

The State manages its roadway network by dividing the roadway system into five categories based on the traffic load. The categories range from category I, representing the busiest roadways and interstates, to category V, representing the least busy rural routes with an average daily traffic of less than 200 vehicles. To monitor the condition of the roadways the State uses the International Roughness Index (IRI). IRI measures the cumulative deviation from a smooth surface. The lower the IRI value, the better the condition of the roadway. The State has set a policy that it will maintain a certain percentage of each category of its roadways with an IRI of less than 80. The condition assessments show the condition level of the roadways for categories IV and V below the State's minimum percentage. Categories IV and V are non-national highway system roadways. Management is aware of the decline and will continue to monitor the results of future condition assessments. Considering the results of all three condition assessments together, they provide reasonable assurance that the condition level of the roadways is being preserved above, or approximately at, the condition level established. The State has set a policy that it will maintain its bridges so that not more than 10 percent are structurally deficient or functionally obsolete. The following tables show the State's policy and the condition level of the roadways and bridges.

Conc	dition Level of the	Roadways			
Percentage of	f roadways with a	n IRI of less th	nan 80		
	-		Category		
	I	П	m	IV	V
State Policy-minimum percentage	70%	65%	60%	40%	10%
Actual results of 2012 condition assessment	84%	85%	84%	32%	9%
Actual results of 2011 condition assessment	56%	79%	67%	30%	9%
Actual results of 2009 condition assessment	82%	82%	87%	56%	21%

Condition Lo	evel of the Bridg	es							
Percentage of substandard bridges									
	2012	2011	2009						
State Policy-maximum percentage	10%	10%	10%						
Actual results condition assessment	4%	4%	5%						

The following table shows the State's estimate of spending necessary to preserve and maintain the roadway network at, or above, the established condition level and the actual amount spent during the past five fiscal years.

Maintenance and Preservation Costs									
		(Ex	pressed in	The	ousands)				
	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
\$	433,338	\$	402,650	\$	322,210	\$	490,910	\$	181,054
	360,904		325,313		304,333		404,871		151,448
	\$	2014 \$ 433,338	2014 \$ 433,338 \$	2014 (Expressed in 2013 \$ 433,338 \$ 402,650	2014 Expressed in The 2013 \$ 433,338 \$ 402,650 \$	2014 2013 2012 \$ 433,338 \$ 402,650 \$ 322,210	(Expressed in Thousands) 2014 2013 2012 \$ 433,338 \$ 402,650 \$ 322,210 \$	(Expressed in Thousands) 2014 2013 2012 2011 \$ 433,338 \$ 402,650 \$ 322,210 \$ 490,910	(Expressed in Thousands) 2014 2013 2012 2011 \$ 433,338 \$ 402,650 \$ 322,210 \$ 490,910 \$

Maintenance and preservation costs are primarily funded with highway user revenue, fuel taxes, vehicle registration and license fees. The funding level for maintenance and preservation costs is affected by the amount of taxes and fees collected and the amount appropriated for construction of new roadways.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES





(Above), Silver Service for the Battleship USS Nevada on display at the Nevada State Museum in Carson City.

(Right), Judge Chuck Weller shares the history of the USS Nevada on the steps of the Capitol on the 100th anniversary of the launch of the USS Nevada.



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Employment Security Accounts for the administration of employment training programs (NRS 612.607), unemployment compensation claims (NRS 612.605), and employment security laws (NRS 612.615).

Unemployment Comp Bond Fund Accounts for special bond contributions assessed on employers for the purpose of retiring the bonds in the Unemployment Compensation Fund (NRS 612.613)

Regulatory Accounts for receipts and expenditures related to enforcement of regulations on manufactured housing (NRS 489.491), enforcement of regulations pursuant to dairy products (NRS 584.053), legal judgments against real estate licensees (NRS 645.842), regulation of public utilities (NRS 703.147), and regulation of taxicabs (NRS 706.8825).

Higher Education Capital Construction Accounts for the first \$5,000,000 and 20% of the remaining annual slot machine tax, which is designated for capital construction and payment of principal and interest of construction bonds for higher education (NRS 463.385).

Cleaning Up Petroleum Discharges Accounts for fees collected and claims paid related to the use, storage or discharge of petroleum (NRS 590.830).

Hospital Care to Indigent Persons Accounts for taxes levied to provide care to indigent persons hospitalized from motor vehicle accidents, and for taxes received and payments to counties for supplemental medical assistance to indigent persons (NRS 428.175).

Tourism Promotion Accounts for room taxes and other monies designated for the support of the Commission on Tourism (NRS 231.250).

Offenders' Store Accounts for operations of the general merchandise stores and snack bars used by offenders. Earnings, except interest, must be expended for the welfare and benefit of all offenders (NRS 209.221).

Tobacco Settlement Accounts for proceeds from settlement agreements with and civil actions against manufacturers of tobacco products, forty percent of which is allocated to the Millennium Scholarship fund for the purpose of increasing the number of State residents who enroll in and attend a university or community college of the Nevada System of Higher Education (NRS 396.926), and sixty percent of which is allocated to the Healthy Nevada fund (NRS 439.620) for the purpose of assisting Nevada residents in obtaining and maintaining good health.

Attorney General Settlement Accounts for receipts from the National Mortgage Settlement for purposes of foreclosure relief and housing programs.

Gift Accounts for gifts and grants received by the Department of Conservation and Natural Resources (NRS 232.070), the Department of Wildlife (NRS 501.3585), the State Board of Education (NRS 385.095), the State Library and Archives (NRS 378.090), the Division of State Parks (NRS 407.075), the Rehabilitation Division of the Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation (NRS 232.960), and the Department of Health and Human Services (NRS 232.355).

Natural Resources Accounts for grants to publicly owned water systems for water conservation and capital improvements (NRS 349.952).

NV Real Property Corp General Fund Accounts for the general fund activity of the Nevada Real Property Corporation, a blended component unit incorporated to finance certain construction projects.

Miscellaneous Accounts for receipts and expenditures related to compensation of victims of crime (NRS 217.260); fees related to private investigators and recoveries for unfair trade practices (NRS 228.096); prosecution of racketeering (NRS 207.415); and the office of advocate for customers of public utilities (NRS 228.310). It also accounts for private money received by the Division of Museums and History for the Dedicated Trust Fund (NRS 381.0031; receipts for the care of sites for the disposal of radioactive waste (NRS 459.231); and fees collected from owners of mobile home parks to provide mobile home lot rent assistance to low-income mobile home owners (NRS 118B.215).

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Consolidated Bond Interest and Redemption Fund Accumulates monies for the payment of leases and of principal and interest on general obligation bonds of the State (NRS 349.090).

Highway Revenue Bonds Accumulates monies for the payment of principal and interest on highway revenue bonds of the State (NRS 349.300).

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Parks Capital Project Construction Accounts for the parks improvements program for the Division of State Parks of the Department of Conservation and Natural Resources (NRS 407.065).

Capital Improvement Program - Motor Vehicle Accounts for capital improvement projects for the Department of Motor Vehicles and Public Safety (NRS 341.146).

Capital Improvement Program - Human Resources Accounts for capital improvement projects for the Department of Health and Human Services (NRS 341.146). **Capital Improvement Program - University System** Accounts for capital improvement projects for the Nevada System of Higher Education (NRS 341.146).

Capital Improvement Program - General State Government Accounts for capital improvement projects for general government (NRS 341.146).

Capital Improvement Program - Prison System Accounts for capital improvement projects for the Department of Corrections (NRS 341.146).

Capital Improvement Program - Military Accounts for capital improvement projects for the Department of Military (NRS 341.146).

Capital Improvement Program - Wildlife Accounts for capital improvement projects for the Department of Wildlife (NRS 341.146).

NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUND

Henry Wood Christmas Fund Accounts for the bequest of the late Henry Wood to provide Christmas gifts to orphans.

June 30, 2014



	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Henry Wood Christmas Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and pooled investments: Cash with treasurer Cash in custody of other officials	\$ 220,448,142 104,262,958	\$ 145,601,550 -	\$ 88,985,640 -	\$	\$ 455,085,748 104,262,958
Investments	1,503,907	-	-	-	1,503,907
Receivables: Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivables Accrued interest and dividends Other receivables	21,982,056 4,088,292 7,152,110 2,112	- - 767,714 - -	- 1,089,200 - 310,000	- - - -	21,982,056 4,088,292 9,009,024 2,112 310,000
Due from other funds Due from fiduciary funds Due from component units Inventory Advances to other funds Prepaid items	13,109,051 864,807 430 485,916 - 612,383	648,307 - - 903,819 -	2,905,324 - - - -	134 - - - -	16,662,816 864,807 430 485,916 903,819 612,383
Total assets	\$ 374,512,164	\$ 147,921,390	\$ 93,290,164	\$ 50,550	\$ 615,774,268
Liabilities Accounts payable and accruals: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Intergovernmental payables Interest payable	\$ 7,484,856 3,038,629 1,312,560	\$ 263,495 - 2,386,356	\$ 45,622 - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 7,793,973 3,038,629 1,312,560 2,386,356
Contracts payable Retention payable Due to other funds Due to fiduciary funds Due to component units Unearned revenues Other liabilities	41,602,885 5,602 1,401,238 1,243,211 22,142,027	- 55,604 - 27,062 -	4,328,711 519,917 810,261 - 10,757,369 -		4,328,711 519,917 42,468,874 5,602 12,185,669 1,243,211 22,142,027
Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue:	78,231,008	2,732,517	16,461,880	124	97,425,529
Sales and charges for services Settlement income Interest Other	3,796 19,000,000 344,317 350,143	- - 20,950 -	- - 978 -	- - 31	3,796 19,000,000 366,276 350,143
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,698,256	20,950	978	31	19,720,215
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed	1,536,310 175,632,754 99,413,836		69,690,637 7,136,669	30,000 20,395 -	1,566,310 271,655,892 225,406,322
Total fund balances	276,582,900	145,167,923	76,827,306	50,395	498,628,524
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 374,512,164	\$ 147,921,390	\$ 93,290,164	\$ 50,550	\$ 615,774,268

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014



	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Henry Wood Christmas Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues	• 40.000.400	<u> </u>	•	<u>_</u>	A 40.000 400
Gaming taxes, fees, licenses	\$ 13,863,433		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,863,433
Property and transfer taxes Motor and special fuel taxes	11,627,930	134,627,753 70,100,866	-	-	146,255,683 70,100,866
Other taxes	106,603,199	70,100,000	-	-	106,603,199
Intergovernmental	83,918,707	7,787,880	4,728,676	-	96,435,263
Licenses, fees and permits	24,549,211	-	-,120,010	-	24,549,211
Sales and charges for services	16,382,902	477,453	-	-	16,860,355
Interest and investment income	3,939,122	893,446	11	323	4,832,902
Settlement income	40,120,320	-	-	-	40,120,320
Other	5,936,569	-	3,417,690	-	9,354,259
Total revenues	306,941,393	213,887,398	8,146,377	323	528,975,491
Expenditures <i>Current:</i> General government Health and social services Education and support services	348,397 103,165,238 652,998	332,764 - -	-	-	681,161 103,165,238 652,998
Law, justice and public safety	27,043,743	-	-	-	27,043,743
Regulation of business	21,121,493	-	-	-	21,121,493
Recreation, resource development	27,829,075	-	-	-	27,829,075
Intergovernmental Capital outlay	26,027,890 4,540,718	167,250 -	10,000,000 25,200,109	-	36,195,140 29,740,827
Debt service: Principal Interest, fiscal charges Debt issuance costs Arbitrage payments	- 1,250,684 849,109 236,602	164,200,000 104,309,595 76,400	- - 609,532 -	- - -	164,200,000 105,560,279 1,535,041 236,602
Total expenditures	213,065,947	269,086,009	35,809,641	-	517,961,597
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	,,,.				
over expenditures	93,875,446	(55,198,611)	(27,663,264)	323	11,013,894
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of general obligation bonds Sale of general obligation refunding bonds Premium on general obligation bonds	1,455,000 - 76,761	- 4,125,000 391,244	50,430,000 - 5,684,788	-	51,885,000 4,125,000 6,152,793
Payment to refunded bond agent	70,701	(4,424,628)	5,004,700	-	(4,424,628)
Sale of certificates of participation	- 50,445,000	(4,424,020)	-	-	50,445,000
Sale of refunding certificates of participation	35,785,000	-	-	-	35,785,000
Premium on certificates of participation	2,794,120	-	-	-	2,794,120
Payment to refunded certificates of participation agent		-	-	-	(42,799,477)
Sale of capital assets	55,559	-	-	-	55,559
Transfers in	20,985,871	40,519,426	6,909,313	-	68,414,610
Transfers out	(119,827,551)	(1,007,839)	(61,070)	(124)	(120,896,584)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(51,029,717)	39,603,203	62,963,031	(124)	51,536,393
Net change in fund balances	42,845,729	(15,595,408)	35,299,767	199	62,550,287
Fund balances, July 1	233,737,171	160,763,331	41,527,539	50,196	436,078,237
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 276,582,900	\$ 145,167,923	\$ 76,827,306	\$ 50,395	\$ 498,628,524

June 30, 2014

	E	Employment Security		employment np Bond Fund	I	Regulatory	-	her Education Capital construction
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments: Cash with treasurer	\$	12,244,248	\$	-	\$	12,595,872	\$	4,995,467
Cash in custody of other officials	Ψ	125	Ŷ	57,204,386	Ψ	500	Ψ	-
Investments		-		-		-		-
Receivables:								
Accounts receivable		7,441		-		608,764		-
Taxes receivable		233,579		-		-		-
Intergovernmental receivables		6,580,367		-		-		-
Accrued interest and dividends		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		2,259,347		42,784		144,950		9,550,569
Due from fiduciary funds		-		-		-		-
Due from component units		430		-		-		-
Inventory Propaid itoms		- 374 261		-		- 144,278		-
Prepaid items Total assets	¢	374,261	¢	- EZ 047 170	¢		¢	-
Total assets	\$	21,699,798	\$	57,247,170	\$	13,494,364	\$	14,546,036
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accruals:								
Accounts payable	\$	2,465,061	\$	-	\$	192,855	\$	750
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		1,689,232		-		829,490		-
Intergovernmental payables		744,335		-		27		-
Due to other funds		4,592,549		2,006,504		645,906		7,526,295
Due to fiduciary funds		56		-		28		-
Due to component units		24,966		-		7,500		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		1,243,211		-
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		9,516,199		2,006,504		2,919,017		7,527,045
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue:								
Sales and charges for services		-		-		3,796		-
Settlement income		-		-		-		-
Interest		223,334		9,977		4,808		-
Other		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		223,334		9,977		8,604		-
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		374,261		-		144,278		-
Restricted		8,462,811		55,230,689		5,474,787		-
Committed		3,123,193		-		4,947,678		7,018,991
Total fund balances		11,960,265		55,230,689		10,566,743		7,018,991
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances								


 Cleaning Up Petroleum Discharges	spital Care to igent Persons	 Tourism Promotion	Offe	enders' Store	 Tobacco Settlement	orney General Settlement
\$ 11,208,274	\$ 12,226,517	\$ 3,579,974	\$	4,399,841	\$ 74,104,619	\$ 31,397,807
-	-	-		-	-	-
700	- 444,013	- 3,410,700		752,446	19,000,000 -	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
31,583 -	33,828	95,194 -		44,197 811,520	313,823 -	124,609 -
-	-	- - 16,385		- 300,730 46,922	- - 3,724	- - 2,234
\$ 11,240,557	\$ 12,704,358	\$ 7,102,253	\$	6,355,656	\$ 93,422,166	\$ 31,524,650
\$ 348,811 243 -	\$ 377 - -	\$ 2,012,237 105,265 311,416	\$	431,805 205,636 250	\$ 668,807 17,489 115,357	\$ 621,243 20,577 -
3,541,591	12,886,222	162,974 -		258,176 5,518	4,575,142	882,907
-	-	-		- -	16,612 - -	-
 3,890,645	 12,886,599	 2,591,892		901,385	 5,393,407	 1,524,727
7,288	7,888	-		- - 10,213 350,143	- 19,000,000 38,081 -	27,352
 7,288	 7,888	 -		360,356	 19,038,081	 27,352
- - 7,342,624	- - (190,129)	16,385 - 4,493,976		347,652 4,746,263	3,724 - 68,986,954	2,234 29,970,337 -
 7,342,624	 (190,129)	 4,510,361		5,093,915	 68,990,678	 29,972,571
\$ 11,240,557	\$ 12,704,358	\$ 7,102,253	\$	6,355,656	\$ 93,422,166	\$ 31,524,650

June 30, 2014



	Gift	Natural Resources	NV Real Property Corp General Fund	Miscellaneous	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Assets Cash and pooled investments: Cash with treasurer Cash in custody of other officials	\$ 2,344,119 14,552	\$ 14,959,817 -	\$ 481,593 46,902,349	\$ 35,909,994 141,046	\$ 220,448,142 104,262,958
Investments	252,288	-	-	1,251,619	1,503,907
Receivables: Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivables Accrued interest and dividends	2,655 - - 2,112	- - -	- - -	1,610,050 - 571,743 -	21,982,056 4,088,292 7,152,110 2,112
Due from other funds Due from fiduciary funds Due from component units Inventory Prepaid items	8,642 - - -	36,335 - - -	243,244 - - -	179,946 53,287 - 185,186 24,579	13,109,051 864,807 430 485,916 612,383
Total assets	\$ 2,624,368	\$ 14,996,152	\$ 47,627,186	\$ 39,927,450	\$ 374,512,164
Liabilities Accounts payable and accruals: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Intergovernmental payables Due to other funds Due to fiduciary funds Due to component units Unearned revenues Other liabilities Total liabilities Deformed Inflowe of Resources	\$ 22,103 500 - - - - 22,603	\$ 7,086 	\$ - - 20,630 - 1,352,160 - - 1,372,790	\$ 713,721 170,697 304 4,409,603 - - 22,142,027 27,436,352	\$ 7,484,856 3,038,629 1,312,560 41,602,885 5,602 1,401,238 1,243,211 22,142,027 78,231,008
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue: Sales and charges for services Settlement income Interest Other	- - 1,613 -	- - 8,196 -	- - -	5,567	3,796 19,000,000 344,317 350,143
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,613	8,196		5,567	19,698,256
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed	2,355,950 244,202	- 14,746,113 -	- 46,254,396 -	647,776 8,391,408 3,446,347	1,536,310 175,632,754 99,413,836
Total fund balances	2,600,152	14,746,113	46,254,396	12,485,531	276,582,900
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 2,624,368	\$ 14,996,152	\$ 47,627,186	\$ 39,927,450	\$ 374,512,164



	E	mployment Security		employment 1p Bond Fund		Regulatory		gher Education Capital Construction
Revenues Gaming taxes, fees, licenses	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13,863,433
Property and transfer taxes	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Other taxes		12,728,531		57,969,434		59,480		-
Intergovernmental		79,939,941		-		535,204		-
Licenses, fees and permits Sales and charges for services		311,712 754,484		-		19,322,482 4,347		-
Interest and investment income		101,727		33,293		53,676		-
Settlement income		-				-		-
Other		1,117		-		967,469		-
Total revenues		93,837,512		58,002,727		20,942,658		13,863,433
Expenditures Current: General government								_
Health and social services		95,934,345		-		-		-
Education and support services		-		-		-		-
Law, justice and public safety		-		-		-		-
Regulation of business Recreation, resource development		-		-		20,760,229		-
		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Interest		-		-		183		325
Debt issuance costs Arbitrage payments		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		95,934,345				20,760,412		325
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		33,334,343				20,700,412		525
over expenditures		(2,096,833)		58,002,727		182,246		13,863,108
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Sale of general obligation bonds		-		-		-		-
Premium on general obligation bonds		-		-		-		-
Sale of certificates of participation Sale of refunding certificates of participation		-		-		-		-
Premium on certificates of participation		-		-		-		-
Payment to refunded certificates of participation agent		-		-		-		-
Sale of capital assets		1,754		-		53,805		-
Transfers in		4,260,916		-		212,557		-
Transfers out		(8,602,174)		(2,772,038)		(422,977)		(11,687,375)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,339,504)		(2,772,038)		(156,615)		(11,687,375)
Net change in fund balances		(6,436,337)		55,230,689		25,631		2,175,733
Fund balances, July 1		18,396,602		-		10,541,112		4,843,258
Fund balances, June 30	\$	11,960,265	\$	55,230,689	\$	10,566,743	\$	7,018,991



	Cleaning Up Petroleum Discharges	spital Care to igent Persons	 Tourism Promotion	Off	enders' Store	 Tobacco Settlement	Att	torney General Settlement
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	- 12,905,650	11,627,930 -	۔ 19,279,041		-	-		-
	- 418,312	1,279,803 -	- 11,357		- -	-		-
	- 86,884	- 189,681	- 2,077		15,040,324 23,027	- 287,692		- 1,246,690
	-	-	- 6,520		- 9,958	40,120,320 47,144		-
	13,410,846	 13,097,414	 19,298,995		15,073,309	 40,455,156		1,246,690
	-	- 60,000	-		-	344,760 7,124,022		-
	-	-	-		- 11,543,963	-		- 3,778,943
	- 8,457,791	-	- 14,766,354		-	-		-
	365,600	- 535,424	14,700,334		-	- 24,832,856		-
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	 -	 -		-	 -		-
	8,823,391	 595,424	 14,766,354		11,543,963	 32,301,638		3,778,943
	4,587,455	 12,501,990	 4,532,641		3,529,346	 8,153,518		(2,532,253)
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	- (4,554,688)	 - (12,875,813)	69,873 (4,451,069)		- (1,977,021)	 14,951,008 (18,305,012)		- (50,623,541)
	(4,554,688)	 (12,875,813)	 (4,381,196)		(1,977,021)	 (3,354,004)		(50,623,541)
	32,767	(373,823)	151,445		1,552,325	4,799,514		(53,155,794)
_	7,309,857	 183,694	 4,358,916		3,541,590	 64,191,164		83,128,365
\$	7,342,624	\$ (190,129)	\$ 4,510,361	\$	5,093,915	\$ 68,990,678	\$	29,972,571

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

ces	
Page 2 of 2	NEVADA

	Gift	Natural Resources	NV Real Property Corp General Fund	Miscellaneous	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues Gaming taxes, fees, licenses	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 13,863,433
Property and transfer taxes	÷ -	÷ -	÷ -	÷ -	11,627,930
Other taxes	-	-	-	3,661,063	106,603,199
Intergovernmental	-	7,797	-	2,155,962	83,918,707
Licenses, fees and permits	-	-	-	4,485,348	24,549,211
Sales and charges for services	-	-	-	583,747	16,382,902
Interest and investment income	58,664	161,263	1,402,200	292,248	3,939,122
Settlement income Other	- 636,661	- 346	- 2,699,768	- 1,567,586	40,120,320 5,936,569
Total revenues	695,325	169,406	4,101,968	12,745,954	306,941,393
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	-	-	3,637	-	348,397
Health and social services	45,193	-	-	1,678	103,165,238
Education and support services	5,583	-	-	647,415	652,998
Law, justice and public safety	-	-	-	11,720,837	27,043,743
Regulation of business	-	-	-	361,264	21,121,493
Recreation, resource development	202,798	4,402,132	-	-	27,829,075
Intergovernmental	-	294,010	-	-	26,027,890
Capital outlay	-	-	4,540,718	-	4,540,718
Debt service:					
Interest	-	-	1,250,176	-	1,250,684
Debt issuance costs	-	29,670	819,439	-	849,109
Arbitrage payments	-	236,602	-	-	236,602
Total expenditures	253,574	4,962,414	6,613,970	12,731,194	213,065,947
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	441,751	(1 703 008)	(2 512 002)	14,760	93,875,446
over expenditures	441,751	(4,793,008)	(2,512,002)	14,700	93,675,440
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of general obligation bonds	-	1,455,000	-	-	1,455,000
Premium on general obligation bonds	-	76,761	-	-	76,761
Sale of certificates of participation	-	-	50,445,000	-	50,445,000
Sale of refunding certificates of participation	-	-	35,785,000	-	35,785,000
Premium on certificates of participation	-	-	2,794,120	-	2,794,120
Payment to refunded certificates of participation agent	-	-	(42,799,477)	-	(42,799,477)
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	55,559
Transfers in	3,420	10,000	1,003,931	474,166	20,985,871
Transfers out	-	(343,923)	······	(192,145)	(119,827,551)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,420	1,197,838	44,208,799	282,021	(51,029,717)
Net change in fund balances	445,171	(3,595,170)		296,781	42,845,729
Fund balances, July 1	2,154,981	18,341,283	4,557,599	12,188,750	233,737,171
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 2,600,152	\$ 14,746,113	\$ 46,254,396	\$ 12,485,531	\$ 276,582,900

SESQUICENTENNIAL SADDLE



Armando Delgado works on the Nevada sesquicentennial saddle that he made in honor of Nevada's 150th birthday at the J.M. Capriola Co. in Elko.





June 30, 2014

		Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Funds			
	Consolidated Bond Interest and Redemption	Highway Revenue Bonds	Total	Parks Capital Project Construction	CIP Motor Vehicle	
Assets Cash and pooled investments:						
Cash with treasurer	\$ 119,289,444	\$ 26,312,106	\$ 145,601,550	\$ 251,416	\$ 655,579	
<i>Receivables:</i> Intergovernmental receivables Other receivables	767,714	-	767,714	-	-	
Due from other funds	648,307	-	648,307	235,833	49,437	
Advances to other funds	903,819	-	903,819	-	-	
Total assets	\$ 121,609,284	\$ 26,312,106	\$ 147,921,390	\$ 487,249	\$ 705,016	
Liabilities Accounts payable and accruals: Accounts payable Interest payable	\$ 263,495 2,386,356	\$ - -	\$ 263,495 2,386,356	\$	\$	
Contracts payable	-	-	-	49,255	74,464	
Retentions payable Due to other funds	- 55,604	-	- 55,604	- 387,331	- 407,983	
Due to component units	27,062	-	27,062	-	-	
Total liabilities	2,732,517		2,732,517	436,598	482,742	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue:						
Interest	20,950		20,950		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	20,950		20,950			
Fund Balances Restricted	-	26,312,106	26,312,106	-	-	
Committed	118,855,817	-	118,855,817	50,651	222,274	
Total fund balances	118,855,817	26,312,106	145,167,923	50,651	222,274	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 121,609,284	\$ 26,312,106	\$ 147,921,390	\$ 487,249	\$ 705,016	



Capital Projects Funds

CIP Human Resources		CIP University System	CIP General State Government	State CIP Prison		CIP Wildlife		 Total
\$	3,684	\$ 8,565,399	\$ 33,929,881	\$ 33,875,840	\$ 11,563,334	\$	140,507	\$ 88,985,640
	-	-	- 310,000	93,184 -	988,550 -		7,466	1,089,200 310,000
	-	2,504,194	-	-	23,649		92,211	2,905,324
\$	3,684	- \$ 11,069,593	- \$ 34,239,881	- \$ 33,969,024	- \$ 12,575,533	\$	- 240,184	\$ - 93,290,164
\$	-	\$ 1,325	\$ 5,221	\$ 2,241	\$7	\$	36,521	\$ 45,622
	-	- 309,561 360	- 1,638,050 238,894	- 471,869 124,088	- 1,701,750 156,575		- 83,762 -	- 4,328,711 519,917
	-	- 10,757,369	3,030	-	25		11,892 -	810,261 10,757,369
	-	11,068,615	1,885,195	598,198	1,858,357		132,175	 16,461,880
	-	978	-		-		-	 978
		970						 970
	3,684 -		26,897,850 5,456,836	32,977,639 393,187	9,703,455 1,013,721		108,009	69,690,637 7,136,669
	3,684	-	32,354,686	33,370,826	10,717,176		108,009	 76,827,306
\$	3,684	\$ 11,069,593	\$ 34,239,881	\$ 33,969,024	\$ 12,575,533	\$	240,184	\$ 93,290,164

	D	ebt Service Funds	5	Capital Projects Funds		
	Consolidated Bond Interest and Redemption	Highway Revenue Bonds	Total	Parks Capital Project Construction	CIP Motor Vehicle	
Revenues Property and transfer taxes Motor and special fuel taxes Intergovernmental Sales and charges for services Interest and investment income Other	\$ 134,627,753 - 7,787,880 477,453 893,446	\$ - 70,100,866 - - -	\$ 134,627,753 70,100,866 7,787,880 477,453 893,446	\$ - 3,350 - 11	\$ - - - - -	
Total revenues	143,786,532	70,100,866	213,887,398	3,361	_	
Expenditures Current: General government Intergovernmental	332,764 167,250	-	332,764 167,250	-	-	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	516,119	496,530	
Debt service: Principal Interest Debt issuance costs Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues	107,980,000 81,887,175 76,400 190,443,589	56,220,000 22,422,420 - 78,642,420	164,200,000 104,309,595 76,400 269,086,009	516,119	496,530	
over expenditures	(46,657,057)	(8,541,554)	(55,198,611)	(512,758)	(496,530)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of general obligation bonds Sale of general obligation refunding bonds Premium on general obligation bonds Payment to refunded bond agent Transfers in Transfers out	4,125,000 391,244 (4,424,628) 40,519,426 (1,007,839)	- - - - -	4,125,000 391,244 (4,424,628) 40,519,426 (1,007,839)	- - - 471,022 -	- - - 718,804 -	
Total other financing sources (uses)	39,603,203	_	39,603,203	471,022	718,804	
Net change in fund balances	(7,053,854)	(8,541,554)	(15,595,408)	(41,736)	222,274	
Fund balances, July 1	125,909,671	34,853,660	160,763,331	92,387	-	
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 118,855,817	\$ 26,312,106	\$ 145,167,923	\$ 50,651	\$ 222,274	

			С	apital Projects F	unds			
CIP Human Resources		CIP University System	University State		CIP Military	CIP Wildlife	Total	
\$	-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	
	-	-	-	- 106,984	- 4,289,572	- 328,770	- 4,728,676	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	- 1,070	-	- 3,416,620	-	-	-	11 3,417,690	
	1,070		3,416,620	106,984	4,289,572	328,770	8,146,377	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	10,000,000	-	-	-	-	10,000,000	
	3,208	-	11,114,015	4,513,201	7,548,852	1,008,184	25,200,109	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	- 109,815	- 228,479	- 237,104	- 34,134	-	- 609,532	
	3,208	10,109,815	11,342,494	4,750,305	7,582,986	1,008,184	35,809,641	
	(2,138)	(10,109,815)	(7,925,874)	(4,643,321)	(3,293,414)	(679,414)	(27,663,264)	
	-	9,085,626	18,903,376	19,616,934	2,824,064	-	50,430,000	
	-	- 1,024,189	- 2,130,908	۔ 2,211,345	- 318,346	-	- 5,684,788	
	- - (1,070)	-	- 3,887,888 (40,000)	-	1,239,004 (20,000)	- 592,595 -	- 6,909,313 (61,070)	
	(1,070)	10,109,815	24,882,172	21,828,279	4,361,414	592,595	62,963,031	
	(3,208)	-	16,956,298	17,184,958	1,068,000	(86,819)	35,299,767	
	6,892		15,398,388	16,185,868	9,649,176	194,828	41,527,539	
\$	3,684	\$ -	\$ 32,354,686	\$ 33,370,826	\$ 10,717,176	\$ 108,009	\$ 76,827,306	

Capital Projects Funds

Schedule of Total Uses - Budget and Actual, Non GAAP Budgetary Basis All General Fund Budgets

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

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	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
General Fund Unbudgeted Activity/Refunds	\$-	\$ 2,527,552	\$ (2,527,552)
Elected Officials			
Office of the Governor	2,232,955	2,189,360	43,595
Governor's Mansion Maintenance	307,472	282,684	24,788
Governor's Washington Office	253,256	253,256	-
Ethics Commission	787,866	694,959	92,907
High Level Nuclear Waste	1,208,731	1,064,447	144,284
Governor's Office Energy Conservation	4,370,881	3,954,070	416,811
Renewable Energy/Energy Efficiency Loan Program	6,676,354	1,708,924	4,967,430
Renewable Energy	5,890,280	553,118	5,337,162
Lieutenant Governor Attorney General Administrative Account	494,211 27,584,396	471,318 26,507,402	22,893 1,076,994
Attorney General Extradition Coordinator	670,428	20,507,402 658,164	1,076,994
Attorney General Special Fund	3,585,490	1,743,891	1,841,599
Attorney General Workers' Compensation Fraud	4,024,784	3,711,575	313,209
Attorney General Crime Prevention	277,405	269,020	8,385
Attorney General Medicaid Fraud	4,329,349	1,872,480	2,456,869
Attorney General Violence Against Women Grants	4,600,251	2,285,626	2,314,625
Attorney General Council For Prosecuting Attorneys	394,546	200,087	194,459
Attorney General Victims of Domestic Violence	522,182	381,632	140,550
Private Investigators Licensing Board	1,378,475	1,177,812	200,663
Secretary of State	15,085,921	13,817,046	1,268,875
Secretary of State HAVA Elections Account	3,608,985	983,598	2,625,387
Secretary of State Advisory Committee Gift	61	-	_,,61
Secretary of State Notary Training	280,462	99.576	180,886
State Treasurer	2,606,977	2,469,967	137,010
Silicosis and Disabled Pensions	146,309	38,503	107,806
Nevada College Savings Trust	4,023,182	3,727,243	295,939
Endowment Account	12,938,295	5,931,344	7,006,951
College Savings Private Entity	83,419	-	83,419
Unclaimed Property	1,932,070	1,850,691	81,379
Controller's Office	5,172,037	4,890,163	281,874
Debt Recovery	483,730	85,842	397,888
Rainy Day	84,737,276	84,737,276	-
	200,688,036	168,611,074	32,076,962
Legislative–Judicial Judicial Branch			
Administrative Office of the Courts	5,603,972	3,360,377	2,243,595
Judicial Programs and Services Division	1,316,284	1,166,855	149,429
Uniform System of Judicial Records	3,705,226	987,739	2,717,487
Judicial Education	1,824,868	842,464	982,404
State Judicial Elected Officials	21,229,006	21,220,789	8,217
Judicial Support, Governance and Special Events	1,006,971	319,784	687,187
Judicial Retirement System State Share	2,037,650	2,037,650	-
Supreme Court	11,055,105	10,555,187	499,918
Specialty Courts	8,360,434	5,720,384	2,640,050
Senior Justice and Senior Judge Program	1,529,798	1,400,769	129,029
Judicial Selection	18,270	1,529	16,741
Foreclosure Mediation Program	3,539,350	1,927,498	1,611,852
Law Library Gift Fund	87,826	18,598	69,228
Law Library	1,641,753	1,596,393	45,360
Judicial Discipline Legislative Branch	817,783	761,251	56,532
Interim Finance Committee	26,511,021	13,727,148	12,783,873
Disaster Relief	7,513,130	296,329	7,216,801
So Nevada Community Project Fund	1,321		1,321
	97,799,768	65,940,744	31,859,024
	91,199,100	00,940,744	31,039,024

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Finance and Administration Department of Administration Construction Education Account			
Department of Administration			
Construction Education Account			
	\$ 345,708	\$ 204,529	\$ 141,179
Commission For Women	1,504	-	1,504
State Archives	1,235,006	1,195,416	39,590
NSLA - IPS Equipment/Software	32,444	-	32,444
Nevada State Library	4,904,680	4,735,961	168,719
Nevada State Library - CLAN	462,356	312,925	149,431
Special Appropriations	1,700,000	665,309	1,034,691
Judicial College/Juvenile and Family Justice	130,430	130,430	-
Budget and Planning	4,175,225	4,086,890	88,335
Internal Audit	1,236,708	1,230,806	5,902
Graffiti Reward Fund	7,706	-	7,706
Merit Award Board	1,100	-	1,100
Roof Maintenance Reserve	808,507	50,750	757,757
Public Works Division Administration	864,878	864,875	3
Public Works Division	272,104	267,974	4,130
Public Works Inspection	4,373,020	3,639,024	733,996
Public Works Retention Payment	94,330	866	93,464
Building Official Admin	1,934,076	481,547	1,452,529
State Unemployment Compensation	6,316,463	1,936,947	4,379,516
Hearings and Appeals	4,502,884	4,308,955	193,929
General Fund Salary Adjustment	16,024,944	6,384,908	9,640,036
Stale Claims	3,902,708	1,558,813	2,343,895
Emergency Fund	460,765	237,951	222,814
Statutory Contingency	3,393,110	2,917,601	475,509
Department of Taxation	00 007 450	20 520 245	407 007
Department of Taxation	26,937,152	26,529,315	407,837
	84,117,808	61,741,792	22,376,016
Education			
Department of Education			
Distributive School Account	1,444,906,084	1,444,906,081	3
School Health Education - AIDS	40,228	27,112	13,116
Educator Effectiveness	150,000	150,000	-
School Remediation	99,565,966	87,804,251	11,761,715
State Supplemental School Support	144,981,421	141,236,516	3,744,905
Education State Programs	4,576,414	3,846,868	729,546
Educational Trust Fund	736,095	366,149	369,946
Career and Technical Education	11,089,848	8,829,818	2,260,030
Gear Up	7,732,279	4,822,682	2,909,597
Gear Up Scholarship Trust	11,849,261	1,825,074	10,024,187
Continuing Education	8,265,246	6,184,822	2,080,424
Proficiency Testing	6,732,044	5,783,831	948,213
Other State Education Programs	30,430,651	29,672,994	757,657
Account for Health Education of Minors	550	-	550
Education Technology Trust	20,420	-	20,420
Professional Licensing and Testing	2,464,827	1,360,703	1,104,124
Discretionary Grants - Unrestricted	455,447	216,247	239,200
Public Charter School Loan Program	750,000	144,413	605,587
Discretionary Grants - Restricted	32,994,507	18,777,687	14,216,820
Elementary and Secondary Ed - Title I	149,954,498	107,878,695	42,075,803
Elementary and Secondary Ed Titles II, V & VI	45,452,808	29,356,923	16,095,885
Individuals with Disabilities (IDEA)	93,803,269	76,607,730	17,195,539
Education Staffing Services	1,851,756	1,760,511	91,245
-	2 042 420	2,250,597	1,562,833
Education Support Services	3,813,430		
Education Support Services Incentives for Licensed Educational Personnel	8,800,000	4,940,767	3,859,233
Education Support Services Incentives for Licensed Educational Personnel Student Indemnification Account			
Education Support Services Incentives for Licensed Educational Personnel	8,800,000		3,859,233

Schedule of Total Uses - Budget and Actual, Non GAAP Budgetary Basis All General Fund Budgets

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

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	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Education for Dependent Children	\$ 48,231 \$	2,812	\$ 45,419
University of Nevada - Reno	167,816,734	167,279,169	537,565
School of Medical Sciences	36,164,251	36,045,826	118,425
Intercollegiate Athletics UNR	4,965,230	4,965,230	-
Statewide Programs - UNR	7,018,477	7,016,541	1,936
University System Administration	4,747,300	4,747,300	-
University of Nevada Las Vegas	232,250,464	231,595,664	654,800
Intercollegiate Athletics UNLV	7,038,125	7,038,125	-
Agricultural Experiment Station	6,461,411	6,455,608	5,803
Cooperative Extension Service	5,332,529	4,948,152	384,377
System Computing Center	16,567,790	16,567,788	2
UNLV Law School	12,470,902	12,020,780	450,122
National Direct Student Loan Program	35,793	35,793	-
University Press	397,206	397,206	-
Statewide Programs - UNLV	2,862,214	2,862,214	-
Business Center North	1,826,295	1,826,295	-
Business Center South	1,628,993	1,628,993	-
Anatomical Gift Account	444,376	65,000	379,376
UNLV Dental School	15,581,477	15,311,475	270,002
Collegiate License Plate Account	322,744	310,295	12,449
Nevada State College at Henderson	18,554,882	18,528,868	26,014
College of Southern Nevada	130,526,153	128,305,502	2,220,651
Laboratory and Research	1,502,190	1,502,190	-
Great Basin College	16,145,501	15,883,896	261,605
Desert Research Institute	7,655,368	7,655,368	-
Western Nevada College	19,109,668	18,031,288	1,078,380
Truckee Meadows Community College	43,273,222	42,441,015	832,207
WICHE Loan and Stipend	1,184,320	1,008,237	176,083
WICHE Administration	328,459	326,063	2,396
State Public Charter School Authority	6,896,072	4,933,608	1,962,464
Commission on Postsecondary Education	415,625	385,487	30,138
Human Candiaca	2,884,409,499	2,740,544,271	143,865,228
Human Services Director's Office			
DHR Administration	7,175,371	4,060,468	3,114,903
Grants Management Unit	28,311,710	26,685,823	1,625,887
Prevention/Treatment of Problem Gambling	2,013,617	1,386,811	626,806
IDEA Part C Compliance	3,972,105	3,846,447	125,658
Developmental Disabilities	658,901	567,341	91,560
Victims of Human Trafficking	50,000	507,541	50,000
Public Defender	3,592,319	3,506,079	86,240
	3,332,313	, ,	343,789
Consumer Health Assistance	1 766 100	1 422 401	
	1,766,190	1,422,401	
DHR Children's Trust Account	1,025,987	572,114	453,873
UPL Holding Account			453,873
DHR Children's Trust Account UPL Holding Account Aging and Disability Services Division	1,025,987 5,411,315	572,114 912,500	453,873 4,498,815
DHR Children's Trust Account UPL Holding Account <i>Aging and Disability Services Division</i> Early Intervention Services	1,025,987 5,411,315 33,579,668	572,114 912,500 28,117,404	453,873 4,498,815 5,462,264
DHR Children's Trust Account UPL Holding Account Aging and Disability Services Division Early Intervention Services Family Preservation Program	1,025,987 5,411,315 33,579,668 2,776,202	572,114 912,500 28,117,404 2,672,978	453,873 4,498,815 5,462,264 103,224
DHR Children's Trust Account UPL Holding Account Aging and Disability Services Division Early Intervention Services Family Preservation Program Rural Regional Center	1,025,987 5,411,315 33,579,668 2,776,202 15,537,825	572,114 912,500 28,117,404 2,672,978 14,411,859	453,873 4,498,815 5,462,264 103,224 1,125,966
DHR Children's Trust Account UPL Holding Account Aging and Disability Services Division Early Intervention Services Family Preservation Program Rural Regional Center Desert Regional Center	1,025,987 5,411,315 33,579,668 2,776,202 15,537,825 100,673,513	572,114 912,500 28,117,404 2,672,978 14,411,859 97,236,528	453,873 4,498,815 5,462,264 103,224 1,125,966 3,436,985
DHR Children's Trust Account UPL Holding Account Aging and Disability Services Division Early Intervention Services Family Preservation Program Rural Regional Center Desert Regional Center Sierra Regional Center	1,025,987 5,411,315 33,579,668 2,776,202 15,537,825 100,673,513 35,934,676	572,114 912,500 28,117,404 2,672,978 14,411,859 97,236,528 35,608,046	453,873 4,498,815 5,462,264 103,224 1,125,966 3,436,985 326,630
DHR Children's Trust Account UPL Holding Account Aging and Disability Services Division Early Intervention Services Family Preservation Program Rural Regional Center Desert Regional Center Sierra Regional Center Aging Federal Programs and Administration	1,025,987 5,411,315 33,579,668 2,776,202 15,537,825 100,673,513 35,934,676 26,878,190	572,114 912,500 28,117,404 2,672,978 14,411,859 97,236,528 35,608,046 19,353,224	453,873 4,498,815 5,462,264 103,224 1,125,966 3,436,985 326,630 7,524,966
DHR Children's Trust Account UPL Holding Account Aging and Disability Services Division Early Intervention Services Family Preservation Program Rural Regional Center Desert Regional Center Sierra Regional Center Aging Federal Programs and Administration Disability Services	1,025,987 5,411,315 33,579,668 2,776,202 15,537,825 100,673,513 35,934,676	572,114 912,500 28,117,404 2,672,978 14,411,859 97,236,528 35,608,046	453,873 4,498,815 5,462,264 103,224 1,125,966 3,436,985 326,630 7,524,966
DHR Children's Trust Account UPL Holding Account Aging and Disability Services Division Early Intervention Services Family Preservation Program Rural Regional Center Desert Regional Center Sierra Regional Center Aging Federal Programs and Administration Disability Services Division of Health Care Financing and Policy	1,025,987 5,411,315 33,579,668 2,776,202 15,537,825 100,673,513 35,934,676 26,878,190 26,382,434	572,114 912,500 28,117,404 2,672,978 14,411,859 97,236,528 35,608,046 19,353,224 22,354,177	453,873 4,498,815 5,462,264 103,224 1,125,966 3,436,985 326,630 7,524,966 4,028,257
DHR Children's Trust Account UPL Holding Account <i>Aging and Disability Services Division</i> Early Intervention Services Family Preservation Program Rural Regional Center Desert Regional Center Sierra Regional Center Aging Federal Programs and Administration Disability Services <i>Division of Health Care Financing and Policy</i> Intergovernmental Transfer Program	1,025,987 5,411,315 33,579,668 2,776,202 15,537,825 100,673,513 35,934,676 26,878,190 26,382,434 122,478,503	572,114 912,500 28,117,404 2,672,978 14,411,859 97,236,528 35,608,046 19,353,224 22,354,177 89,071,905	453,873 4,498,815 5,462,264 103,224 1,125,966 3,436,985 326,630 7,524,966 4,028,257 33,406,598
DHR Children's Trust Account UPL Holding Account <i>Aging and Disability Services Division</i> Early Intervention Services Family Preservation Program Rural Regional Center Desert Regional Center Sierra Regional Center Aging Federal Programs and Administration Disability Services <i>Division of Health Care Financing and Policy</i> Intergovernmental Transfer Program Health Care Financing and Policy	1,025,987 5,411,315 33,579,668 2,776,202 15,537,825 100,673,513 35,934,676 26,878,190 26,382,434 122,478,503 147,483,747	572,114 912,500 28,117,404 2,672,978 14,411,859 97,236,528 35,608,046 19,353,224 22,354,177 89,071,905 123,305,298	453,873 4,498,815 5,462,264 103,224 1,125,966 3,436,985 326,630 7,524,966 4,028,257 33,406,598 24,178,449
DHR Children's Trust Account UPL Holding Account <i>Aging and Disability Services Division</i> Early Intervention Services Family Preservation Program Rural Regional Center Desert Regional Center Sierra Regional Center Aging Federal Programs and Administration Disability Services <i>Division of Health Care Financing and Policy</i> Intergovernmental Transfer Program Health Care Financing and Policy Increased Quality of Nursing Care	1,025,987 5,411,315 33,579,668 2,776,202 15,537,825 100,673,513 35,934,676 26,878,190 26,382,434 122,478,503 147,483,747 30,947,740	572,114 912,500 28,117,404 2,672,978 14,411,859 97,236,528 35,608,046 19,353,224 22,354,177 89,071,905 123,305,298 28,830,294	453,873 4,498,815 5,462,264 103,224 1,125,966 3,436,985 326,630 7,524,966 4,028,257 33,406,598 24,178,449 2,117,446
DHR Children's Trust Account	1,025,987 5,411,315 33,579,668 2,776,202 15,537,825 100,673,513 35,934,676 26,878,190 26,382,434 122,478,503 147,483,747	572,114 912,500 28,117,404 2,672,978 14,411,859 97,236,528 35,608,046 19,353,224 22,354,177 89,071,905 123,305,298	453,873 4,498,815 5,462,264 103,224 1,125,966 3,436,985 326,630 7,524,966 4,028,257 33,406,598 24,178,449 2,117,446 2,517,448 34,952,923

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	Fi	nal Budget		Actual		Variance
Division of Public and Behavioral Health Radiological Health	\$	4,538,675	\$	2,674,405	\$	1,864,270
Cancer Control Registry	φ		φ		φ	657,476
HHS - SAPTA		1,464,599 23,735,617		807,123 20,242,747		3,492,870
Health Statistics and Planning		1,987,473		1,208,262		779,211
Consumer Protection		2,556,328		1,899,735		656,593
So NV Adult Mental Health Services		91,600,361		88,921,695		2,678,666
No NV Adult Mental Health Services		30,236,554		28,913,375		1,323,179
Behavioral Health Information System		2,801,121		2,460,861		340,260
Behavioral Health Administration		10,418,765		7,473,380		2,945,385
Facility for the Mental Offender		10,243,185		9,976,694		266,491
Alcohol Tax Program		1,805,676		1,451,873		353,803
Rural Clinics		12,473,431		11,623,594		849,837
Immunization Program		10,040,087		7,464,812		2,575,275
Marijuana Health Registry WIC Food Supplement		3,567,612 72,826,006		1,146,523 65,534,267		2,421,089 7,291,739
Communicable Diseases		20,099,804		17,797,878		2,301,926
Health Facilities		16,868,915		8,914,366		7,954,549
Health Facilities-Admin Penalty		349,412		62,570		286,842
Public Health Preparedness Program		12,659,391		12,057,398		601,993
Biostatistics and Epidemiology		5,521,522		4,937,803		583,719
Chronic Disease		7,655,805		6,307,077		1,348,728
Maternal Child Health Services		10,166,908		8,440,002		1,726,906
Office of State Health Administration		6,444,284		4,451,834		1,992,450
Community Health Services		3,627,420		3,087,994		539,426
Emergency Medical Services		1,085,706		925,263		160,443
Child Care Services		1,575,691		1,202,671		373,020
Division of Welfare and Supportive Services		64 926 074		46 605 750		10 001 010
Welfare Administration		64,836,971 51,241,120		46,605,759		18,231,212
Temp Assistance for Needy Families Assistance to Aged and Blind		51,241,139 8,608,987		50,109,126 8,608,987		1,132,013
Welfare Field Services		89,839,767		83,717,620		- 6,122,147
Child Support Enforcement Program		21,743,596		12,926,950		8,816,646
Collection and Distribution Account		39,052,413		22,029,300		17,023,113
Child Care Assistance and Development		38,568,840		31,086,551		7,482,289
Energy Assistance - Welfare		23,366,764		19,421,921		3,944,843
Division of Child and Family Services						
Community Juvenile Justice Programs		4,911,449		3,664,135		1,247,314
Washoe County Integration		35,446,377		28,827,696		6,618,681
Clark County Child Welfare		104,887,534		89,645,359		15,242,175
UNITY/SACWIS		6,438,047		6,059,985		378,062
Children, Youth and Family Administration		21,808,582		17,390,810		4,417,772
Youth Alternative Placement		4,191,465		4,191,465		-
Juvenile Correctional Facility Caliente Youth Center		3,524,879 8,050,686		3,038,031 7,783,566		486,848 267,120
Victims of Domestic Violence		3,572,354		2,826,831		745,523
Rural Child Welfare		19,680,774		17,676,105		2,004,669
Transition from Foster Care		1,912,512		644,272		1,268,240
Review of Death of Children		355,511		75,019		280,492
Nevada Youth Training Center		6,992,494		6,405,830		586,664
Youth Parole Services		6,127,415		5,217,298		910,117
Farm Account - Youth Training Center		11,650		-		11,650
No NV Child and Adolescent Services		7,822,879		7,459,591		363,288
So NV Child and Adolescent Services		24,202,191		21,406,965		2,795,226
Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation						
Blind Business Enterprise Program		6,653,279		2,203,800		4,449,479
Services to the Blind		4,265,246		3,919,906		345,340
Vocational Rehabilitation		17,585,854		16,609,518		976,336
Rehabilitation Administration		1,416,834		1,167,479		249,355
Disability Adjudication		16,749,703		15,070,226		1,679,477

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

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	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Office of Equal Rights	\$ 1,416,068	\$ 1,231,131	\$ 184,937
DETR Administrative Services	6,113,865	5,557,118	556,747
Research and Analysis	2,931,188	2,526,068	405,120
Information Develoment and Processing	13,676,000	12,270,662	1,405,338
	3,734,030,262	3,446,837,196	287,193,066
Commerce and Industry Office of Economic Development			
Governor's Office of Economic Development	10,273,164	10,139,259	133,905
Motion Pictures	987,521	681,331	306,190
Rural Community Development	2,379,964	1,719,391	660,573
NV SSBCI Program	8,642,685	850,251	7,792,434
Nevada Catalyst Fund	10,040,932	-	10,040,932
GOED Nevada Knowledge Fund	5,018,679	824,146	4,194,533
Small Business and Procurement	549,569	527,079	22,490
Commission on Mineral Resources	2 257 008	2 276 014	000 104
Minerals Bond Reclamation	3,257,098 6,330,510	2,276,914 513,512	980,184 5,816,998
Department of Agriculture	0,000,010	515,512	5,010,550
Nevada Beef Council	301,045	293,807	7,238
Commodity Food Program	17,283,493	15,089,885	2,193,608
Nutrition Education Programs	130,578,974	127,494,363	3,084,611
Weed Abatement and Control	100,076	-	100,076
Plant Health and Quarantine Services	449,144	443,619	5,525
Agriculture Research and Promotion	107,904	1,692	106,212
Agricultural Registration/Enforcement	4,454,628	2,865,933	1,588,695
Livestock Inspection	1,938,490	1,487,538	450,952
Agriculture License Plates	32,105	16,925	15,180
Veterinary Medical Services	1,128,533	1,027,653	100,880
Consumer Equitibility	3,704,519	2,502,171	1,202,348
Pest, Plant Disease and Noxious Weed Junior Agricultural Loan Program	1,382,788 254,845	1,148,594	234,194 254,845
Agriculture Administration	2,712,499	2,696,362	16,137
Rangeland Resources Commission	224,090	101,562	122,528
Rangeland Grasshopper and Morman Cricket	476,349	84,611	391,738
Predatory Animal and Rodent Control	1,142,706	988,440	154,266
Department of Tourism and Cultural Affairs			
Lost City Museum	448,949	418,083	30,866
LV Springs Preserve Museum Dev	602,835	173,536	429,299
Nevada Historical Society	552,054	493,362	58,692
Nevada State Museum	1,608,036	1,560,063	47,973
Museums and History Administration	363,962	362,514	1,448
Nevada State Museum, Las Vegas	1,418,322	1,394,842	23,480
State Railroad Museums	1,308,793 50,000	1,168,296 50,000	140,497
Nevada Humanities Nevada Arts Council	2,051,080	1,939,605	- 111,475
Indian Commission	2,031,000	245,597	16,160
Gaming Control Board	201,757	240,007	10,100
Gaming Control Board	43,694,797	38,189,529	5,505,268
Gaming Control Federal Forfeiture	673,369	46,708	626,661
Gaming Control - Forfeiture Account	642,449	89,444	553,005
Gaming Control - Other State Forfeiture	505,440	-	505,440
Federal Forfeiture Treasury	5,198,497	179,380	5,019,117
Gaming Commission	412,303	359,170	53,133
Department of Business and Industry			
Business and Industry Administration	4,674,963	4,145,982	528,981
New Market Performance Guarantee	6,250,000	-	6,250,000
Nevada Home Retention Program	49,000,000	49,000,000	-
Industrial Development Bonds	546,181	19,249	526,932
Special Housing Assistance	5,003,042	2,708,357	2,294,685
Low Income Housing Trust Fund	20,640,002	5,981,920	14,658,082

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	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
DOE Weatherization	\$ 6,016,954	\$ 4,515,078	\$ 1,501,876
Employee Management Relations	607,211	440,118	167,093
Common Interest Communities	3,925,238	1,774,913	2,150,325
Real Estate	2,746,623	2,587,334	159,289
Athletic Commission	859,585	630,775	228,810
Labor Relations	1,452,509	1,312,315	140,194
Division of Mortgage Lending	4,660,218	1,869,617	2,790,601
Attorney for Injured Workers	3,348,670	3,217,291	131,379
Financial Institutions Investigations	974,839	35,306	939,533
Financial Institutions	6,383,078	3,141,743	3,241,335
Financial Institutions Audit	271,718	101,649	170,069
Transportation Services Authority	2,949,140	2,788,512	160,628
TSA Administrative Fines	556,416	173,328	383,088
	394,411,340	304,888,654	89,522,686
Public Safety			
Department of Corrections Prison Medical Care	45 999 200	45 274 607	E12 E02
Corrections Administration	45,888,200	45,374,607 23,795,887	513,593
	24,065,552	-))	269,665
Correctional Programs So Nevada Correctional Center	7,301,563	7,044,952	256,611
	232,079	231,532	547
Warm Springs Correctional Center	10,216,228	10,130,449	85,779
No Nevada Correctional Center Nevada State Prison	25,903,687	25,833,118	70,569 80
Stewart Conservation Camp	83,507 1,701,627	83,427 1,691,984	9,643
Pioche Conservation Camp	, ,	1,608,679	3,982
Restitution Center North	1,612,661 1,272,719	1,250,454	22,265
Three Lakes Valley Conservation Camp	2,230,362	2,227,979	2,383
Southern Desert Correctional Center	21,355,170	21,330,045	2,303
Wells Conservation Camp	1,182,997	1,168,259	14,738
Humboldt Conservation Camp	1,197,266	1,188,836	8,430
Ely Conservation Camp	1,245,140	1,231,237	13,903
Jean Conservation Camp	1,490,219	1,425,740	64,479
Silver Springs Conservation Camp	2,352	2,352	04,475
Ely State Prison	25,475,416	25,336,303	139,113
Carlin Conservation Camp	1,189,786	1,179,465	10,321
Tonopah Conservation Camp	1,280,030	1,267,610	12,420
Lovelock Correctional Center	21,915,492	21,810,227	105,265
Florence McClure Women's Correctional Center	13,968,329	13,917,694	50,635
High Desert State Prison	44,431,188	44,403,320	27,868
Casa Grande Transitional Housing	4,330,360	4,272,875	57,485
Department of Public Safety	1,000,000	1,212,010	01,100
Emergency Management Division	6,847,316	4,034,106	2,813,210
Emergency Mgmt Assistance Grant	37,775,474	16,900,718	20,874,756
Emergency Assistance Subaccount	520,599	85,247	435,352
Parole and Probation	42,132,469	41,243,117	889,352
Fund for Reentry Programs	6,947		6,947
Investigations	7,521,591	6,356,003	1,165,588
Training Division	1,133,228	1,072,996	60,232
Parole Board	2,579,111	2,505,324	73,787
Fire Marshal	3,091,341	2,528,407	562,934
Traffic Safety	13,206,121	6,288,691	6,917,430
Highway Safety Plan and Administration	8,666,527	4,567,255	4,099,272
Motorcycle Safety Program	703,203	372,215	330,988
Public Safety General Services	6,246,393	5,398,705	847,688
K-9 Program	58,614	46,187	12,427
Forfeitures	2,540,251	1,795,803	744,448
Justice Assistance Account	2,117,107	536,436	1,580,671
Justice Assistance Grant	3,970,094	2,461,820	1,508,274
Criminal History Repository	23,434,762	14,038,033	9,396,729
		,000,000	0,000,120

Schedule of Total Uses - Budget and Actual, Non GAAP Budgetary Basis All General Fund Budgets

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

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	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Child Volunteer Background Checks Trust	\$ 15,087	\$ 15,087	\$ -
Contingency Account for Haz Mat	514,309	311,803	202,506
Cigarette Fire Safety Standard	186,448	29,435	157,013
Justice Grant	508,624	479,713	28,911
Dignitary Protection	1,040,493	981,643	58,850
Department of Motor Vehicles			
Motor Vehicle Pollution Control	11,924,365	9,898,038	2,026,327
Peace Officers Standards and Training	2,240,638	1,938,937	301,701
	438,984,552	382,108,839	56,875,713
Infrastructure			
Department of Wildlife			
Conservation Education	2,519,923	2,129,557	390,366
Law Enforcement	7,072,597	6,323,162	749,435
Game Management	5,721,625	4,979,639	741,986
Fisheries Management	8,223,457	6,974,627	1,248,830
Diversity	2,476,967	2,014,092	462,875
Habitat	6,860,546	5,587,888	1,272,658
Wildlife Director's Office	3,837,872	3,576,470	261,402
Wildlife Operations	8,588,037	7,969,193	618,844
Wildlife Heritage Account	7,636,498	387,788	7,248,710
Wildlife Fund	34,359,400	20,093,249	14,266,151
Wildlife Habitat Enhancements	7,695,477	921,316	6,774,161
Department of Conservation and Natural Resources	282 701	168.068	114 722
State Environmental Commission Natural Resources Administration	283,701	168,968	114,733
	1,263,049	1,090,370	172,679
Conservation and Natural Resources Gift	157,500	10,000	147,500
NV State Parks/Cultural Resources Endowment	510,000 2,825,706	- 322,035	510,000
Water Resources Legal Cost Tahoe Regional Planning Agency	14,807,760	1,537,553	2,503,671 13,270,207
Conservation Districts	537,696	417,348	120,348
Cultural Resource Program	1,144,689	155,597	989,092
Historic Preservation and Archives	1,788,918	1,489,236	299,682
Comstock Historic District	164,959	164,873	86
Comstock Historical District Gifts	55,429	18,028	37,401
Parks Federal Grant Programs	6,686,229	1,476,651	5,209,578
State Parks	13,083,710	10,670,487	2,413,223
State Parks Interpretive and Educational Program	888,609	560,389	328,220
Maintenance of State Parks	2,543,643	900,429	1,643,214
State Parks Facility and Grounds Maintenance	14,956,785	170,363	14,786,422
Coyote Srings Groundwater Basin	38,136	4,175	33,961
Flood Control Revenue Fund	251,982	10,913	241,069
USGS Co-Op	1,317,399	467,514	849,885
Groundwater Recharge Projects	332,166	48,889	283,277
Water Right Surveyors	70,617	7,155	63,462
Well Driller's Licenses	50,549	32,759	17,790
Water Resources	8,681,482	6,185,257	2,496,225
Water Resources Cooperative Project	1,373,631	431,744	941,887
State Engineer Revenue	267,917	64,087	203,830
Little Humboldt River	147,416	46,655	100,761
Quinn River Distribution	53,430	2,659	50,771
Water Studies	277,000	-	277,000
Adjudication Emergency	16,623	677	15,946
Steptoe Valley Water Basin	15,543	8,212	7,331
Diamond Valley Ground Water	24,821	12,709	12,112
Lake Valley Ground Water Basin	33,548	3,294	30,254
Middle Reese River Ground Water Basin	35,069	1,551	33,518
Dixie Creek/10 Mi Ground Water	15,815	5,147	10,668
Churchill Valley Ground Water	16,174	6,563	9,611
Colorado River Valley	17,427	170	17,257
	,		

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	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Amargosa Valley Ground Water	\$ 23,745	\$ 6,053	\$ 17,692
Las Vegas Basin Water District	4,983,756	1,306,157	3,677,599
Muddy River Surface Water	27,869	12,068	15,801
Pahranagat Lake	76,777	56,023	20,754
Pahrump Artesian Basin	184,764	38,984	145,780
Boulder Flat Ground Water	125,917	6,166	119,751
Dayton Valley Ground Water	26,629	12,686	13,943
Mason Valley Ground Water	138,484	18,054	120,430
Humboldt Water District	458,975	266,558	192,417
Water District Revenue Fund	3,702,896	3,405,096	297,800
Smith Valley Artesian Basin	56,919	16,124	40,795
Currant Creek	5,251	-	5,251
Duckwater Creek	51,038	11,505	39,533
Paradise Valley Ground Water	37,211	10,335	26,876
Upper White River	12,109	3,143	8,966
Muddy River Springs	15,283	1,928	13,355
Kingston Creek	6,103	-	6,103
Warm Springs/Winnemucca Creek	15,672	3,632	12,040
Eagle Valley	71,023	4,938	66,085
Carson Valley Ground Water	47,795	14,835	32,960
Fish Lake Valley Artesian	20,437	5,657	14,780
Carico Creek	443	12	431
Lemmon Valley	52,364	3,876	48,488
Truckee Meadows/Sun Valley	126,167	30,214	95,953
Antelope Valley Ground Water Basin	15,983	1,067	14,916
Warm Springs Ground Water	35,328	393	34,935
Lower Moapa Valley Groundwater	11,002	202	10,800
Honey Lake Valley	20,665	217	20,448
Whirlwind Valley	12,575	286	12,289
Crescent Water Groundwater	26,622	2,524	24,098
Clovers Area Groundwater	40,558	2,218	38,340
Cold Springs Valley	26,336	658	25,678
Imlay Ground Water	10,198	5,859	4,339
Kelly Creek Ground Water	37,718	1,617	36,101
Lower Reese River Valley	28,982	1,199	27,783
Maggie Creek	47,678	5,137	42,541
North Fork Ground Water	25,062	1,394	23,668
Pleasant Valley	6,603	3,397	3,206
Forestry	19,492,440	11,449,628	8,042,812
Forest Fire Suppression/Emergency Response	11,531,036	8,404,934	3,126,102
Forestry Conservation Camps	11,744,959	9,151,397	2,593,562
Forestry Inter-Gov Agreements	3,724,606	3,052,776	671,830
Wildland Fire Protection Program	1,482,774	665,303	817,471
Tahoe License Plates	1,956,324	179,294	1,777,030
Nevada Tahoe Regional Planning Agency	1,318	474	844
State Lands	1,958,839	1,634,397	324,442
State Lands Revolving Account	125,806	57,548	68,258
Tahoe Bond Sale	1,232,814	37,992	1,194,822
Tahoe Mitigation	3,453,100	539,263	2,913,837
Nevada Natural Heritage	1,078,807	787,274	291,533
AB9/Q1 Bonds	12,137,417	3,177,006	8,960,411
Storage Tank Management	329,886	-	329,886
Environmental Protection Administration	6,713,092	5,848,386	864,706
Chemical Hazard Prevention	1,139,438	480,881	658,557
Reclamation Surety Account	35,755,316		35,755,316
Air Quality Management Account	12,491,348	3,372,445	9,118,903
Air Quality	9,173,174	6,673,457	2,499,717
-	7,540,605	3,920,559	3,620,046
Buleau of Waler			
Bureau of Water Water Quality Planning	7,185,228	3,873,200	3,312,028

Schedule of Total Uses - Budget and Actual, Non GAAP Budgetary Basis All General Fund Budgets



Hazardous Waste - Beatty Site 11,384,157 919,199 Water Planning - Capital Improvement 178,181 20,085 393,052,182 178,112,420 2 Special Purpose Agencies 393,052,182 178,112,420 2 Department of Veterans' Services 3,151,704 3,028,134 Veterans' Home Account 21,977,422 16,366,113 Veterans' Gifts and Donations 327,353 68,197 Veterans' Home Donation 54,860 23,124 Gift Account for Veterans 1,549,919 634,086 Office of the Military 0 634,086	8,387,012 4,659,321 1,291,432
Mining Regulation/Reclamation 7,084,105 2,424,784 Interim Fluid Management Trust 1,291,432 - Hazardous Waste Management 17,772,693 4,421,123 Hazardous Waste - Beatty Site 11,384,157 919,199 Water Planning - Capital Improvement 178,181 20,085 393,052,182 178,112,420 2 Special Purpose Agencies 3 3 Department of Veterans' Services 3,151,704 3,028,134 Veterans' Home Account 21,977,422 16,366,113 Veterans' Gifts and Donations 327,353 68,197 Veterans' Home Donation 54,860 23,124 Gift Account for Veterans 1,549,919 634,086 Office of the Military 28,424,223 17,545,201 Military Emergency Operations Center 483,570 264,189 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304	
Hazardous Waste Management 17,772,693 4,421,123 Hazardous Waste - Beatty Site 11,384,157 919,199 Water Planning - Capital Improvement 178,181 20,085 Special Purpose Agencies 393,052,182 178,112,420 2 Department of Veterans' Services 3,151,704 3,028,134 2 Veterans' Home Account 21,977,422 16,366,113 48,197 Veterans' Gifts and Donations 327,353 68,197 3,124 Gift Account for Veterans 1,549,919 634,086 0 Office of the Military 28,424,223 17,545,201 1030,304 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304 1,030,304	1,291,432
Hazardous Waste - Beatty Site 11,384,157 919,199 Water Planning - Capital Improvement 178,181 20,085 393,052,182 178,112,420 2 Special Purpose Agencies 393,052,182 178,112,420 2 Department of Veterans' Services 3,151,704 3,028,134 2 Veterans' Home Account 21,977,422 16,366,113 2 Veterans' Gifts and Donations 327,353 68,197 2 Veterans' Home Donation 54,860 23,124 3 Gift Account for Veterans 1,549,919 634,086 0 Office of the Military 28,424,223 17,545,201 1 Military Emergency Operations Center 483,570 264,189 1 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304	, ,
Water Planning - Capital Improvement 178,181 20,085 Special Purpose Agencies 393,052,182 178,112,420 2 Department of Veterans' Services 3,151,704 3,028,134 2 Veterans' Home Account 21,977,422 16,366,113 4 Veterans' Gifts and Donations 327,353 68,197 5 Veterans' Home Donation 54,860 23,124 6 Office of the Military 1,549,919 634,086 6 Military Emergency Operations Center 483,570 264,189 6 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304 1	13,351,570
393,052,182 178,112,420 2 Special Purpose Agencies 393,052,182 178,112,420 2 Department of Veterans' Services 3,151,704 3,028,134 3,028,134 Veterans' Home Account 21,977,422 16,366,113 327,353 68,197 Veterans' Gifts and Donations 327,353 68,197 323,124 333,052,182 327,353 68,197 Veterans' Home Donation 54,860 23,124 333,052,182 327,353 68,197 Veterans' Home Donation 54,860 23,124 34,086 <t< td=""><td>10,464,958</td></t<>	10,464,958
Special Purpose Agencies Department of Veterans' Services Department of Veterans' Services Department of Veterans' Services System Veterans' Home Account Veterans' Gifts and Donations Stervices Stervices Operation Stervices Stervices <td>158,096</td>	158,096
Department of Veterans' Services 3,151,704 3,028,134 Department of Veterans' Services 3,151,704 3,028,134 Veterans' Home Account 21,977,422 16,366,113 Veterans' Gifts and Donations 327,353 68,197 Veterans' Home Donation 54,860 23,124 Gift Account for Veterans 1,549,919 634,086 Office of the Military 28,424,223 17,545,201 Military Emergency Operations Center 483,570 264,189 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304	14,939,762
Department of Veterans' Services 3,151,704 3,028,134 Veterans' Home Account 21,977,422 16,366,113 Veterans' Gifts and Donations 327,353 68,197 Veterans' Home Donation 54,860 23,124 Gift Account for Veterans 1,549,919 634,086 Office of the Military 28,424,223 17,545,201 Military Emergency Operations Center 483,570 264,189 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304	
Veterans' Home Account 21,977,422 16,366,113 Veterans' Gifts and Donations 327,353 68,197 Veterans' Home Donation 54,860 23,124 Gift Account for Veterans 1,549,919 634,086 Office of the Military 28,424,223 17,545,201 Military Emergency Operations Center 483,570 264,189 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304	123,570
Veterans' Gifts and Donations 327,353 68,197 Veterans' Home Donation 54,860 23,124 Gift Account for Veterans 1,549,919 634,086 Office of the Military 28,424,223 17,545,201 Military Emergency Operations Center 483,570 264,189 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304	5,611,309
Veterans' Home Donation 54,860 23,124 Gift Account for Veterans 1,549,919 634,086 Office of the Military 28,424,223 17,545,201 Military 28,3570 264,189 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304	259,156
Gift Account for Veterans 1,549,919 634,086 Office of the Military 28,424,223 17,545,201 Military 28,424,223 264,189 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304	31,736
Office of the Military 28,424,223 17,545,201 Military 28,424,223 264,189 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304	915,833
Military 28,424,223 17,545,201 Military Emergency Operations Center 483,570 264,189 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304	010,000
Military Emergency Operations Center 483,570 264,189 Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304	10,879,022
Military Carlin Armory 1,108,541 1,030,304	219,381
	78,237
	25,362
National Guard Benefits 59,100 57,824	1,276
Patriot Relief Account 279,517 129,994	149,523
Silver State Health Insurance Exchange Admin 48,306,952 21,748,056	26,558,896
Deferred Compensation Committee 413,039 267,721	145,318
Civil Air Patrol 61,804 34,460	27,344
	45,025,963
Appropriated Transfers to Other Funds	
Legislative Fund 30,564,489 30,564,489 Atterney Constal Special Fund 622,415 622,415	-
Attorney General Special Fund 622,415 622,415 Highway Fund 43,554 43,554	-
Millennium Scholarship Fund 7,000,000 7,000,000	-
Internal Service Funds 4,144,306 4,144,306	-
42,374,764 42,374,764	
Reversions to Other Funds	(407.404)
Reversion to Highway Fund - 127,194	(127,194)
Reversion to Workers' Comp and Safety Fund - 352,225	(352,225)
Reversion to Consolidated Bond Interest and Redemption Fund-2,503Reversion to Tourism Promotion Fund-69,873	(2,503)
Reversion to Tourism Promotion Fund-69,873Reversion to Internal Service Fund-29,000	(69,873) (29,000)
- 580,795	(, ,
	(580 795)
Total General Fund \$ 8,336,091,980 \$ 7,455,465,907 \$ 86	(580,795) 40,000,000)

Schedule of Total Uses - Budget and Actual, Non GAAP Budgetary Basis All Special Revenue Fund Budgets



	 Final Budget	 Actual Variance		
State Highway				
Finance and Administration				
Unbudgeted Activity	\$ -	\$ 960,394	\$	(960,394)
Appropriations to Other Funds	5,462,908	5,462,908		-
Infrastructure				
Transportation Administration	619,936,521	498,043,524		121,892,997
Bond Construction	100,026,125	5,927,852		94,098,273
Aviation Trust Fund	37,522	18,345		19,177
AB 595 Revenue Rental Car Tax	2,020	713		1,307
AB 595 Revenue Clark Co.	45,221,564	22,910,728		22,310,836
AB 595 Revenue Washoe Co.	4,010,000	3,637,302		372,698
NDOT - SB 5 RTC Public Road Project	19,480,349	9,471,061		10,009,288
System of Providing Information to the Traveling Public	484,668	287,002		197,666
Public Safety				
Director's Office - Public Safety	3,152,522	2,908,170		244,352
Professional Responsibility	600,468	565,898		34,570
Records Search	6,978,903	6,907,132		71,771
Highway Patrol	78,991,870	74,139,435		4,852,435
DMV Motor Vehicle Information Technology	10,980,351	9,039,876		1,940,475
Motor Carrier	4,710,007	3,782,148		927,859
PS Highway Safety Grants Account	3,096,766	1,563,993		1,532,773
Emergency Response Commission	2,786,442	1,240,333		1,546,109
Verification of Insurance	3,245,340	1,994,194		1,251,146
License Plate Factory	4,192,888	2,441,878		1,751,010
Hearings - DMV	1,223,157	1,118,365		104,792
Special Plates Trust Account	2,177,439	470,509		1,706,930
Salvage Titles Trust Account	310,116	152,897		157,219
DMV Field Services	44,571,137	39,203,169		5,367,968
Forfeitures	2,756	1,959		797
Compliance Enforcement	4,762,424	4,206,857		555,567
Central Services	10,630,157	9,771,520		858,637
Evidence Vault	542,322	531,793		10,529
Management Services	1,648,628	1,610,047		38,581
Admin Off Highway Vehicle Titling and Registration	668,965	313,278		355,687
Assistance of Off Highway Vehicle Titling	35,848	6,000		29,848
Director's Office - DMV	4,347,583	4,228,541		119,042
DMV Real ID	646,103	393,311		252,792
Administrative Services	12,267,370	11,853,863		413,507
Debt Service Transfers				
Debt Service	70,100,865	70,100,865		-
Projected Reversions	 (130,302,875)	 -		(130,302,875)
Total	 937,029,229	 795,265,860		141,763,369
Municipal Bond Bank				
Elected Officials				
Municipal Bond Bank Revenue	16,328,629	15,840,391		488,238
Total	16,328,629	 15,840,391		488,238
Employment Security				
Human Services				
Employment Security	131,808,433	111,911,885		19,896,548
Employment Security Special Fund	17,444,203	4,651,505		12,792,698
Total	 149,252,636	116,563,390		32,689,246
	 170,202,000	 110,000,000		02,000,240
Unemployment Comp Bond Fund				
Elected Officials		F7 000 000		4 540 740
Unemployment Comp Bond Account	 59,501,000	 57,988,288		1,512,712
Total	59,501,000	 57,988,288		1,512,712

Schedule of Total Uses - Budget and Actual, Non GAAP Budgetary Basis All Special Revenue Fund Budgets

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014			Tuge 2 0j
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Regulatory			
Commerce and Industry			
Manufactured Housing	\$ 1,615,642	\$ 870,100	\$ 745,542
Real Estate Education and Research	1,565,768	578,285	987,48
Real Estate Recovery	506,000	189,922	316,07
Mobile Home Parks	369,677	168,837	200,84
Mfg Housing-Education/Recovery	299,856	63,607	236,24
Regulatory Fund Administrative Fines	14,273,384	11,001,112	3,272,27
Taxicab Authority	741,955	741,955	1 560 49
Dairy Commission	11,280,521 1,839,370	6,711,039 1,287,158	4,569,48 552,21
Total	32,492,173	21,612,015	10,880,15
Higher Education Capital Construction	02,402,110	21,012,010	
Finance and Administration	-		
Higher Education Capital Construction	5,000,000	5,000,000	
Higher Education Special Construction	9,187,700	9,187,700	
Total	14,187,700	14,187,700	
Cleaning Up Petroleum Discharges			
Infrastructure			
Petroleum Clean-Up Trust Fund	21,785,636	13,378,080	8,407,55
Total	21,785,636	13,378,080	8,407,55
Hospital Care to Indigent Persons Finance and Administration			
Supplemental Fund - Indigents	19,042,539	13,471,236	5,571,30
Fotal	19,042,539	13,471,236	5,571,30
Tourism Promotion		·	
Commerce and Industry			
Tourism Development	132,069	12,000	120,06
Commission on Tourism	23,672,646	19,319,912	4,352,73
Total	23,804,715	19,331,912	4,472,80
Offenders' Store Public Safety			
Offenders' Store Fund	17,778,074	13,356,780	4,421,29
Inmate Welfare Account	5,230,901	3,345,691	1,885,21
Total	23,008,975	16,702,471	6,306,50
Tobacco Settlement		-, - ,	- , ,
Elected Officials		~~~~~~	~~ ~~ ~~ ~~
Millennium Scholarship Fund	57,135,581	23,832,685	33,302,89
Millennium Scholarship Administration	373,780	337,474	36,30
Guinn Memorial Millennium Scholarship Fund Trust Fund for Healthy Nevada	449,683	9,000	440,68
MSA Compliance Administration	70,145,642 973,008	25,639,839 782,599	44,505,80 190,40
Human Services	975,008	702,599	190,40
	E 40E 447	E 477 000	047 54
Tobacco Settlement Program	5,425,417 4,858,174	5,177,900 3,430,118	247,51 1,428,05
Senior RX and Disability RX Healthy Nevada Fund Administration	9,026,212	3,430,118	9,026,21
	148,387,497	- 	
Fotal Attorney General Settlement	140,307,497	59,209,615	89,177,88
Public Safety	-		
National Settlement Administration	84,860,704	54,412,031	30,448,67
Total	84,860,704	54,412,031	30,448,67
Gift			
<i>Education</i> Education Gift Fund	28,345	2,534	25,81
Library and Archives Gift Fund	20,345 540,555	3,049	537,50
Library and Archives One Fullu	540,555	5,049	557,50

NEVADA

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	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Human Services			
Rural Services Gift Account	\$ 12,793	\$ -	\$ 12,793
SNAMHS Gift Fund	29,156	-	29,156
Health Division Gifts	39,210	2,350	36,860
Aging Services Gift	54,138	150	53,988
CBS Washoe Gift Fund	23,033	21	23,012
Indian Commission Gift Acct	43,300	6,069	37,231
Hospital Gift Fund	233,148	-	233,148
SRC Gift Fund	9,791	-	9,791
NV Equal Rights Commission Gift Fund	9,403	-	9,403
Blind Gift Fund	371,166	1,470	369,696
Welfare Gift Fund	9,887	-	9,887
Rehabilitation Gift Fund Henry Woods Christmas Fund	25,769 373	494	25,275 373
Nevada Children's Gift Account	597,607	- 33,000	564,607
CYC Gift Fund	3,450	554	2,896
Youth Training Center Gift Fund	39,954	5,000	34,954
DRC Gift Fund	8,663	5,000	8,663
Infrastructure	0,000		0,000
Wildlife Trust Account	548,405	128,012	420,393
Park Gift and Grants	298,172	74,785	223,387
Total	2,926,318	257,488	2,668,830
Natural Resources			
Infrastructure	101.000	004.040	107 000
Grants To Water Purveyors	421,630	294,010	127,620
Erosion Control Bond Q12	685,501	35,799	649,702
Protect Lake Tahoe	19,858,903	4,946,859	14,912,044
Total Miscellaneous	20,966,034	5,276,668	15,689,366
Elected Officials			
Racketeering-Prosecution Account	125		125
Consumer Advocate	5,383,013	3,483,513	1,899,500
Unfair Trade Practices	750,000	149,354	600,646
Commerce and Industry	750,000	140,004	000,040
-	559,577	205 064	173,713
Lot Rent Trust Subsidy Museums and History Board Trust	25,437	385,864 25,204	233
Museums Administrator Trust	41,279	19,720	233 21,559
Nevada Historical Society Trust	270,032	103,630	166,402
Nevada State Museum Trust	676,169	378,137	298,032
Nevada Railroad Museum Trust	403,726	192,315	211,411
Lost City Museum Trust	128,050	95,422	32,628
LV Museum and Historical Society Trust	184,362	127,437	56,925
Human Services	101,002	121,101	00,020
Radioactive Material Disposal	1,084,803	8,075	1,076,728
•	1,004,003	0,075	1,070,728
Finance and Administration	10 080 100	0.000.407	0.040.070
Victims of Crime	16,680,169	8,363,197	8,316,972
Total	26,186,742	13,331,868	12,854,874
Legislative (Non-GAAP Fund) Legislative Branch			
5	600 045	600 600	0.640
Nevada Legislative Interim	633,315	623,696 32,070,075	9,619
Legislative Counsel Bureau	40,970,966	32,979,975	7,990,991
Audit Contingency Account	261 100	26.7 7.7.7	
Audit Contingency Account	364,499	352,733	11,766
Audit Contingency Account Total Total Special Revenue Funds	364,499 41,968,780 \$ 1,621,729,307	352,733 33,956,404 \$ 1,250,785,417	8,012,376 \$ 370,943,890

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
		Employment Secu	rity	Unemploy	yment Compensa	tion Bond
Fund balances, July 1	\$ 14,043,657	\$ 14,043,657	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Revenues: Federal Other taxes Sales and charges for services	100,172,586 - 1,038,151	81,406,425 - 756,238	(18,766,161) - (281,913)	59,500,000	- 57,969,434	_ (1,530,566)
Licenses, fees and permits Interest Other	340,000 17,433 30,475,154	311,712 64,045 31,856,186	(28,288) (28,288) 46,612 1,381,032	- - 1,000 -	- - 18,854 -	17,854 -
Other financing sources: Transfer from other funds	3,165,655	1,324,299	(1,841,356)	-	-	-
Total sources	\$ 149,252,636	\$ 129,762,562	\$ (19,490,074)	\$ 59,501,000	\$ 57,988,288	\$ (1,512,712)
		Regulatory		Higher Edu	cation Capital Co	onstruction
Fund balances, July 1	\$ 10,666,518	\$ 10,666,518	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-
Revenues: Gaming taxes, fees, licenses	-	-	-	13,863,433	13,863,433	-
Federal Other taxes Sales, charges for services	568,955 11,858,322 5,643,334	568,955 11,767,870 5,481,176	- (90,452) (162,158)			-
Licenses, fees and permits Interest Other	2,215,321 18,773 1,122,448	2,137,228 21,842 1,050,935	(78,093) 3,069 (71,513)	- -	-	- -
Other financing sources: Transfer from other funds	398,502	395,399	(3,103)	-	-	-
Total sources	\$ 32,492,173	\$ 32,089,923	\$ (402,250)	\$ 13,863,433	\$ 13,863,433	\$-
	Cleanii	ng Up Petroleum D	lischarges	Hospital	Care to Indigent	Persons
Fund balances, July 1	\$ 7,535,636	\$ 7,535,636	\$ -	\$ 535,423	\$ 535,423	\$ -
Revenues: Other taxes Intergovernmental	13,500,000	12,905,650	(594,350)	18,361,524	11,627,930 1,270,803	(6,733,594) 1,270,803
Licenses, fees and permits Interest Other	550,000 100,000 100,000	418,312 30,488 	(131,688) (69,512) (100,000)	- 31,592 114,000	- 28,080 9,000	(3,512) (105,000)
Total sources	\$ 21,785,636	\$ 20,890,086	\$ (895,550)	\$ 19,042,539	\$ 13,471,236	\$ (5,571,303)
		Tourism Promotio	on		Offenders' Store	
Fund balances, July 1	\$ 4,359,334	\$ 4,359,334	\$ -	\$ 3,398,462	\$ 3,398,462	\$-
<i>Revenues:</i> Other taxes Sales, charges for services	19,326,605	19,279,041	(47,564)	- 15,034,718	- 15,041,024	- 6,306
Licenses, fees and permits Interest Other	11,420 - 7,356	11,420 - 6,520	- (836)	- 20,749 414,032	- 23,612 386,591	- 2,863 (27,441)
Other financing sources: Transfer from other funds	100,000	169,873	69,873	4,141,014	2,656,630	(1,484,384)
Total sources	\$ 23,804,715	\$ 23,826,188	\$ 21,473	\$ 23,008,975	\$ 21,506,319	\$ (1,502,656)

NEVADA

(Continued)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
		Tobacco Settleme	nt	Attorne	ey General Settle	ement
Fund balances, July 1	\$ 65,514,669	\$ 65,514,669	\$-	\$ 84,667,248	\$ 84,667,248	\$-
Revenues: Interest Other Other financing sources:	2,500 48,352,698	115,924 40,167,464	113,424 (8,185,234)	151,845 41,611	151,845 7,315	(34,296)
Transfer from other funds	34,517,630	23,559,026	(10,958,604)			
Total sources	\$ 148,387,497	\$ 129,357,083	\$ (19,030,414)	\$ 84,860,704	\$ 84,826,408	\$ (34,296)
		Gift		Na	atural Resources	6
Fund balances, July 1	\$ 1,956,805	\$ 1,956,805	\$-	\$ 18,699,866	\$ 18,699,866	\$-
Revenues: Federal Interest Other	- 22,206 943,811	- 6,641 645,221	(15,565) (298,590)	594,341 158,735 1,000	7,797 37,350 346	(586,544) (121,385) (654)
Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale of bonds Transfer from other funds	3,496	5,770	2,274	1,502,092 10,000	1,502,091 10,000	(1)
Total sources	\$ 2,926,318	\$ 2,614,437	\$ (311,881)	\$ 20,966,034	\$ 20,257,450	\$ (708,584)
		Miscellaneous		Legisla	tive (Non-GAAP	Fund)
Fund balances, July 1	\$ 10,961,813	\$ 10,961,813	\$ -	\$ 9,667,466	\$ 9,667,466	\$ -
Revenues: Federal Other taxes Sales, charges for services Licenses, fees and permits Interest Other	3,289,125 2,948,933 720,364 5,276,811 15,822 2,351,459	2,155,962 2,948,933 636,041 4,888,542 22,841 2,005,796	(1,133,163) - (84,323) (388,269) 7,019 (345,663)	- 1,106,500 - 193,770	- 885,115 - 341,046	- (221,385) - - 147,276
Other financing sources: Transfer from other funds	622,415	622,415	-	30,569,489	30,989,245	419,756
Total sources	\$ 26,186,742	\$ 24,242,343	\$ (1,944,399)	\$ 41,537,225	\$ 41,882,872	\$ 345,647
	Total Non	najor Special Rev	enue Funds			
Fund balances, July 1	\$ 232,006,897	\$ 232,006,897	\$ -			
Revenues: Gaming taxes, fees, licenses Federal Other taxes Sales, charges for services Intergovernmental Licenses, fees and permits Interest Other Other Deter financing sources: Proceeds from sale of bonds Transfer from other funds	13,863,433 104,625,007 125,495,384 23,543,067 - - 8,393,552 540,655 84,117,339 1,502,092 73,528,201	13,863,433 84,139,139 116,498,858 22,799,594 1,270,803 7,767,214 521,522 76,476,420 1,502,091 59,732,657	(20,485,868) (8,996,526) (743,473) 1,270,803 (626,338) (19,133) (7,640,919) (1) (13,795,544)			
Total sources	\$ 667,615,627	\$ 616,578,628	\$ (51,036,999)			



Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Workers' Compensation and Safety Records assessments on insurers for compensation of injured workers and administration of regulations for employee safety (NRS 616A.425), assesses self-insurers to pay claims against insolvent self-insured employers (NRS 616B.309), accounts for compensation benefits to physically impaired employees from a subsequent injury in the course of employment (NRS 616B.554, 616B.575, 616B.584), and accounts for injury claims of employees of uninsured employers (NRS 616A.430).

Insurance Administration and Enforcement Accounts for activities related to the administration and enforcement of the Nevada Insurance Code and other laws and regulations enforced by the Department of Business and Industry Division of Insurance (NRS 680C.100).

Gaming Investigative Accounts for activities related to investigations of gaming license applicants (NRS 463.331).

Forestry Nurseries Accounts for the self-supporting operation of State nurseries, which propagate, maintain and distribute plants for conservation purposes (NRS 528.100).

Prison Industry Accounts for a self-supporting program of job training through the employment of inmates in farming and manufacturing (NRS 209.189).

Nevada Magazine Accounts for the operation of the publication, Nevada Magazine, which is published to promote tourism (NRS 231.290).

Marlette Lake Water System Accounts for the costs of operating the State-owned Marlette Lake Water System. The system serves the State Buildings and Grounds Division and portions of Carson City and Storey County (NRS 331.180).

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

June 30, 2014

	Workers' Compensation and Safety	Insurance Admin and Enforcement	Gaming Investigative	Forestry Nurseries
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and pooled investments:	a	6 5 0 7 0 7 0		A OTO (O)
Cash with treasurer	\$ 44,123,775 250	\$ 5,872,539	\$ 11,753,551 212,831	\$ 276,401 100
Cash in custody of other officials Receivables:	250	-	212,031	100
Accounts receivable	6,483,143	82,573	135,875	17,538
Assessments receivable		225	-	-
Intergovernmental receivables	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	676,362	44,323	399	85,514
Due from fiduciary funds	-	-	-	-
Inventory Dranaid itema	-	-	-	187,653
Prepaid items	136,297	56,604	24,161	2,979
Total current assets Noncurrent assets:	51,419,827	6,056,264	12,126,817	570,185
Receivables:				
Other assets	-	-	-	-
Capital assets:				
Land	-	-	-	-
Buildings	-	-	-	-
Improvements other than buildings	-	-	-	-
Furniture and equipment	2,410,761	220,621	163,726	78,561
Construction in progress	- (2, 150, 272)	- (146 697)	- (162,726)	- (79 561)
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,159,372)	(146,687)	(163,726)	(78,561)
Total noncurrent assets	251,389	73,934	-	-
Total assets	51,671,216	6,130,198	12,126,817	570,185
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	-	-	-
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accruals:				
Accounts payable	12,211,096	268,525	61,821	13,562
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	822,924	323,022	-	8,660
Interest payable Intergovernmental payables	- 20,804	-	- 192	-
Due to other funds	69,518	41,278	2,386,127	21,865
Due to fiduciary funds	8,284	-	_,000,	483
Due to component units	200	-	-	-
Unearned revenues	-	-	9,426,677	-
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-
Short-term portion of long-term liabilities:				
Compensated absences	739,468	268,379	-	3,943
Bonds payable		-	-	-
Total current liabilities	13,872,294	901,204	11,874,817	48,513
Noncurrent liabilities: Advances from general fund				248,040
Compensated absences	432,649	- 115,483	-	248,040 997
Bonds payable	432,049	115,405	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	432,649	115,483		249,037
Total liabilities	14,304,943	1,016,687	11,874,817	297,550
Net Position	14,004,040	1,010,007	11,074,017	201,000
Net investment in capital assets	251,389	73,934	-	-
Restricted for workers' compensation	37,114,884	-	-	-
Restricted for regulation of business	-	-	2,000	-
Unrestricted	-	5,039,577	250,000	272,635
Total net position	\$ 37,366,273	\$ 5,113,511	\$ 252,000	\$ 272,635

NEVADA

Pri	son Industry	Neva	da Magazine	arlette Lake ater System	 Total
\$	1,983,627 100	\$	143,068	\$ 1,092,176	\$ 65,245,137 213,281
	558,005		97,315	-	7,374,449
	- 197,566		-	-	225 276,116
	177,711		- 14,677	78,550 356	999,342
	15,241		-	-	15,241
	1,180,534		52,134	-	1,420,321
	14,896		14,932	 1,490	 251,359
	4,127,680		322,126	1,172,572	 75,795,471
	15,000		-	-	15,000
	153,140		-	414,672	567,812
	2,890,227		-	498,613	3,388,840
	-		-	630,647	630,647
	973,332		-	1,464,725	5,311,726
	- (3,297,965)		-	10,283,035 (2,474,581)	10,283,035 (8,320,892)
	733,734		-	 10,817,111	 11,876,168
	4,861,414		322,126	 11,989,683	 87,671,639
	-		-	77,771	 77,771
	-		-	 77,771	 77,771
	100 100		40.000	7 00 4	10 700 070
	122,169 84,486		46,606 30,987	7,094 9,272	12,730,873 1,279,351
				43,322	43,322
	30		-	4,320	25,346
	33,514		4,714	959	2,557,975
	90,734		-	-	99,501 200
	- 110,711		- 162,712	-	9,700,100
	10,000		-	2,050	12,050
	101,995		14,214	11,649	1,139,648
	-		-	 213,599	 213,599
	553,639		259,233	 292,265	 27,801,965
	-		-	-	248,040
	98,178		3,595	6,419 8 672 281	657,321 8,672,281
	- 98,178		3,595	 8,672,281	 9,577,642
	651,817		262,828	 8,970,965	 37,379,607
	718,734			1,931,231	 2,975,288
	- 10,134		-	1,931,231	2,975,200 37,114,884
	-		-	-	2,000
	3,490,863		59,298	1,165,258	 10,277,631
\$	4,209,597	\$	59,298	\$ 3,096,489	\$ 50,369,803

	Workers' Compensation and Safety	Insurance Admin and Enforcement	Gaming Investigative	Forestry Nurseries
Operating Revenues				
Sales	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 719,135
Assessments	-	251,814	-	-
Charges for services	-	8,284	14,212,675	-
Rental income Licenses, fees and permits	- 36,439,026	- 10,181,635	-	-
Fines	3,565,832	65,875	-	-
Other	660,505		-	- 13,424
Total operating revenues	40,665,363	10,507,608	14,212,675	732,559
Total operating revenues	40,000,000	10,007,000	14,212,013	132,333
Operating Expenses	44.057.007	5 000 0 40		00 504
Salaries and benefits	14,957,027	5,693,946	11,537,248	90,591
Operating	5,563,822	4,827,305	1,492,215	60,826
Claims and benefits expense	6,231,281	-	-	-
Materials or supplies used Depreciation	- 142,142	- 59,119	- 664	522,658
•				-
Total operating expenses	26,894,272	10,580,370	13,030,127	674,075
Operating income (loss)	13,771,091	(72,762)	1,182,548	58,484
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest and investment income	176,938	20,814	-	-
Interest expense	(83)	-	-	-
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-
Federal grants	2,386,730	898,476	-	-
Gain (loss) on disposal/sale of assets	5,778	-	-	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,569,363	919,290		-
Income (loss) before special items and transfers	16,340,454	846,528	1,182,548	58,484
Special Items and Transfers				
Special item - settlement	-	330,000	-	-
Transfers in	-	13,720	-	-
Transfers out	(10,380,280)	(786,888)	(1,183,212)	-
Change in net position	5,960,174	403,360	(664)	58,484
Net position, July 1	31,406,099	4,710,151	252,664	214,151
Net position, June 30	\$ 37,366,273	\$ 5,113,511	\$ 252,000	\$ 272,635

NEVADA

Prison Industry		Nevada Magazine		arlette Lake ater System	 Total
\$	4,193,832	\$	1,010,137	\$ 910,063	\$ 6,833,167
	-		-	-	251,814
	525,565		-	-	14,746,524
	83,159		-	-	83,159
	-		-	-	46,620,661
	-		-	-	3,631,707
	127,243		13,698	 145,157	 960,027
	4,929,799		1,023,835	 1,055,220	 73,127,059
	1,517,683		558,098	168,990	34,523,583
	2,647,164		162,988	195,736	14,950,056
	_,,		-	-	6,231,281
	2,486,715		325,284	-	3,334,657
	114,735		-	76,266	392,926
	6,766,297		1,046,370	 440,992	 59,432,503
	(1,836,498)		(22,535)	 614,228	 13,694,556
	5,589		-	-	203,341
	(285)		-	(350,509)	(350,877)
	- 1,989,463		-	(141,054)	(141,054) 5,274,669
	1,303,403		-	-	5,778
	1,994,767			 (491,563)	 4,991,857
	158,269		(22,535)	 122,665	 18,686,413
	-		-	-	330,000
	- (32,167)		-	-	13,720 (12,382,547)
	126,102		(22,535)	 122,665	 6,647,586
	4,083,495		81,833	2,973,824	43,722,217
	4,209,597	\$	59,298	\$ 3,096,489	\$ 50,369,803

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

	Compe	kers' ensation Safety	Α	nsurance dmin and forcement	In	Gaming vestigative
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers and users Receipts for interfund services provided Payments to suppliers, other governments and beneficiaries Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used Payments to component units	(1	6,834,670 65,888 9,143,732) 4,896,499) 3,174,360) (703)	\$	9,543,292 1,031,621 (2,518,899) (5,680,748) (2,234,380)	\$	11,627,059 (1,415,060) (10,337,248) (34,279)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	1	9,685,264		140,886		(159,528)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Grant receipts Transfers and advances from other funds Settlement receipts Transfers and advances to other funds		3,199,352 - - 0,034,567)		963,797 13,720 330,000 (786,888)		- - - (1,602,245)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	(6,835,215)		520,629		(1,602,245)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Proceeds from sale of capital assets Purchase of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Payments on construction projects		13,673 (33,267) - - -		- (5,655) - - -		- - -
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(19,594)		(5,655)	1	_
Cash flows from investing activities Interest, dividends and gains (losses)		114,785		19,414		_
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		114,785		19,414		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash	1	2,945,240		675,274		(1,761,773)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	3	1,178,785		5,197,265		13,728,155
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 4	4,124,025	\$	5,872,539	\$	11,966,382
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1	3,771,091	\$	(72,762)	\$	1,182,548
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Depreciation Decrease (increase) in accrued interest and receivables Decrease (increase) in inventory, deferred charges, other assets Increase (decrease) in accounts payable, accruals, other liabilities	·	142,142 5,513,476) (136,297) 1,421,804		59,119 67,305 (56,604) 143,828		664 1,923 (7,760) (1,336,903)
Total adjustments		5,914,173		213,648		(1,342,076)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 1	9,685,264	\$	140,886	\$	(159,528)

NEVADA

orestry urseries		Prison Industry		Nevada Magazine		Marlette Lake Vater System		Total
\$ 200,267 493,811 (526,394) (83,929) (20,330)	\$	3,422,626 1,615,182 (2,874,555) (1,496,067) (2,211,231) (35,325)	\$	762,310 266,022 (493,120) (561,415) (46,181)	\$	1,155,680 (107,442) (168,316) (78,617) (6,123)	\$	73,545,904 3,472,524 (17,079,202) (33,224,222) (7,799,378) (42,151)
 63,425		(1,579,370)		(72,384)		795,182		18,873,475
 -		1,978,257 - (32,167)	1	- - -		- - -		6,141,406 13,720 330,000 (12,455,867)
 -		1,946,090						(5,970,741)
 - (20,670) - -		4,172 (30,900) - -		- - - -		(45,453) (155,000) (422,896) (94,561)		17,845 (115,275) (175,670) (422,896) (94,561)
(20,670)		(26,728)		-		(717,910)		(790,557)
		2,410		-		-		136,609
 -		2,410		-		-		136,609
42,755		342,402		(72,384)		77,272		12,248,786
 233,746		1,641,325		215,452		1,014,904		53,209,632
\$ 276,501	\$	1,983,727	\$	143,068	\$	1,092,176	\$	65,458,418
\$ 58,484	\$	(1,836,498)	\$	(22,535)	\$	614,228	\$	13,694,556
 (38,481) 23,099 20,323		114,735 239,141 46,860 (143,608)		466 (53,153) 2,838		76,266 100,460 (1,490) 5,718		392,926 (5,142,662) (185,345) 10,114,000
 4,941	<u>_</u>	257,128		(49,849)	^	180,954	^	5,178,919
\$ 63,425	\$	(1,579,370)	\$	(72,384)	\$	795,182	\$	18,873,475



The Outside Las Vegas Foundation, in partnership with the City of North Las Vegas, proudly presents "Get Outdoors Nevada Day."



Here the students of Lovelock Elementary School are celebrating Nevada's Sesquicentennial.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Self-Insurance Accounts for self-insured group life, accident and health insurance plans for State and other government employees (NRS 287.0435).

Buildings and Grounds Accounts for the maintenance, housekeeping and security of most State buildings (NRS 331.101).

Fleet Services Accounts for the operations of the State vehicle fleet (NRS 336.110).

Communications Accounts for the operation of mail services for State agencies in Carson City, Reno, Las Vegas and Elko (NRS 378.143).

Insurance Premiums Allocates the costs of fidelity insurance, property insurance and workers' compensation insurance to State agencies (NRS 331.187).

Administrative Services Provides administrative and accounting services to various divisions of the Department of Administration (NRS 232.219).

Personnel Accounts for the costs of administering the State personnel system. Operations are financed by assessments charged to user agencies (NRS 284.110).

Purchasing Provides purchasing services to State agencies and other governmental units. The operation is financed by an administrative charge on purchase orders and warehouse orders (NRS 333.120).

Information Services Accounts for designing, programming, and maintaining data processing software and also operating the State's central computer facility, radio communication and telecommunication systems (NRS 242.211).

Printing Accounts for the operation of the State printing facilities (NRS 344.090).

June 30, 2014

Noncurrent assets: -	munications	Com	eet Services	Fle	lings and ounds	elf-Insurance	Se	
Cash and pooled investments: \$ 179,842,777 \$ 4,528,939 \$ 908,698 \$ Receivable: 660,763 18,163 105 Integovernmental receivables 551,002 1,366 Note receivable 552,776 626,578 412,638 Due from fluctary funds 2,997,009 - 1,366 Due from fluctary funds 2,997,009 - 11,746 Inventory 2 - 11,746 Inventory 2 - 1,342,235 Total current assets 184,638,843 5,231,774 1,344,235 Notes receivable - - - Other assets 184,638,843 5,231,774 1,344,235 Notes receivable - - - Other assets 124,246 9,017,83 - Buildings - 2,2400 901,783 - Buildings - 2,246,068 2,476,062 - Improvements other than buildings - 2,12,172 6,623,426 -						 		Assets
Cash with treasurer \$ 179,842,777 \$ 4,528,039 \$ 908,698 \$ Accounts receivable 660,753 18,163 105 Intergovermental receivable 551,002 - 1,386 Notes receivable 551,002 - - 1,386 Due from fuduary funds 2,997,009 - 11,746 - Inventory - 11,746 - - - Noncernet assets 184,638,843 5,231,774 1,344,235 -								Current assets:
Receivables: 660,763 18,163 105 Accounts receivable 551,002 - 1,366 Notes receivable 551,002 - 1,366 Due from other funds 552,776 626,578 412,638 Due from component units 12,172 - 11,746 Inventory 2 - 1,344,235 - Outer stassets: 184,638,843 5,231,774 1,344,235 - Nocurrent assets: - - - - - Capital essets: - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Cash and pooled investments:</td>								Cash and pooled investments:
Accounts receivable 660,763 18,163 105 Intergovernmental receivable 551,002 - - 1,366 Notes receivable 552,776 626,578 412,638 Due from other funds 2,997,009 - 11,746 Inventory 2 - 11,746 Inventory 2 360,994 9,682 Total current assets 184,638,843 5,231,774 1,344,235 Noncurrent assets 184,638,843 5,231,774 1,344,235 Notes receivable - - - Other assets - - - Land - 20,400 901,783 Buildings - 226,66 2,476,962 Improvements other than buildings - 2216,16 - Funditure and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 Software costs - 112,3723 6,623,426 Labilities 110,845,9598 6,355,497 7,967,661 Lobilities <td< td=""><td>404,315</td><td>\$</td><td>908,698</td><td>\$</td><td>4,528,939</td><td>\$ 179,842,777</td><td>\$</td><td>Cash with treasurer</td></td<>	404,315	\$	908,698	\$	4,528,939	\$ 179,842,777	\$	Cash with treasurer
Integrovermental receivables 551,002 - 1,366 Notes receivable - - - - Due from other funds 552,776 626,578 412,638 Due from component units 12,172 - 11,746 Inventory - - - Prepaid items 22,344 58,094 9,682 Total current assets 184,636,843 5,231,774 1,344,235 Moncurrent assets: - - - Qaptal assets: - - - Land - 2,0400 901,783 Buildings - 2,286,068 2,476,962 Improvements other than buildings - 2,286,068 2,476,962 Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,733 16,253,786 Software costs 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426 Current liabilities 14,468,856 974,596 104,792 Accounts payable and accruals: - - - Accounts payable and a								Receivables:
Notes Image: Constraint of the section function function function function functions (12, 172) Image: Constraint of the section function function function function functions (12, 172) Image: Constraint of the section function	-				18,163	660,763		Accounts receivable
Due from other funds 552,776 626,578 412,638 Due from component units 12,172 - - Due from component units 12,172 - 11,746 Inventory - - - Prepaid lems 22,344 58,004 9,682 Total current assets: 184,638,843 5,231,774 1,344,235 Moncurrent assets: - - - Capital assets: - 2,0400 901,783 Buildings - 2,286,088 2,476,982 Improvements other than buildings - 212,16 - Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 Software costs 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426 Total ansets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426 Current liabilities: 10,884 304,315 43,467 Accounts payable and accruals: Accounts payable and accruals: Accounts payable - Accounts payable and accruals: 10,824 39,568 268,0	524		1,366		-	551,002		Intergovernmental receivables
Due from fiduciary funds 2,997,009 - - Due from component units 12,172 - 11,746 Inventory 22,344 58,094 9,682 Total current assets 184,638,483 5,231,774 1,344,235 Noncurrent assets 184,638,483 5,231,774 1,344,235 Notes receivable - - - Capital assets: - - - Land - 2,0400 901,783 Buildings - 2,268,068 2,476,962 Improvements other than buildings - 2,216 - Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 Software costs - - - - Less accumulated depreciation/amortization (311,124) (2,167,697) (13,014,697) (1 Current liabilities: 184,690,598 6,355,497 7,967,661 - Account payable and accruals: - - - - Account payable and accruals: <td< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	-		-		-	-		
Due from component units 12,172 - 11,746 Inventoy 22,344 58,094 9,682 Total current assets: 184,638,843 5,231,774 1,344,225 Notes receivable - - - Other assets: - - - Capital assets: - - - Land - 20,400 901,783 Buildings - 2,288,068 2,476,962 Improvements other than buildings - 21,216 - Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 - Software costs - 111,241 (2,167,697) (13,014,697) (1 Lass accumulated depreciation/amortization (311,124) (2,167,697) (13,014,697) (1 Current liabilities 184,690,598 6,355,497 7,967,661 - Accounts payable and accrusts: - 56,972 359 - Accounts payable and accrusts: - - - - <t< td=""><td>637,014</td><td></td><td>412,638</td><td></td><td>626,578</td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	637,014		412,638		626,578	,		
Inventory -	76		-		-			
Prepaid items 22,344 58,094 9,682 Total current assets 184,638,843 5,231,774 1,344,235 Noncurrent assets: - - - Notes receivable - - - Other assets: - - - Land - 20,400 901,783 Buildings - 22,268,068 2,476,962 Improvements other than buildings - 22,268,068 2,476,962 Improvements other than buildings - 22,268,068 2,476,962 Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 Software costs 61,755 1,123,723 6,623,426 Current liabilities 184,690,598 6,355,497 7,967,661 Liabilities 104,468,566 974,596 104,792 Accounts payable and accuais: Accounts payable and accuais: Accounts payable and accuais: Accounts payable and accuais: 7,103 471 Oute and revenues Due to functarunt fuabilitities: 13,340,514 <tho< td=""><td>755</td><td></td><td>11,746</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>12,172</td><td></td><td></td></tho<>	755		11,746		-	12,172		
Total current assets 184,638,843 5,231,774 1,344,235 Noncurrent assets - - - Other assets - - - Capital assets: - - - Land - 20,400 901,783 Buildings - 22,269,068 2,476,992 Improvements other than buildings - 22,269,068 2,476,992 Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 Software costs - - - - Less accumulated depreciation/amortization (311,124) (2,167,697) (13,014,697) (1 Current liabilities 184,690,598 6,355,497 7,967,661 - Liabilities - - - - - Accounts payable and accurals: - 58,972 359 - - Accurd payroll and related liabilities 110,884 304,315 43,467 - Intergovernmental payables - 7,133 471	-		-		-	-		
Notes receivable - - Capital assets - - - Land - 20,400 901,783 Buildings - 2,268,068 2,476,962 Improvements other than buildings - 2,228,068 2,476,962 Improvements other than buildings - 2,212,16 - Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 Software costs - 13,014,697 (() Less accumulated depreciation/amortization (311,124) (2,167,697) (13,014,697) (() Current liabilities 184,690,598 6,355,497 7,967,661 - Current liabilities 110,884 304,315 43,467 Intergovernmental payables - 58,972 359 Bank overdraft 4,099,293 - - Due to finduciary funds - - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: - - - Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - -	13,406		9,682		58,094	 22,344		Prepaid items
Notes receivable - - - Other assets - - - Land - 20,400 901,783 Buildings - 228,068 2,476,962 Improvements other than buildings - 291,216 - Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 Software costs 1 - - - Less accumulated depreciation/amortization (311,124) (2,167,697) (13,014,697) (13,014,697) Cotal noncurrent assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426 - Labilities 184,690,598 6,355,497 7,967,661 - Accounts payable and accruals: - - - - <td>1,056,090</td> <td></td> <td>1,344,235</td> <td></td> <td>5,231,774</td> <td>184,638,843</td> <td></td> <td>Total current assets</td>	1,056,090		1,344,235		5,231,774	184,638,843		Total current assets
Other assets - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Noncurrent assets:</td></t<>								Noncurrent assets:
Capital assets: 20,400 901,783 Land - 20,400 901,783 Buildings - 2208,068 2,476,962 Improvements other than buildings - 221,216 - Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 - Less accumulated depreciation/amortization (311,124) (2,167,697) (13,014,697) ((13,014,697) Total assets 184,690,598 6,355,497 7,967,661 - - Current liabilities: - - - - - - Accounts payable and accruals: - - - - - - Accounts payable and accruals: - - - - - - Accounts payable and accruals: -<	-		-		-	-		Notes receivable
Land - 20,400 901,783 Buildings - 2,268,068 2,476,962 Improvements other than buildings - 291,216 - Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 Software costs - - 1(3,014,697) ((14,912) (13,014,691) (14,912) (14,912) (14,912) (14,912) (14,912) (14,912) (14,912) (14,912	-		-		-	-		Other assets
Buildings - 2,268,068 2,476,962 Improvements other than buildings - 291,216 - Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 - Less accumulated depreciation/amortization (311,124) (2,167,697) (13,014,697) ((Total noncurrent assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,823,426 - Current liabilities: - - - - Accounts payable 4,468,856 974,596 104,792 - Accounts payable - 58,972 359 Bank overdraft 4,099,293 - - - Due to other funds 27,030 93,568 268,042 Due to funds - - - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: - - - Reserve for losses 13,940,514 - - - Compensated absences 123,558 306,521 37,815 - Bonds payable - -								Capital assets:
Improvements other than buildings - 28,2176 - Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 - Software costs - - 11,736 16,259,378 - Less accumulated depreciation/amortization (311,124) (2,167,697) (13,014,697) (1 Total assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426 - - Labilities 184,690,598 6,355,497 7,967,661 - - Accounts payable and accruals: - 58,972 359 - - Accounts payables - 58,972 359 - - Due to other funds 27,030 93,568 268,042 - - Due to othongonent units - - - - - Uncamed revenues 13,940,514 - - - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: - - - - - Reserve for losses 12,558 306,521	-		901,783		20,400	-		Land
Furniture and equipment 362,879 711,736 16,259,378 Software costs -	-		2,476,962		2,268,068	-		Buildings
Software costs -	422,451		-		291,216	-		Improvements other than buildings
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization (311,124) (2,167,697) (13,014,697) ((Total noncurrent assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426 (Total assets 184,690,598 6,355,497 7,967,661 (Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accruals: ((((Accounts payable and accruals: (4,468,856 974,596 104,792 (Accoud payroll and related liabilities 110,884 304,315 43,467 (1,071,169		16,259,378		711,736	362,879		Furniture and equipment
Total noncurrent assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426 Total assets 184,690,598 6,355,497 7,967,661 7 Liabilities Accounts payable and accruals: 7,967,661 7 7 Accounts payable and accruals: 4,468,856 974,596 104,792 359 Accrued payroll and related liabilities 110,884 304,315 43,467 1 Intergovernmental payables - 58,972 359 359 Bank overdraft 4,099,293 - - - Due to other funds 27,030 93,568 268,042 0 Due to component units - 7,133 471 - - Unearmed revenues 13,940,514 - - - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: 123,558 306,521 37,815 - Bonds payable - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-		-		-	-		Software costs
Total assets 184,690,598 6,355,497 7,967,661 Liabilities Accounts payable and accruals: Total accruation and payable 10,884 304,315 43,467 Due to other funds 27,030 93,568 268,042 Due to other funds - - - Out of dong-term liabilities: 13,940,514 - - Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - - Total current liabilities: 69,924,390 1,745,105 454,946 Moncurrent liabilitities: 69	(1,168,277)		(13,014,697)		(2,167,697)	(311,124)		Less accumulated depreciation/amortization
Total assets 184,690,598 6,355,497 7,967,661 Liabilities Accounts payable and accruals: Accounts payable 4,468,856 974,596 104,792 Accounts payable 4,468,856 974,596 104,792 Asset Accounts payable 4,468,856 974,596 104,792 Asset Accounts payable 4,468,856 974,596 104,792 Asset Accounts payable and accruals: 10,884 304,315 43,467 Intergovernmental payables - 58,972 359 Bank overdraft 4,099,293 - - - - - Due to other funds 27,030 93,568 268,042 -	325,343		6.623.426		1.123.723	51,755		Total noncurrent assets
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accruals: Accounts payable - Bank overdraft 4,099,293 - Due to other funds 27,030 Payable revenues - - Out funds - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,381,433				· · ·	 		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accruals: Accounts payable and accruals: Accounts payable 4,468,856 974,596 104,792 Accrued payroll and related liabilities 110,884 304,315 43,467 Intergovernmental payables - 58,972 359 Bank overdraft 4,099,293 - - Due to other funds 27,030 93,568 268,042 Due to other funds - 7,133 471 Due to component units - - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: - - - Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - - Compensated absences 123,558 306,521 37,815 Bonds payable - - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - - Advances: 69,924,390 1,745,105 454,946 - Compensated absences 83,664 156,432 43,830 -	1,301,433		7,907,001		0,300,497	 164,090,096		
Accounts payable and accruals: Accounts payable 4,468,856 974,596 104,792 Accrued payroll and related liabilities 110,884 304,315 43,467 Intergovermmental payables - 58,972 359 Bank overdraft 4,099,293 - - Due to other funds 27,030 93,568 268,042 Due to fiduciary funds - 7,133 471 Due to component units - - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: - - - Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - - Compensated absences 123,558 306,521 37,815 - - Obligations under capital leases - - - - Advances from general fund - - - - Advances from debt service fund - - - - Compensated absences 83,664 156,432 43,830 - - Bonds payable - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>								
Accounts payable 4,468,856 974,596 104,792 Accrued payroll and related liabilities 110,884 304,315 43,467 Intergovernmental payables - 58,972 359 Bank overdraft 4,099,293 - - Due to other funds 27,030 93,568 268,042 Due to fiduciary funds - 7,133 471 Due to component units - - - Unearned revenues 13,940,514 - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: - - - Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - - Compensated absences 123,558 306,521 37,815 Bonds payable - - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - - Advances from general fund - - 2,437,500 - Advances from general fund - - - - Advances from debt service fund <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
Accrued payroll and related liabilities 110,884 304,315 43,467 Intergovernmental payables - 58,972 359 Bank overdraft 4,099,293 - - Due to other funds 27,030 93,568 268,042 Due to other funds - 7,133 471 Due to component units - - - Unearned revenues 13,940,514 - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - Compensated absences 123,558 306,521 37,815 Bonds payable - - Obligations under capital leases - - - - - Advances from general fund - - - - - Advances from general fund - - - - - Advances from general fund - - - - - Advances from general fund - - - - -	10.000							
Intergovernmental payables - 58,972 359 Bank overdraft 4,099,293 - - Due to other funds 27,030 93,568 268,042 Due to fiduciary funds - 7,133 471 Due to component units - - - Unearned revenues 13,940,514 - - Short-term portion of log-term liabilities: Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - Reserve for losses 123,558 306,521 37,815 - - Obligations under capital leases - - - - - Noncurrent liabilities: 69,924,390 1,745,105 454,946 - - Advances from general fund -	16,909				-			
Bank overdraft 4,099,293 - - Due to other funds 27,030 93,568 268,042 Due to fiduciary funds - 7,133 471 Due to component units - - - Unearned revenues 13,940,514 - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: - - - Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - Compensated absences 123,558 306,521 37,815 Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - Total current liabilities: 69,924,390 1,745,105 454,946 Noncurrent liabilities: - - - Advances from general fund - - - Advances from debt service fund - - - Advances from debt service fund - - - Compensated absences 83,664 156,432 43,830 Bonds payable - - - - Obligations under capital leases	46,072					110,884		
Due to other funds 27,030 93,568 268,042 Due to fiduciary funds - 7,133 471 Due to component units - - - Unearned revenues 13,940,514 - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - Compensated absences 123,558 306,521 37,815 Bonds payable - - Obligations under capital leases - - - - - Advances 69,924,390 1,745,105 454,946 - - - Advances from general fund - - - - - - Advances from debt service fund -	-		359		58,972	-		
Due to fiduciary funds - 7,133 471 Due to component units - - - - Unearned revenues 13,940,514 - - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - Reserve for losses 123,558 306,521 37,815 - - Bonds payable - - - - - - Obligations under capital leases - <td< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	-		-		-			
Due to component units - - - - Unearned revenues 13,940,514 - - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - Reserve for losses 123,558 306,521 37,815 - - Bonds payable - - - - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - - - - Total current liabilities: 69,924,390 1,745,105 454,946 - - - - Advances from general fund -	22,154				,	27,030		
Unearned revenues 13,940,514 - - Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - Compensated absences 123,558 306,521 37,815 - - Bonds payable - - - - - - Obligations under capital leases -	-		4/1		7,133	-		
Short-term portion of long-term liabilities: Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - Compensated absences 123,558 306,521 37,815 Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - Total current liabilities: 69,924,390 1,745,105 454,946 Noncurrent liabilities: 69,924,390 1,745,105 454,946 Noncurrent liabilities: 69,924,390 1,745,105 454,946 Noncurrent liabilities: 64,947,000 - - Advances from general fund - - 2,437,500 Advances from debt service fund - - - Reserve for losses - - - Compensated absences 83,664 156,432 43,830 Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - Total noncurrent liabilities 83,664 156,432 2,481,330 Net Position 70,008,05	-		-		-	-		
Reserve for losses 47,154,255 - - Compensated absences 123,558 306,521 37,815 Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - Total current liabilities: 69,924,390 1,745,105 454,946 Noncurrent liabilities: - - - Advances from general fund - - 2,437,500 Advances from debt service fund - - - Reserve for losses - - - Compensated absences 83,664 156,432 43,830 Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - Total noncurrent liabilities 83,664 156,432 2,481,330 Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 Net investment in capital assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426	-		-		-	13,940,514		
Compensated absences 123,558 306,521 37,815 Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - Total current liabilities 69,924,390 1,745,105 454,946 Noncurrent liabilities: Advances: - - Advances from general fund - - - Advances from debt service fund - - - Reserve for losses - - - Compensated absences 83,664 156,432 43,830 Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - Total noncurrent liabilities 83,664 156,432 2,481,330 Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 Net investment in capital assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426								
Bonds payableObligations under capital leasesTotal current liabilities:69,924,3901,745,105454,946Noncurrent liabilities:69,924,3901,745,105454,946Advances:2,437,500Advances from general fund2,437,500Advances from debt service fundReserve for lossesCompensated absences83,664156,43243,830Bonds payableObligations under capital leasesTotal noncurrent liabilities83,664156,4322,481,330Net Position70,008,0541,901,5372,936,276Net investment in capital assets51,7551,123,7236,623,426	-		-		-	, ,		
Obligations under capital leasesTotal current liabilities69,924,3901,745,105454,946Noncurrent liabilities:69,924,3901,745,105454,946Advances from general fund2,437,500Advances from debt service fundReserve for lossesCompensated absences83,664156,43243,830Bonds payableObligations under capital leasesTotal noncurrent liabilities83,664156,4322,481,330Net Position70,008,0541,901,5372,936,276Net investment in capital assets51,7551,123,7236,623,426	57,910		37,815		306,521	123,558		•
Total current liabilities 69,924,390 1,745,105 454,946 Noncurrent liabilities: Advances: - - 2,437,500 Advances from general fund - - 2,437,500 Advances from debt service fund - - - Reserve for losses - - - Compensated absences 83,664 156,432 43,830 Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - Total noncurrent liabilities 83,664 156,432 2,481,330 Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 Net investment in capital assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426	-		-		-	-		
Noncurrent liabilities: Advances: Advances from general fund2,437,500Advances from debt service fundReserve for lossesCompensated absences83,664156,43243,830-Bonds payableObligations under capital leasesTotal noncurrent liabilities83,664156,4322,481,330Net Position70,008,0541,901,5372,936,276Net investment in capital assets51,7551,123,7236,623,426	-		-		-	 -		Obligations under capital leases
Advances: - - 2,437,500 Advances from general fund - - - Advances from debt service fund - - - Reserve for losses - - - Compensated absences 83,664 156,432 43,830 Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - Total noncurrent liabilities 83,664 156,432 2,481,330 Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 Net investment in capital assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426	143,045		454,946		1,745,105	69,924,390		Total current liabilities
Advances from general fund - - 2,437,500 Advances from debt service fund - - - Reserve for losses - - - Compensated absences 83,664 156,432 43,830 Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - Total noncurrent liabilities 83,664 156,432 2,481,330 Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 Net investment in capital assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426								Noncurrent liabilities:
Advances from debt service fund - - - Reserve for losses - - - - Compensated absences 83,664 156,432 43,830 - Bonds payable - - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - - Total noncurrent liabilities 83,664 156,432 2,481,330 - Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 - Net investment in capital assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426								Advances:
Reserve for losses - - - Compensated absences 83,664 156,432 43,830 Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - Total noncurrent liabilities 83,664 156,432 2,481,330 Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 Net investment in capital assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426	-		2,437,500		-	-		Advances from general fund
Compensated absences 83,664 156,432 43,830 Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - Total noncurrent liabilities 83,664 156,432 2,481,330 Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 Net investment in capital assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426	-		-		-	-		Advances from debt service fund
Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - - Total noncurrent liabilities 83,664 156,432 2,481,330 - Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 - Net investment in capital assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426	-		-		-	-		Reserve for losses
Bonds payable - - - Obligations under capital leases - - - - Total noncurrent liabilities 83,664 156,432 2,481,330 - Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 - Net investment in capital assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426	48,887		43,830		156,432	83,664		Compensated absences
Total noncurrent liabilities 83,664 156,432 2,481,330 Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 Net investment in capital assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426	-		-		-	-		Bonds payable
Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 Net Position 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426	-		-		-	-		Obligations under capital leases
Net Position 70,008,054 1,901,537 2,936,276 Net Position 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426	48,887		2 481 330		156 432	 83 664		Total noncurrent liabilities
Net PositionNet investment in capital assets51,7551,123,7236,623,426						 		
Net investment in capital assets 51,755 1,123,723 6,623,426	191,932		2,936,276		1,901,537	 70,008,054		
	005 040		0.000.000		4 400 700	F 4 7FF		
Unrestricted (deficit) 114,630,789 3,330,237 (1,592,041)	325,343							· ·
	864,158							
Total net position \$ 114,682,544 \$ 4,453,960 \$ 5,031,385 \$	1,189,501	\$	5,031,385	\$	4,453,960	\$ 114,682,544	\$	Total net position


	isurance remiums	Administrative Services		Personnel	Purchasing	 	nformation Services		Printing		Total
\$	10,629,132	\$	552,799	\$ 1,863,909	\$ 465,878	\$	4,630,344	\$	1,171,742	\$	204,998,533
	113,591 -		-	-	917		70,611 98,123		64,436 -		928,586 651,015
	5,000 1,106,525 -		-	- 11,214 -	- 11,315 -		- 2,357,448 -		- 73,336 -		5,000 5,788,844 2,997,085
	-		-	138,719	-		14,841 -		- 262,859		178,233 262,859
	193,370		23,833	60,496	17,875		119,912		11,917		530,929
	12,047,618		576,632	2,074,338	495,985		7,291,279		1,584,290		216,341,084
	85,000 -		-	-	-		- 2,565		-		85,000 2,565
	-		-	-	95,554 140,000		15,000 14,762,838		- 744,617 3,125,954		1,032,737 20,392,485 3,839,621
	36,877		59,699	256,710 15,323,810	152,380		28,937,598		4,064,313		51,912,739 15,323,810
	(32,048)		(58,505)	(15,550,339)	(292,064))	(29,541,927)		(4,923,151)		(67,059,829)
	89,829		1,194	30,181	95,870		14,176,074		3,011,733		25,529,128
	12,137,447		577,826	2,104,519	591,855	_	21,467,353		4,596,023		241,870,212
	811,976 38,271 -		4,454 118,971 -	79,793 261,746 -	3,194 130,027 -		542,095 765,456 15,726		205,468 58,329 -		7,212,133 1,877,538 75,057
	- 19,037 -		- 12,007	- 655,408 -	- 96,907 -		- 312,270		- 2,688 5,575		4,099,293 1,509,111 13,179
	14,772 -		-	7,683	-		10,387 2,942		-		32,842 13,943,456
	16,920,013 33,424 -		- 113,953 -	- 273,358 -	۔ 115,046 -		- 792,771 513,323		- 58,182 -		64,074,268 1,912,538 513,323
	- 17,837,493		- 249,385	- 1,277,988	- 345,174		507,121 3,462,091	_	- 330,242	_	507,121 95,769,859
	-		-	-	-		489,449 903,819		-		2,926,949 903,819
4	48,457,633		-	-	-				-		48,457,633
	19,128		56,636	221,216	101,722		602,658		69,073		1,403,246
	-		-	-	-		5,249,572 1,338,626		-		5,249,572 1,338,626
4	48,476,761		56,636	221,216	101,722		8,584,124		69,073		60,279,845
(66,314,254		306,021	1,499,204	446,896		12,046,215	_	399,315	_	156,049,704
(!	4,829 54,181,636)		1,194 270,611	30,181 575,134	95,870 49,089		6,698,710 2,722,428		3,011,733 1,184,975		17,966,764 67,853,744
\$ (54,176,807)	\$	271,805	\$ 605,315	\$ 144,959	\$	9,421,138	\$	4,196,708	\$	85,820,508

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	s	elf-Insurance	Вι	ildings and Grounds	Fle	et Services	Con	nmunications
Operating Revenues Net premium income	\$	336,198,780	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Sales		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		1,225,167		59,608		6,449,516
Rental income		-		14,744,482		4,428,697		-
Other		85,604		56,305		-		-
Total operating revenues		336,284,384		16,025,954		4,488,305		6,449,516
Operating Expenses								
Salaries and benefits		2,149,080		5,436,713		781,218		1,007,486
Operating		4,093,911		10,338,224		2,289,561		5,334,151
Claims expense		188,296,196		-		-		-
Materials or supplies used		-		-		313,302		-
Depreciation		28,369		119,319		1,013,294		64,820
Insurance premiums		123,404,245		-		-		-
Total operating expenses		317,971,801		15,894,256		4,397,375		6,406,457
Operating income (loss)		18,312,583		131,698		90,930		43,059
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		1,042,260		_		-		-
Interest expense		-,		-		-		-
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		-		400		67,782		-
Total nonoperating revenues						- , -		
(expenses)		1,042,260		400		67,782		-
Income (loss) before transfers		19,354,843		132,098		158,712		43,059
Transfers								
Transfers in		-		77,910		2,126,623		-
Transfers out		-		-		(29,764)		-
Change in net position		19,354,843		210,008		2,255,571		43,059
Net position, July 1		95,327,701		4,243,952		2,775,814		1,146,442
Net position, June 30	\$	114,682,544	\$	4,453,960	\$	5,031,385	\$	1,189,501



Insurance Premiums	Administrative Services		P	Personnel		Purchasing		Information Services		Printing		Total
\$ 22,572,357	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	358,771,137
-		-		-		-		-		2,173,236		2,173,236
-		2,469,094		7,837,522		2,649,953		25,195,738		-		45,886,598
- 155,601		-		- 36,685		- 1,325		360,797 433		- 26,206		19,533,976 362,159
 22,727,958		2,469,094		7,874,207		2,651,278	_	25,556,968	_	2,199,442	_	426,727,106
673,596		2,110,259		4,888,081		1,907,265		14,825,661		1,317,786		35,097,145
1,921,031		345,818		2,940,421		686,453		7,078,670		598,047		35,626,287
13,070,337		-		-		-		-		-		201,366,533
- 800		-		-		-		-		529,868		843,170
800 5,055,555		1,140 -		21,103		2,421		1,365,329		272,599		2,889,194 128,459,800
 20,721,319		2,457,217		7,849,605		2,596,139		23,269,660		2,718,300		404,282,129
 2,006,639		11,877		24,602		55,139		2,287,308		(518,858)		22,444,977
467		-		-		-		-		-		1,042,727
-		-		-		-		(8,582)		-		(8,582
 -		-		-		-		-		-		68,182
467		-		-		-		(8,582)		-		1,102,327
2,007,106		11,877		24,602		55,139		2,278,726		(518,858)		23,547,304
-		-		-		-		127,264		151,482		2,483,279
 (50,000)		-		-		-		-		-		(79,764)
1,957,106		11,877		24,602		55,139		2,405,990		(367,376)		25,950,819
(56,133,913)		259,928		580,713		89,820		7,015,148		4,564,084		59,869,689
\$ (54,176,807)	\$	271,805	\$	605,315	\$	144,959	\$	9,421,138	\$	4,196,708	\$	85,820,508

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Self- Insurance	a	Buildings nd Grounds	Motor Pool	Со	mmunications
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers and users Receipts for interfund services provided Receipts from component units Receipts of principal on loans and notes	\$	52,614,621 200,903,180 75,374,655	\$	54,889 15,799,347 -	\$ 30,179 4,288,253 84,720	\$	32,298 6,386,731 5,477
Payments to suppliers, other governments and beneficiaries Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used Payments to component units		(315,452,795) (2,168,164) (1,114,666) -		(8,542,062) (5,580,634) (1,763,998) (144)	(1,960,332) (771,186) (864,322) -		(5,267,960) (998,723) (268,348) -
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		10,156,831		(32,602)	807,312		(110,525)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfers and advances from other funds Transfers and advances to other funds		-		-	4,770,937 (29,764)		-
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	_	-		-	4,741,173		-
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Proceeds from sale of capital assets Purchase of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt		- (12,355) - -		400 (67,686) - -	93,122 (5,440,135) - -		(10,200) - -
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(12,355)		(67,286)	 (5,347,013)		(10,200)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest, dividends and gains (losses)		948,277		-	 -		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		948,277		-	-		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash		11,092,753		(99,888)	201,472		(120,725)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		168,750,024		4,628,827	707,226		525,040
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	179,842,777	\$	4,528,939	\$ 908,698	\$	404,315
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$	18,312,583	\$	131,698	\$ 90,930	\$	43,059
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Depreciation		28,369		119,319	1,013,294		64,820
Decrease (increase) in loans and notes receivable Decrease (increase) in accrued interest and receivables Decrease (increase) in inventory, deferred charges, other assets Increase (decrease) in accounts payable, accruals, other liabilities		- 18,005 (22,344) (8,179,782)		- (171,718) (58,094) (53,807)	- (85,153) (9,682) (202,077)		(25,101) (13,406) (179,897)
Total adjustments		(8,155,752)		(164,300)	 716,382		(153,584)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	10,156,831	\$	(32,602)	\$ 807,312	\$	(110,525)
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities Capital assets acquired under lease	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-



Insurance Premiums	Ad	lministrative Services	Personnel	F	Purchasing	Information Services	F	Printing	Total
\$ 239,107 22,038,651 249,342 5,000	\$	- 2,469,094 - -	\$ 19,699 7,768,499 - -	\$	47,425 2,599,727 4,000	\$ 568,001 24,697,682 - -	\$	208,988 2,258,039 - -	\$ 53,815,207 289,209,203 75,718,194 5,000
(9,781,274) (665,544) (11,353,870) (88,445)		(68,770) (2,142,601) (267,689) -	(1,364,337) (4,827,631) (1,566,206) (14,958)		(140,038) (1,901,034) (568,094) -	(6,688,681) (14,651,009) (544,464) (56,660)	((696,124) 1,359,199) (476,321) -	(349,962,373) (35,065,725) (18,787,978) (160,207)
642,967		(9,966)	15,066		41,986	 3,324,869		(64,617)	 14,771,321
20,013 (50,000)		-	 -		-	 214,123	1	151,482 -	 5,156,555 (79,764)
(29,987)		-	 -		-	 214,123		151,482	 5,076,791
-		- - -	 - (8,056) - -		- - -	 (611,824) (1,312,224) (8,582)		- (164,313) - -	 93,522 (6,314,569) (1,312,224) (8,582)
		-	 (8,056)		-	 (1,932,630)		(164,313)	 (7,541,853)
467			 			 		-	 948,744
467		-	 -		-	 -		-	 948,744
613,447		(9,966)	7,010		41,986	1,606,362		(77,448)	13,255,003
10,015,685		562,765	 1,856,899		423,892	 3,023,982		1,249,190	 191,743,530
<u>\$ 10,629,132</u>	\$	552,799	\$ 1,863,909	\$	465,878	\$ 4,630,344	\$	1,171,742	\$ 204,998,533
\$ 2,006,639	\$	11,877	\$ 24,602	\$	55,139	\$ 2,287,308	\$	(518,858)	\$ 22,444,977
800 5,000		1,140	21,103		2,421	1,365,329		272,599	2,889,194 5,000
(200,858) (126,703) (1,041,911)		(23,833) 850	(86,009) (53,796) 109,166		(126) (17,875) 2,427	(294,227) (122,477) 88,936		267,585 24,956 (110,899)	(601,435) (399,421) (9,566,994)
(1,363,672)		(21,843)	 (9,536)		(13,153)	 1,037,561		454,241	 (7,673,656)
\$ 642,967	\$	(9,966)	\$ 15,066	\$	41,986	\$ 3,324,869	\$	(64,617)	\$ 14,771,321
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,139,826	\$	-	\$ 2,139,826

SESQUICENTENNIAL 2014 NEVADA DAY PARADE





PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST

Public Employees' Retirement Accounts for the operations of the Public Employees' Retirement System which provides income benefits to qualified public employees (NRS 286.220).

Legislators' Retirement Accounts for the operations of the Legislators' Retirement System (NRS 218.2375).

Judicial Retirement Accounts for the operations of the Judicial Retirement System which provides benefits for justices of the Supreme Court and district judges (NRS 1A.160).

State Retirees' Fund Accounts for the assets accumulated and the payments made for other postemployment benefits provided to current and future State retirees. Administered as a defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (OPEB). Funding comes from employer contributions and investment earnings (NRS 287.0436).

INVESTMENT TRUST

Local Government Investment Pool Accounts for investment funds received from local governments and pooled to obtain greater interest earnings (NRS 355.167).

Nevada Enhanced Savings Term Accounts for the establishment of one or more separate subaccounts for identified investments that are made for and allocated to specific participating local governments (NRS 355.165).

Retirement Benefits Investment Fund Accounts for investment of contributions made by participating entities to support financing of other post employment benefits at some time in the future (NRS 355.220).

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST

Prisoners' Personal Property Accounts for personal property held in trust for prisoners pending their release (NRS 209.241).

Nevada College Savings Plan Accounts for participant contributions used to pay for future college expenses (NRS 353B.340).

AGENCY

Intergovernmental Accounts for taxes and fees, such as sales and use, property tax and motor vehicle privilege tax, collected by the Department of Taxation on behalf of local governments (NRS 353.254).

State Agency Fund for Bonds Accounts for surety bonds and deposits held by the State (NRS 353.251).

Motor Vehicle Accounts for taxes and fees collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles pending distribution to counties (NRS 482.180).

Child Support Disbursement Accounts for the centralized collection and disbursement of child support payments in accordance with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 654b (NRS 425.363).

Child Welfare Trust Accounts for survivor benefits held in trust for children receiving welfare services (NRS 432.037).

Restitution Trust Accounts for money received from parolees making restitution (NRS 213.126).

State Payroll Accounts for payment of payroll and payroll deductions such as income tax withholding, insurance deductions, credit union deductions, etc. (NRS 227.130).

June 30, 2014

	Pen	sion Trust Funds			
Assets	Public Employees' Retirement	Legislators' Retirement	Judicial Retirement	Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund - State Retirees' Fund	Total
Cash and pooled investments:					
Cash with treasurer Cash in custody of other officials	\$- 1,022,818,228	\$- 8,169	\$- 229,826	\$ 1,787,619 -	\$
Investments: Investments	-	-	-	1,253,459	1,253,459
Fixed income securities Marketable equity securities International securities Real estate Alternative investments	8,765,972,447 14,289,468,027 7,678,599,448 1,337,751,979 1,111,639,569	1,359,077 3,406,573 100,118 - -	25,979,954 62,749,619 1,831,455 - -	-	8,793,311,478 14,355,624,219 7,680,531,021 1,337,751,979 1,111,639,569
Collateral on loaned securities	541,523,662	-	-	-	541,523,662
Receivables: Accrued interest and dividends Trades pending settlement Intergovernmental receivables Contributions receivable Other receivables	100,132,219 136,040,433 99,783,365 -	2,589 - - -	48,012 - 1,303,905 - 4,377	- - 20,836 -	100,182,820 136,040,433 101,108,106 - 4,377
Due from other funds	-	-	-	127,599	127,599
Due from fiduciary funds Due from component units Other assets Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	19,120,277 - 2,240,330 39,174,100 (35,282,196)	- - -	- - -	1,330,987 - -	19,120,277 1,330,987 2,240,330 39,174,100 (35,282,196
Total assets	35,108,981,888	4,876,526	92,147,148	4,520,500	35,210,526,062
Liabilities Accounts payable and accruals: Accounts payable Intergovernmental payables Redemptions payable Trades pending settlement	12,780,760 - - 979,554,242	1,883 - - 1,643	4,153 - - 29,783	- - - -	12,786,796 - - 979,585,668
Bank overdraft Obligations under securities lending Due to other funds	- 541,523,662 76	- -	-	- - 2,997,009	- 541,523,662 2,997,085
Due to fiduciary funds	41,991				41,991
Total liabilities	1,533,900,731	3,526	33,936	2,997,009	1,536,935,202
Net Position Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits OPEB benefits Pool participants Individuals	33,575,081,157 - -	4,873,000	92,113,212 - -	- 1,523,491 -	33,672,067,369 1,523,491 -
Total net position	\$ 33,575,081,157	\$ 4,873,000	\$ 92,113,212	\$ 1,523,491	\$ 33,673,590,860
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Private Purpose Trust Funds

Investment Trust Funds

Local Government Investment Pool	Nevada Enhanced Savings Term	Retirement Benefits Investment Fund	Total	Prisoners' Personal Property	Nevada College Savings Plan	Total
\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - 2,984,669	\$- 2,984,669	\$ 6,516,804 -	\$- 13,634,171	\$ 6,516,804 13,634,171
427,803,152	407,072,490	234,599,417	1,069,475,059	-	14,217,750,721	14,217,750,721
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
83,238	634,499	1,714,174	2,431,911	-	4,191,871	4,191,871
-	4,665,484	-	4,665,484	-	432,252	432,252
-	-	-	-	44,719	- 11,650,516	44,719 11,650,516
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	162,669	-	162,669
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	- 48,222	-	- 48,222
-	-	-	-	(48,222)	-	(48,222)
427,886,390	412,372,473	239,298,260	1,079,557,123	6,724,192	14,247,659,531	14,254,383,723
-	116,161	27,094	143,255	126,605	2,576,693	2,703,298
3,717	-	-	3,717	18,597	- 6,210,610	18,597 6,210,610
-	5,173,774	3,299,703	8,473,477	-	5,055,978	5,055,978
-	-	-	-	-	70,000	70,000
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	26,917	-	26,917	1,223,699 25,516		1,223,699 25,516
3,717	5,316,852	3,326,797	8,647,366	1,394,417	13,913,281	15,307,698
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	407 055 004	-		-	-	-
427,882,673	407,055,621	235,971,463	1,070,909,757	- 5,329,775	- 14,233,746,250	- 14,239,076,025
\$ 427,882,673	\$407,055,621	\$ 235,971,463	\$ 1,070,909,757	\$ 5,329,775	\$14,233,746,250	\$ 14,239,076,025
,,,,,	÷,000,021	Ţ,	, .,,,,,,,	, 1,020,0	,,,,	,,,

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Per	nsion Trust Funds			
	Public Employees' Retirement	Legislators' Retirement	Judicial Retirement	Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund - State Retirees' Fund	Total
Additions Contributions:					
Employer Plan members Participants	\$ 1,405,006,553 109,656,492	\$ 213,351 26,772	\$ 6,991,764 -	\$ 32,697,856 - -	\$ 1,444,909,524 109,683,264
Repayment and purchase of service	42,752,491	-	-	-	42,752,491
Total contributions	1,557,415,536	240,123	6,991,764	32,697,856	1,597,345,279
Investment income: Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Interest, dividends Securities lending Other	4,175,149,677 801,752,542 8,075,580 91,594,469	754,125 53,683 - -	13,333,150 940,175 - -	208,109 38,710 - -	4,189,445,061 802,785,110 8,075,580 91,594,469
	5,076,572,268	807,808	14,273,325	246,819	5,091,900,220
Less investment expense: Other	(45,137,425)	(3,608)	(20,930)	(472)	(45,162,435)
Net investment income	5,031,434,843	804,200	14,252,395	246,347	5,046,737,785
Other: Investment from local governments Reinvestment from interest income Other	- 1,941,816	45,771	-	-	- - 1,987,587
Total other	1,941,816	45,771	-	-	1,987,587
Total additions	6,590,792,195	1,090,094	21,244,159	32,944,203	6,646,070,651
Deductions Principal redeemed Benefit payments Refunds Contribution distributions	1,816,733,645 23,047,743 990,121	- 493,771 - -	4,294,781 - -		1,857,389,257 23,047,743 990,121
Dividends to investors Administrative expense	- 9,592,570	- 46,046	- 83,197	-	- 9,721,813
Total deductions	1,850,364,079	539,817	4,377,978	35,867,060	1,891,148,934
Change in net position	4,740,428,116	550,277	16,866,181	(2,922,857)	4,754,921,717
Net position, July 1	28,834,653,041	4,322,723	75,247,031	4,446,348	28,918,669,143
Net position, June 30	\$ 33,575,081,157	\$ 4,873,000	\$ 92,113,212	\$ 1,523,491	\$33,673,590,860



Investment Trust Funds Private Purpose Trust Funds Retirement **Benefits** Prisoners' Nevada Local Enhanced Investment Personal Nevada College Government Savings Term Savings Plan **Investment Pool** Fund Total Property Total \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 19,506,446 3,364,128,924 3,383,635,370 3,383,635,370 -19,506,446 3,364,128,924 _ (30,276) (1,652,744)28,792,733 27,109,713 1,581,529,549 1,581,529,549 505,471 6,851,166 5,932,521 13,289,158 267,582,885 267,582,885 475,195 5,198,422 34,725,254 40,398,871 1,849,112,434 1,849,112,434 (40, 841)(40, 841)475,195 5,198,422 1,849,112,434 1,849,112,434 34,684,413 40,358,030 _ 832,696,257 18,305,000 851,001,257 431,158 431,158 255 255 833,127,415 18,305,255 851,432,670 _ 833,602,610 5,198,422 52,989,668 891,790,700 19,506,446 5,213,241,358 5,232,747,804 913,967,898 48,829 914,016,727 2,215,500,426 2,215,500,426 19,058,005 19,058,005 482,697 482,697 22,773 569,946 36,008 628,727 26,511,044 26,511,044 914,473,368 915,128,151 19,058,005 2,242,011,470 2,261,069,475 618,775 36,008 (80,870,758) 52,953,660 2,971,229,888 4,579,647 (23,337,451) 448,441 2,971,678,329 508,753,431 402,475,974 183,017,803 1,094,247,208 4,881,334 11,262,516,362 11,267,397,696 \$ 235,971,463 \$1,070,909,757 \$ 14,239,076,025 427,882,673 \$407,055,621 \$ 5,329,775 \$ 14,233,746,250 \$

June 30, 2014

	Inte	rgovernmental	Stat	e Agency Fund for Bonds	м	otor Vehicle	nild Support sbursement
Assets							
Cash and pooled investments:							
Cash with treasurer	\$	14,821,002	\$	24,979,085	\$	25,881,768	\$ -
Cash in custody of other officials		-		23,371,884		5,741,705	3,636,326
Investments		-		216,538,645		-	-
Receivables:							
Taxes receivable		10,184,131		-		45,507,803	-
Intergovernmental receivables		-		-		-	-
Other receivables		-		-		96,690	-
Due from other funds		465,946,223		32,221,701		884,880	-
Due from fiduciary funds		11,468,873		-		774	-
Due from component units		-		-		-	-
Total assets	\$	502,420,229	\$	297,111,315	\$	78,113,620	\$ 3,636,326
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accruals:							
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Intergovernmental payables		502,420,229		-		59,202,069	-
Due to fiduciary funds		-		-		11,468,873	-
Other liabilities:							
Deposits		-		297,111,315		7,323,762	-
Other liabilities		-		-		118,916	3,636,326
Total liabilities	\$	502,420,229	\$	297,111,315	\$	78,113,620	\$ 3,636,326

NEVADA 2

Child V	Velfare Trust	Res	titution Trust		State Payroll		Total
\$	45,714	\$	1,392,695	\$	19,358,207	\$	86,478,471
	-		-		-		32,749,915
	-		-		-		216,538,645
	-		-		-		55,691,934
	-		-		16,521		16,521
	-		-		-		96,690
	629		100		2,510,192		501,563,725
	-		24,742		41,991		11,536,380
	-		-		1,202,326		1,202,326
\$	46,343	\$	1,417,537	\$	23,129,237	\$	905,874,607
\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,025,191	\$	1,025,191
	1,432	,	-	·	-	,	561,623,730
	-		-		19,120,277		30,589,150
	-		-		2,983,769		307,418,846
	44,911		1,417,537		-		5,217,690
\$	46,343	\$	1,417,537	\$	23,129,237	\$	905,874,607

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Intergevenmental South		Balance July 1, 2013		Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014
Assets Cash with reasurer \$ 13,007,447 \$ 3,018,048,548 \$ 3,016,834,993 \$ 14,821,002 Taxes receivable 11,710,319 40,714,669 42,240,257 10,184,151 Due from finduciary funds 10,474,466 11,468,873 10,474,465 11,468,873 Total assets \$ 476,090,033 \$ 3,523,506,723 \$ 3,497,177,027 \$ 502,420,229 Total labilities \$ 476,090,033 \$ 3,523,506,723 \$ 3,497,177,027 \$ 502,420,229 Steto Agency Fund for Bonds \$ 24,809,533 \$ 3,523,506,723 \$ 3,497,177,027 \$ 502,420,229 Steto Agency Fund for Bonds \$ 228,853,225 \$ 2,371,844 \$ 4,485,922 \$ 2,371,845 Cash with reasurer \$ 291,207,664 \$ 61,451,467 \$ 55,547,806 \$ 297,111,315 Total assets \$ 291,207,664 \$ 60,907,831 \$ 54,995,997 \$ 297,111,315 Motor vahites \$ 291,207,664 \$ 60,907,908 \$ 55,547,806 \$ 297,111,315 Total assets \$ 291,207,664 \$ 1,43,530,733 \$ 1,18,038,091 \$ 25,581,786 Cash with treasurer \$ 291,207,664 \$ 1	Intergovernmental					 · · ·
Liabilities 1 <th< td=""><td>Assets Cash with treasurer Taxes receivable Due from other funds</td><td>\$ 11,710,319 440,898,311</td><td>\$</td><td>40,714,669 465,944,064</td><td>\$ 42,240,857 440,896,152</td><td>\$ 10,184,131 465,946,223</td></th<>	Assets Cash with treasurer Taxes receivable Due from other funds	\$ 11,710,319 440,898,311	\$	40,714,669 465,944,064	\$ 42,240,857 440,896,152	\$ 10,184,131 465,946,223
Intergovernmental payables \$ 476.090.533 \$ 3.523.506.723 \$ 3.497.177.027 \$ 502.420.229 Total liabilities \$ 476.090.533 \$ 3.523.506.723 \$ 3.497.177.027 \$ 502.420.229 Assets \$ 23.853.927 \$ 5.611.080 \$ 4.485.922 \$ 22.4979.085 Cash with treasurer \$ 25.853.927 \$ 5.611.080 \$ 4.485.922 \$ 2.4979.085 Due from other funds \$ 2291.207.664 \$ 61.451.457 \$ 55.547.806 \$ 297.111.315 Liabilities \$ 2.91.199.481 \$ 60.907.831 \$ 54.995.997 \$ 297.111.315 Motor Vehicle \$ 2.91.207.664 \$ 60.907.908 \$ 55.004.257 \$ 297.111.315 Motor Vehicle \$ 2.91.907.664 \$ 0.907.908 \$ 55.004.257 \$ 297.111.315 Motor Vehicle \$ 2.20.389.126 \$ 1.143.530.733 \$ 1.138.038.091 \$ 2.5881.768 Cash in ustody of other officials \$ 5.714.405 7.744 \$ 6.99.002 \$ 84.880 Due from fuclarly funds 763.902 884.880 769.902 884.880 77.74 763.7744 Liabilities \$ 51.154.601	Total assets	\$ 476,090,533	\$	3,536,776,154	\$ 3,510,446,458	\$ 502,420,229
State Agency Fund for Bonds Assets S 23,853.927 \$ 5.611,080 \$ 4.485,922 \$ 24,979,085 Cash with treasurer Cash in custody of other officials Investments \$ 23,853.927 \$ 5.611,080 \$ 4.485,922 \$ 24,979,085 Cash with treasurer Cash in custody of other officials \$ 22,853,235 2,347,144 4,522,4895 23,371,844 Total assets \$ 291,207,664 \$ 61,451,457 \$ 55,547,806 \$ 297,111,315 Motor Vehiclo \$ 291,207,664 \$ 60,907,908 \$ 54,995,997 \$ 297,111,315 Motor Vehiclo \$ 291,207,664 \$ 0,907,908 \$ 55,004,257 \$ 297,111,315 Motor Vehiclo \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,138,038,091 \$ 25,881,788 Cash in with reasurer \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,144,850 741,705 741,705 741,705 Taxes receivable 0,07,731 \$		\$ 476,090,533	\$	3,523,506,723	\$ 3,497,177,027	\$ 502,420,229
Asset S 23,853,927 \$ 5,611,080 \$ 4,485,922 \$ 24,979,085 Cash with treasurer 25,853,235 2,347,144 4,228,495 23,371,84 4,828,495 23,371,84 Due from other funds 25,853,235 2,347,144 4,828,495 22,371,84 24,979,085 Total assets \$ 291,207,664 \$ 61,451,457 \$ 55,547,806 \$ 297,111,315 Labilities \$ 291,207,664 \$ 60,907,808 \$ 297,111,315 Moor Vehicle \$ 291,207,664 \$ 60,907,908 \$ 55,004,257 \$ 297,111,315 Moor Vehicle \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,38,038,091 \$ 25,881,768 Cash with treasurer \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,38,038,091 \$ 25,881,768 Cash with treasurer \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,38,038,091 \$ 25,881,768 <	Total liabilities	\$ 476,090,533	\$	3,523,506,723	\$ 3,497,177,027	\$ 502,420,229
Cash with treasurer S 23,853,927 \$ 5,611,080 \$ 4,485,922 \$ 24,979,085 Cash in custody of other officials Investments 208,939,789 53,049,144 4,485,922 \$ 24,979,085 Due from other funds 32,560,713 444,089 783,101 32,221,701 Total lassets \$ 291,199,481 \$ 60,907,801 \$ 54,995,997 \$ 297,111,315 Motor Vehicle \$ 291,207,664 \$ 60,907,908 \$ 55,004,257 \$ 297,111,315 Motor Vehicle \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,138,038,091 \$ 25,581,768 \$ 297,111,315 Cash with treasurer \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,138,038,091 \$ 25,581,768 Cash with treasurer \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,138,038,091 \$ 25,581,768 Cash with treasurer \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,147,414 \$<	State Agency Fund for Bonds					
Liabilities 291,199,481 5 60,907,831 5 54,995,997 297,111,315 Motor Vehicle \$ 291,207,664 \$ 60,907,908 \$ 55,004,257 \$ 297,111,315 Motor Vehicle \$ 291,207,664 \$ 60,907,908 \$ 55,004,257 \$ 297,111,315 Motor Vehicle \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,138,038,091 \$ 25,581,768 Cash with treasurer \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,138,038,091 \$ 25,581,768 Cash in custody of other officials 763,902 884,880 799,902 884,880 769,902 884,880 Due form officials receivables 107,731 - 11,041 96,600 91,047,456 1,178,478,474 \$ 78,113,620 Liabilities \$ 69,150,645 \$ 1,178,78,474 \$ 78,113,620 Chall labilities \$ 69,150,645 \$ 1,178,762,860 \$ 1,178,762,865	Cash with treasurer Cash in custody of other officials Investments	\$ 25,853,235 208,939,789	\$	2,347,144 53,049,144	\$ 4,828,495 45,450,288	\$ 23,371,884 216,538,645
Deposits Other liabilities \$ 291,199,481 8,183 \$ 60,907,831 77 \$ 54,995,997 8,260 \$ 297,111,315 Motor Vehicle \$ 291,207,664 \$ 60,907,933 \$ 1,138,038,091 55,004,257 \$ 297,111,315 Motor Vehicle \$ 291,207,664 \$ 0,907,933 \$ 1,138,038,091 55,004,257 \$ 25,881,768 Cash with treasurer Cash with treasurer \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,138,038,091 52,100 \$ 25,881,768 Cash with treasurer \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,138,038,091 52,100 \$ 25,881,768 Cash with treasurer \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,138,038,091 52,100 \$ 25,881,768 Child carp funds 763 774 763 774 763 774 Due from other funds \$ 69,150,645 \$ 1,187,441,449 \$ 1,178,478,474 \$ 78,113,620 Liabilities \$ 1,142,476 \$ 1,175,983,458 \$ 1,167,935,990 \$ 59,202,069 Due to fiduciary funds \$ 51,154,601 \$ 1,175,983,458 \$ 1,178,772,860 \$ 1,178,772,860 \$ 1,178,762,865 \$ 78,113,620 Child Support Disbursement Assets \$ 3,070,661<	Total assets	\$ 291,207,664	\$	61,451,457	\$ 55,547,806	\$ 297,111,315
Motor Vehicle Assers S 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,138,038,091 \$ 25,881,768 Cash in custody of other officials \$,714,405 79,400 \$,21,00 \$,741,705 Taxes receivable 42,945,662 39,606,577 45,507,803 Other receivables 107,731 - 11,041 96,690 Due from other funds 763 774 763 774 Total assets \$ 69,150,645 \$ 1,175,983,458 \$ 1,167,935,990 \$ 59,202,069 Intergovernmental payables \$ 15,154,601 \$ 1,175,983,458 \$ 1,167,935,990 \$ 59,202,069 Due to fluciary funds 7,402,671 273,529 352,438 7,323,762 Othel labilities 11,48,917 - 1 11,488,873 1,477,725,860 \$ 1,178,762,885 78,113,620 Child Support Disbursement \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,199,800 \$ 207,634,135 \$ 3,636,326	Deposits	\$ 	\$		\$	\$ 297,111,315
Assets \$ 20,389,126 \$ 1,143,530,733 \$ 1,138,038,091 \$ 25,881,768 Cash in custody of other officials \$ 5,714,405 79,400 52,100 \$ 5,741,705 Taxes receivable 42,945,662 39,606,577 45,507,803 \$ 1,1041 96,690 Due from other funds 769,902 884,880 769,902 884,880 769,902 884,880 Due form other funds 769,902 884,880 769,902 884,880 774 \$ 774 78,113,620 Liabilities \$ 69,150,645 \$ 1,187,441,449 \$ 1,177,983,590 \$ 59,202,069 \$ 59,202,069 \$ 10,474,456 11,468,873 10,474,456 11,468,873 \$ 1,67,935,990 \$ 59,202,069 \$ 59,202,069 \$ 59,202,069 \$ 10,474,456 11,468,873 \$ 1,475,8454 \$ 1,67,935,990 \$ 59,202,069 \$ 59,202,069 \$ 7,323,762 \$ <	Total liabilities	\$ 291,207,664	\$	60,907,908	\$ 55,004,257	\$ 297,111,315
Total assets \$ 69,150,645 \$ 1,187,441,449 \$ 1,178,478,474 \$ 78,113,620 Liabilities \$ 51,154,601 \$ 1,175,983,458 \$ 1,167,935,990 \$ 59,202,069 Due to fiduciary funds 10,474,456 11,468,873 10,474,456 11,468,873 Deposits 7,402,671 273,529 352,438 7,323,762 Other liabilities 118,917 - 1 118,916 Total liabilities \$ 69,150,645 \$ 1,187,725,860 \$ 1,178,762,885 \$ 78,113,620 Child Support Disbursement \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,199,800 \$ 207,634,135 \$ 3,636,326 Liabilities \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,199,800 \$ 207,634,135 \$ 3,636,326 Child Welfare Trust \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Child Welfare Trust \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Child Welfare Trust \$ 20,263 \$ 20,263 \$ 205,597 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Cash with treasurer \$ 20,263 \$ 20,226 \$ 225,146 \$ 45,714	Assets Cash with treasurer Cash in custody of other officials Taxes receivable Other receivables Due from other funds	\$ 5,714,405 42,168,718 107,731	\$	79,400 42,945,662	\$ 52,100 39,606,577 11,041	\$ 5,741,705 45,507,803 96,690
Liabilities \$ 51,154,601 \$ 1,175,983,458 \$ 1,167,935,990 \$ 59,202,069 Due to fiduciary funds 10,474,456 11,468,873 10,474,456 11,468,873 10,474,456 11,468,873 Other liabilities 7,402,671 273,529 352,438 7,323,762 1 118,916 Total liabilities \$ 69,150,645 \$ 1,187,725,860 \$ 1,178,762,885 \$ 78,113,620 Child Support Disbursement \$ 69,150,645 \$ 1,187,725,860 \$ 1,178,762,885 \$ 78,113,620 Child Support Disbursement \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,199,800 \$ 207,634,135 \$ 3,636,326 Liabilities \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Child Welfare Trust \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Child Welfare Trust \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Cash with treasurer \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Due from other funds \$ 663 \$ 629 \$ 663 629 \$ 663 629			_			
Intergovernmental payables \$ 51,154,601 \$ 1,175,983,458 \$ 1,167,935,990 \$ 59,202,069 Due to fiduciary funds 10,474,456 11,468,873 10,474,456 11,468,873 Deposits 7,402,671 273,529 352,438 7,323,762 Other liabilities \$ 69,150,645 \$ 1,187,725,860 \$ 1,178,762,885 \$ 78,113,620 Child Support Disbursement \$ 69,150,645 \$ 1,187,725,860 \$ 1,178,762,885 \$ 78,113,620 Child Support Disbursement \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,199,800 \$ 207,634,135 \$ 3,636,326 Total assets \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,199,800 \$ 207,634,135 \$ 3,636,326 Liabilities \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Child Welfare Trust \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326		\$ 69,150,645	\$	1,187,441,449	\$ 1,178,478,474	\$ 78,113,620
Child Support Disbursement Assets \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,199,800 \$ 207,634,135 \$ 3,636,326 Cash in custody of other officials \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,199,800 \$ 207,634,135 \$ 3,636,326 Liabilities \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Liabilities \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Child Welfare Trust \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Child Welfare Trust \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Child Welfare Trust \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Assets \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Cash with treasurer \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Due from other funds \$ 663 \$ 629 \$ 663 \$ 629 \$ 663 \$ 629 Total assets \$ 20,926 \$ 251,226 \$ 225,809 \$ 46,343 Liabilities \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 \$ 1,510 <td>Intergovernmental payables Due to fiduciary funds Deposits</td> <td>\$ 10,474,456 7,402,671</td> <td>\$</td> <td>11,468,873</td> <td>\$ 10,474,456 352,438</td> <td>\$ 11,468,873 7,323,762</td>	Intergovernmental payables Due to fiduciary funds Deposits	\$ 10,474,456 7,402,671	\$	11,468,873	\$ 10,474,456 352,438	\$ 11,468,873 7,323,762
Assets Cash in custody of other officials $$$ 3,070,661$$$ 208,199,800$$$ 207,634,135$$$ 3,636,326$Total assets$$ 3,070,661$$$ 208,199,800$$$ 207,634,135$$$ 3,636,326$Liabilities$$ 3,070,661$$$ 208,790,351$$$ 208,224,686$$$ 3,636,326$Differ liabilities$$ 3,070,661$$$ 208,790,351$$$ 208,224,686$$$ 3,636,326$Child Welfare Trust$$ 3,070,661$$$ 208,790,351$$$ 208,224,686$$$ 3,636,326$Assets$$ 20,263$$$ 208,790,351$$$ 208,224,686$$$ 3,636,326$Child Welfare Trust$$ 3,070,661$$$ 208,790,351$$$ 208,224,686$$$ 3,636,326$Assets$$ 20,263$$$ 205,597$$$ 208,224,686$$$ 3,636,326$Cash with treasurerDue from other funds$$ 20,263$$$ 250,597$$$ 225,146$$$ 45,714$Due from other funds$$ 20,926$$$ 251,226$$$ 225,809$$$ 46,343$LiabilitiesIntergovernmental payables$$ 1,510$19,416$$ 1,432$256,874$$$ 1,510$231,379$$ 1,432$44,911$$	Total liabilities	\$ 69,150,645	\$	1,187,725,860	\$ 1,178,762,885	\$ 78,113,620
Cash in custody of other officials \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,199,800 \$ 207,634,135 \$ 3,636,326 Total assets \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,199,800 \$ 207,634,135 \$ 3,636,326 Liabilities \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Total liabilities \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Total liabilities \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Child Welfare Trust \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Cash with treasurer \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Due from other funds \$ 663 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Total assets \$ 20,263 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Due from other funds \$ 663 \$ 629 \$ 663 \$ 629 Total assets \$ 20,926 \$ 251,226 \$ 225,809 \$ 46,343 Liabilities \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 Intergovernmental payables \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 \$ 231,379 \$ 44,						
Other liabilities \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Total liabilities \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Child Welfare Trust \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Child Welfare Trust \$ 3,070,661 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Cash with treasurer \$ 20,263 \$ 20,263 \$ 208,790,351 \$ 208,224,686 \$ 3,636,326 Due from other funds \$ 20,263 \$ 20,263 \$ 250,597 \$ 225,146 \$ 45,714 Due from other funds \$ 20,926 \$ 251,226 \$ 225,809 \$ 46,343 Liabilities \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 Intergovernmental payables \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 Other liabilities \$ 1,9416 \$ 256,874 \$ 231,379 \$ 44,911	Cash in custody of other officials	 				
Child Welfare Trust Assets Cash with treasurer \$ 20,263 \$ 250,597 \$ 225,146 \$ 45,714 Due from other funds 663 629 663 629 Total assets \$ 20,926 \$ 251,226 \$ 225,809 \$ 46,343 Liabilities Intergovernmental payables \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 Other liabilities 19,416 256,874 231,379 44,911		 3,070,661	\$	208,790,351	\$ 208,224,686	\$ 3,636,326
Assets Cash with treasurer \$ 20,263 \$ 250,597 \$ 225,146 \$ 45,714 Due from other funds 663 629 663 629 Total assets \$ 20,926 \$ 251,226 \$ 225,809 \$ 46,343 Liabilities Intergovernmental payables \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 Other liabilities 19,416 256,874 231,379 44,911		\$ 3,070,661	\$	208,790,351	\$ 208,224,686	\$ 3,636,326
Cash with treasurer \$ 20,263 \$ 250,597 \$ 225,146 \$ 45,714 Due from other funds 663 663 629 663 629 663 629 Total assets \$ 20,926 \$ 251,226 \$ 225,809 \$ 46,343 Liabilities Intergovernmental payables \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 Other liabilities 19,416 256,874 231,379 44,911 44,911						
Liabilities Intergovernmental payables \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 Other liabilities 19,416 256,874 231,379 44,911	Cash with treasurer	\$	\$		\$	\$
Intergovernmental payables \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 \$ 1,510 \$ 1,432 Other liabilities 19,416 256,874 231,379 44,911	Total assets	\$ 20,926	\$	251,226	\$ 225,809	\$ 46,343
	Intergovernmental payables	\$	\$		\$	\$
	Total liabilities	\$ 20,926	\$	258,306	\$ 232,889	\$ 46,343

(Continued)



		Balance July 1, 2013		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2014
Restitution Trust								
<i>Assets</i> Cash with treasurer Due from other funds Due from fiduciary funds	\$	1,482,806 1,718 15.246	\$	3,120,874 100 24,742	\$	3,210,985 1,718 15,246	\$	1,392,695 100 24.742
Total assets	\$	1.499.770	\$	3,145,716	\$	3.227.949	\$	1,417,537
<i>Liabilities</i> Other liabilities	\$	1,499,770	\$	3,117,572	\$	3,199,805	\$	1,417,537
Total liabilities	\$	1,499,770	\$	3,117,572	\$	3,199,805	\$	1,417,537
State Payroll		, , -	<u> </u>	- / / -	<u> </u>	-,,	<u> </u>	, , ,
Assets								
Cash with treasurer Intergovernmental receivables Due from other funds Due from fiduciary funds Due from component unit	\$	15,499,161 40,354 1,139,178 44,752 1,213,449	\$	736,777,827 16,521 2,510,192 41,991 1,202,326	\$	732,918,781 40,354 1,139,178 44,752 1,213,449	\$	19,358,207 16,521 2,510,192 41,991 1,202,326
Total assets	\$	17,936,894	\$	740,548,857	\$	735,356,514	\$	23,129,237
<i>Liabilities</i> Accrued payroll and related liabilities Due to fiduciary funds Deposits	\$	248,890 17,420,555 267,449	\$	384,549,190 250,440,905 104,727,037	\$	383,772,889 248,741,183 102,010,717	\$	1,025,191 19,120,277 2,983,769
Total liabilities	\$	17,936,894	\$	739,717,132	\$	734,524,789	\$	23,129,237
Totals - All Agency Funds Assets Cash with treasurer	\$	74,252,730	\$	4,907,939,659	\$	4,895,713,918	\$	86,478,471
Cash in custody of other officials Investments Taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivables Other receivables Due from other funds Due from fiduciary funds Due from component unit	Þ	34,638,301 208,939,789 53,879,037 40,354 107,731 475,370,485 10,535,217 1,213,449	·	210,626,344 53,049,144 83,660,331 16,521 - 469,783,954 11,536,380 1,202,326		212,514,730 45,450,288 81,847,434 40,354 11,041 443,590,714 10,535,217 1,213,449		32,749,915 216,538,645 55,691,934 16,521 96,690 501,563,725 11,536,380 1,202,326
Total assets	\$	858,977,093	\$	5,737,814,659	\$	5,690,917,145	\$	905,874,607
Liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities Intergovernmental payables Due to fiduciary funds Deposits Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$	248,890 527,246,644 27,895,011 298,869,601 4,716,947 858,977,093	\$	384,549,190 4,699,491,613 261,909,778 165,908,397 212,164,874 5,724,023,852	\$	383,772,889 4,665,114,527 259,215,639 157,359,152 211,664,131 5,677,126,338	\$	1,025,191 561,623,730 30,589,150 307,418,846 5,217,690 905,874,607
	Ψ	000,011,000	Ψ	0,127,020,002	Ψ	0,011,120,000	Ψ	505,577,007



Side by side images of First Lady Kathleen Sandoval cutting the Sesquicentennial Cake in 2014 and Former First Lady Bette Sawyer cutting the Centennial Cake in 1964.



This part of the State of Nevada's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

TABLES	PAGES
Financial Trends	
These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	156
R evenue Capacity	
These tables contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant revenue source, taxable sales.	160
Debt Capacity	
These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	161
Demographic and Economic Information	
These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	165
OPERATING INFORMATION	
These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	168

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report of the relevant year.



Table 1 - Net Position by Component

Last Ten Fiscal Years, (Accrual Basis of Accounting, Expressed in Thousands)

Governmental Activities	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	\$ 3,257,469	\$ 3,445,629	\$ 3,486,155	\$ 3,522,177	\$ 3,492,205	\$ 3,622,787	\$ 3,875,141	\$ 4,017,147	\$ 4,357,735	\$ 4,672,738
Net investment in capital assets	663,901	675,966	613,375	697,168	702,743	683,526	749,818	700,341	741,250	866,071
Restricted	303,704	504,541	623,787	289,123	(236,912)	(224,799)	(276,924)	(59,069)	(3,135)	(124,344)
total governmental activities net position	\$ 4,225,074	\$ 4,626,136	\$ 4,723,317	\$ 4,508,468	\$ 3,958,036	\$ 4,081,514	\$ 4,348,035	\$ 4,658,419	\$ 5,095,850	\$ 5,414,465
Business-type Activities										
	\$ 2,906	\$ 2,824	\$ 2,783	\$ 3,393	\$ 3,286	\$ 3,615	\$ 3,120	\$ 3,076	\$ 3,422	\$ 3,434
Net investment in capital assets	956,895	1,143,248	1,293,737	1,297,613	819,348	464,346	503,090	538,143	560,410	599,806
Restricted	8,470	6,428	9,441	10,206	(5,466)	(303,705)	(558,265)	(544,418)	(360,488)	(223,987)
Total business lype activities net position	\$ 968,271	\$ 1,152,500	\$ 1,305,961	\$ 1,311,212	\$ 817,168	\$ 164,256	\$ (52,055)	\$ (3,199)	\$ 203,344	\$ 379,253
Primary Government										
	\$ 3,260,375	\$ 3,448,453	\$ 3,488,938	\$ 3,525,570	\$ 3,495,491	\$ 3,626,402	\$ 3,878,261	\$ 4,020,223	\$ 4,361,157	\$ 4,676,172
Net investment in capital assets	1,620,796	1,819,214	1,907,112	1,994,781	1,522,091	1,147,872	1,252,908	1,238,484	1,301,660	1,465,877
Restricted	312,174	510,969	633,228	299,329	(242,378)	(528,504)	(835,189)	(603,487)	(363,623)	(348,331)
totasprintary government net position	\$ 5,193,345	\$ 5,778,636	\$ 6,029,278	\$ 5,819,680	\$ 4,775,204	\$ 4,245,770	\$ 4,295,980	\$ 4,655,220	\$ 5,299,194	\$ 5,793,718

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years, (Accrual Basis of Accounting, Expressed in Thousands)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Expenses						_				
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 304,926	\$ 349,224	\$ 421,291	\$ 439,682	\$ 389,943	. ,	\$ 334,616	\$ 240,417	\$ 229,136	\$ 202,620
Health and social services	2,082,562	2,198,551	2,340,884	2,454,843	2,667,419	3,017,013	3,209,237	3,250,926	3,464,334	3,784,055
Education and support services	1,717,479	1,830,236	2,254,626	2,381,731	2,475,416	2,430,923	2,393,536	2,280,899	2,290,844	2,326,498
Law, justice and public safety	535,371	578,049	624,149	650,657	687,410	690,104	667,598	646,701	657,728	662,330
Regulation of business	92,240	101,857	104,385	114,786	118,086	100,380	122,679	101,687	85,688	303,020
Transportation	665,315	508,569	680,281	576,815	762,610	644,976	630,657	801,797	505,354	327,519
Recreation and resource development	157,881	156,933	173,037	167,627	165,741	161,048	153,404	138,599	134,578	139,188
Interest on long-term debt	141,154	132,969	150,486	146,312	138,304	132,238	128,606	122,080	106,126	121,224
	1,441	1,513	720	992	976	1,448	1,402	1,755	2,023	2,150
Unallocated depreciation Total governmental activities expenses	5,698,369	5,857,901	6,749,859	6,933,445	7,405,905	7,553,349	7,641,735	7,584,861	7,475,811	7,868,604
Business-type activities:						-			·	
Unemployment insurance	238,386	239,232	296,784	439,632	1,336,043	2,233,382	1,767,632	1,286,839	867,600	552,246
Housing	53,011	45,397	46,152	43,953	44,382	57,342	83,467	50,979	34,247	31,954
Water loans	7,710	8,226	7,885	6,836	6,218	14,697	16,476	8,249	8,942	7,837
Workers' compensation and safety	21,004	23,991	25,381	26,258	26,801	26,084	29,642	27,706	28,685	26,715
Higher education tuition	11,496	18,940	10,504	8,109	13,103	14,051	18,959	26,067	25,081	21,325
Other	14,706	15,601	16,424	20,496	16,967	23,175	28,905	26,187	32,107	32,944
Total business-type activities expenses	346,313	351,387	403,130	545,284	1,443,514	2,368,731	1,945,081	1,426,027	996,662	673,021
Total primary government expenses	\$ 6,044,682	\$ 6,209,288	\$ 7,152,989	\$ 7,478,729	\$ 8,849,419	\$ 9,922,080	\$ 9,586,816	\$ 9,010,888	\$ 8,472,473	\$ 8,541,625

Program Revenues Governmental activities:

Charges for services: General government Health and social services Law, justice and public safety Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities:	\$ 200,390 133,651 261,254 142,430 1,829,252 7,795 2,574,772	\$ 226,191 138,675 242,262 162,028 1,848,091 27,080 2,644,327	\$ 254,947 125,915 256,015 148,959 2,025,361 16,010 2,827,207	\$ 254,198 147,785 257,355 135,034 1,982,315 21,871 2,798,558	\$ 281,997 141,473 252,755 118,668 2,544,032 19,608 3,358,533	\$ 285,927 131,408 236,004 143,689 3,141,986 56,719 3,995,733	\$ 301,856 156,698 234,385 177,342 3,050,092 164,711 4,085,084	\$ 183,278 212,730 253,431 145,116 3,091,556 73,749 3,959,860	\$ 180,169 212,310 267,060 128,126 3,116,377 56,003 3,960,045	\$ 174,265 172,459 273,895 146,567 3,416,382 9,349 4,192,917
Charges for services: Unemployment insurance Housing Water loans Workers' compensation and(@afety	- 34,931 5,580 33,892 9,384	33,589 6,484 25,593 9,032	- 32,372 9,907 36,037 6.044	30,721 8,978 35,632 4,405	1,460 26,604 8,648 38,955 6,222	1,669 23,693 8,409 30,144 8,222	1,587 21,385 8,370 35,071 9,284	1,544 20,105 8,371 37,946 14,065	1,556 19,840 8,873 34,322 20,074	1,393 16,003 8,924 40,671 22,063
Higher education tuition Higher education tuition Defetting grants and contributions (a) Total business-type activities program revenues Total primary government program revenues	21,852 74,390 180,029 \$ 2,754,801	24,035 102,658 201,391 \$ 2,845,718	24,652 93,578 202,590 \$ 3,029,797	31,844 83,982 195,562 \$ 2,994,120	29,504 519,401 630,794 \$ 3,989,327	23,352 1,327,044 1,422,533 \$ 5,418,266	30,854 1,242,754 1,349,305 \$ 5,434,389	25,856 848,585 956,472 \$ 4,916,332	32,358 503,960 620,983 \$ 4,581,028	32,210 196,653 317,917 \$ 4,510,834
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	\$ (3,123,597) (166,284) \$ (3,289,881)	\$ (3,213,574) (149,996) \$ (3,363,570)	\$ (3,922,652) (200,540) \$ (4,123,192)	\$ (4,134,887) (349,722) \$ (4,484,609)	\$ (4,047,372) (812,720) \$ (4,860,092)	\$ (3,557,616) (946,198) \$ (4,503,814)	\$ (3,556,651) (595,776) \$ (4,152,427)	\$ (3,625,001) (469,555) \$ (4,094,556)	\$ (3,515,766) (375,679) \$ (3,891,445)	\$ (3,675,687) (355,104) \$ (4,030,791)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Pos Governmental activities:										
Sales and use taxes Gaming taxes Modified business taxes Insurance premium taxes Property and transfer taxes Motor and special fuel taxes Other taxes Investment earnings Other Contributions to permanent fund Special item	\$ 999,623 900,261 226,924 215,353 287,410 281,726 362,797 25,238 162,869 44,598 17,620 3,524,419	\$ 1,097,939 1,003,111 255,252 238,297 318,941 297,383 398,460 87,729 86,371 76,553 (276,773) 31,373 3,614,636	\$ 1,149,456 1,029,044 282,729 261,378 296,498 300,182 427,109 143,013 99,476 12,208 	\$ 1,101,741 1,011,506 297,161 256,847 280,896 297,087 425,250 105,075 116,082 8,801 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 943,787 883,054 281,605 241,252 278,881 272,614 407,469 9,026 148,321 7,019 	\$ 870,474 844,470 381,300 233,280 266,878 268,554 642,979 (1,246) 146,879 8,165 - - - - - - - - - - - 3,681,094	\$ 931,911 850,021 378,971 233,334 231,758 267,649 688,752 (4,182) 214,277 6,637 - 24,044 3,823,172	\$ 967,374 884,928 373,156 238,083 215,649 267,181 696,431 (11,543) 300,430 6,705 - (3,009) 3,935,385	\$ 1,027,124 901,085 386,928 252,195 215,211 269,232 685,650 2,892 229,733 5,376 (22,229) 3,953,197	\$ 1,085,656 922,999 382,976 256,587 209,784 269,544 688,399 5,462 160,298 5,908 - 6,689 3,994,302
Business-type activities: Other taxes Other	320,622	365,598	372,741	374,565	342,588	314,657	403,509	515,402	565,925 212	537,372 330
Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government	(17,620) 303,002 \$ 3,827,421	(31,373) 334,225 \$ 3,948,861	(18,740) 354,001 \$ 4,373,834	(19,592) 354,973 \$ 4,275,011	(23,912) 318,676 \$ 3,815,616	(19,361) 295,296 \$ 3,976,390	(24,044) 379,465 \$ 4,202,637	3,009 518,411 \$ 4,453,796	22,229 588,366 \$ 4,541,563	(6,689) 531,013 \$ 4,525,315
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government	\$ 400,822 136,718 \$ 537,540	\$ 401,062 184,229 \$ 585,291	\$ 97,181 153,461 \$ 250,642	\$ (214,849) 5,251 \$ (209,598)	\$ (550,432) (494,044) \$ (1,044,476)	\$ 123,478 (650,902) \$ (527,424)	\$ 266,521 (216,311) \$ 50,210	\$ 310,384 48,856 \$ 359,240	\$ 437,431 212,687 \$ 650,118	\$ 318,615 175,909 \$ 494,524

(a) Revised figures for years 2005-2013



Table 3 - Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years, (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting, Expressed in Thousands)

	2005 2006		2007			2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		
General Fund	•	05.050	¢	05.000	¢	47 505	•	45.000	¢	40 540	¢	40.400	•		¢		¢		¢	
Reserved	\$	65,656 474,342	\$	35,336 486,160	\$	17,585 427,506	\$	15,088 384,663	\$	13,512 179,310	\$	12,463 222,095	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved		-		-		-		-		-		-		18,456		23,801		33,113		39,255
Nonspendable Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		73,687 270,568		61,049 281,751		59,359 345,248		65,342 306,050
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-		(115,965)		(96,272)		(66,701)		(135,789)
ተሪኒልዩ ତଡ଼ଳଙ୍କal fund	\$	539,998	\$	521,496	\$	445,091	\$	399,751	\$	192,822	\$	234,558	\$	246,746	\$	270,329	\$	371,019	\$	274,858
All Other Governmental Funds																				
	\$	798,715	\$	1,004,407	\$ 1	,244,430	\$	1,311,024	\$	947,719	\$	1,078,045	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Reserved																				
Unreserved, reported in:		1,225,603		1,038,753		771,887		403,715		396,520		203,466		-		-		-		-
Special revenue funds		46,316		39,365		87,057		17,402		73,892		59,944		-		-		-		-
Capital projects funds		21		21		22		22		20		20		-		-		-		-
,		-		-		-		-		-		-		607,134		614,697		604,111		599,746
Refiseerettieds		-		-		-		-		-		-		414,040		276,666		324,473		597,389
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		188,796		212,311		245,888		235,265
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-		(191)		-		-		-
TotaPaigroather governmental funds	\$2	2,070,655	\$ 2	2,082,546	\$2	2,103,396	\$	1,732,163	\$ [^]	1,418,151	\$	1,341,475	\$ 1	1,209,779	\$ 1	,103,674	\$ 1	,174,472	\$ 1	,432,400

Note: GASB Statement 54 changed the presentation of fund balance categories and classifications beginning in fiscal year 2011.

Table 4 - Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years, (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting, Expressed in Thousands)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues										
Gaming taxes, fees, licenses	\$ 900,261	\$ 1,003,111	\$ 1,028,663	\$ 1,008,516	\$ 880,573	\$ 842,359	\$ 849,733	\$ 884,331	\$ 896,685	\$ 927,824
Sales taxes	993,324	1,099,483	1,132,418	1,088,024	953,112	870,539	925,899	965,060	1,024,624	1,081,735
Modified business taxes	226,923	255,252	278,953	284,600	277,516	385,110	381,901	369,661	386,610	384,886
Insurance premium taxes	215,353	238,297	259,275	256,693	238,524	233,906	234,831	236,787	248,512	263,532
Property and transfer taxes	287,410	318,941	296,498	280,895	278,881	266,878	231,758	215,649	215,211	209,784
Motor and special fuel taxes	281,726	297,383	300,182	297,088	272,614	268,554	267,649	267,181	269,232	269,543
Other taxes	352,321	343,292	373,436	372,652	387,449	620,543	664,427	657,138	685,948	692,192
Intergovernmental	1,943,630	1,972,799	2,108,916	2,058,071	2,672,751	3,273,266	3,372,565	3,335,558	3,340,627	3,552,327
Licenses, fees and permits	377,419	422,934	429,501	432,729	419,514	452,838	497,847	490,240	487,123	508,401
Sales and charges for services	81,561	80,134	97,408	95,407	85,401	84,422	81,923	85,211	87,595	90,322
Interest and investment income	120,901	152,801	239,651	185,006	44,831	37,855	31,853	22,599	23,496	25,397
Settlement income	39,114	35,685	37,351	45,976	50,062	41,963	39,517	40,291	147,071	40,120
Land sales	39,770	71,231	5,756	2,503	663	965	560	397	632	1,933
Other	71,372	88,006	91,086	105,475	141,808	112,728	143,461	160,921	151,708	83,277
Total revenues	5,931,085	6,379,349	6,679,094	6,513,635	6,703,699	7,491,926	7,723,924	7,731,024	7,965,074	8,131,273

Expenditures										
General government	163,100	183,194	230,011	212,659	166,909	137,994	141,366	134,889	143,135	112,757
Health and social services	2,021,152	2,060,371	2,220,212	2,298,239	2,510,530	2,833,205	3,009,386	3,096,457	3,264,884	3,593,828
Education and support services	27,692	39,021	39,257	45,240	57,815	57,196	53,796	53,959	53,119	30,845
Law, justice and public safety	480,922	530,247	583,601	617,151	628,500	633,890	609,230	604,364	595,649	622,066
Regulation of business	88,995	95,467	100,119	104,844	105,631	107,145	109,928	91,792	80,594	293,438
Transportation	691,328	706,543	776,852	612,493	747,425	691,931	751,647	846,335	578,231	452,821
Recreation and resource development	121,385	134,841	144,245	166,347	135,272	130,800	129,770	125,809	121,330	132,682
Intergovernmental	1,917,752	2,104,075	2,502,222	2,634,976	2,706,025	2,704,690	2,716,157	2,569,693	2,592,985	2,638,028
Capital outlay	88,882	114,226	71,999	167,959	176,599	59,520	41,105	34,222	61,330	29,741
Debt service:	00,002	,==0	,	,		00,020	,	0.,	01,000	20,
2000000000	136,263	296,771	348,072	424,971	183,976	176,982	194,920	171,004	163,889	166,021
Principal	137,058	120,683	137,972	143,181	145,169	140,495	135,842	125,978	116,183	106,871
Interest, fiscal charges	3,844	1,116	3,167	2,440	2,080	1,734	1,300	1,795	1,901	2,282
Debt issuance costs	0,044	74	0,107	2,440	2,000	1,704	1,000	22	180	730
Arbitrage payment Total expenditures			7 4 5 7 7 0 0	7 400 500	7 505 004	7.075.500	7 004 447			
-	5,878,373	6,386,629	7,157,729	7,430,500	7,565,931	7,675,582	7,894,447	7,856,319	7,773,410	8,182,110
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	50 740	(7.000)	(470.005)	(040.005)	(000,000)	(400.050)	(170 500)	(405 005)	101.001	(50,007)
over (under) expenditures	52,712	(7,280)	(478,635)	(916,865)	(862,232)	(183,656)	(170,523)	(125,295)	191,664	(50,837)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Capital leases	1,113	4,143	8,487	2,926	20	18,209	408	-	-	-
Sale of general obligation bonds	293,921	231,623	387,155	448,379	300,384	109,244	22,655	42,020	-	141,045
Sale of general obligation refunding bonds	677,231	-	118,346	-	-	33,746	117,415	243,080	353,470	4,125
Premium on general obligation bonds	51,003	9,703	17,635	17,861	18,494	3,928	13,172	40,530	52,780	21,012
Payment to refunded bond agent	(718,919)	· -	(122,039)	-	· -	(35,677)	(128,529)		(404,178)	(4,425)
Sale of certificates of participation	22,435	-	5,760	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,445
Sale of refunding certificates of participation		-	-	_	-	7,900	_	_	-	35,785
Premium (discount) on certificates of participation	(37)		(78)	-		743	_			2,794
Payment to refunded certificates of	(07)		(10)			740				2,704
	-	-	-	-	-	(8,466)	-	_	-	(42,799)
participation agent Sale of capital assets	23,350	166	646	11,489	684	92	89	103	99	335
Transfers in	436,899	380,858	587,137	763,988	476,147	358,113	221,167	156,037	194,136	192,193
Transfers out	(421,592)	(349,050)	(579,970)	(744,350)	(454,439)	(339,116)	(195,362)	(159,081)	(216,483)	(187,907)
Total other financing sources (uses)	365,404	277,443	423,079	500,293	341,290	148,716	51,015	42,773	(20,176)	212,603
c	305,404	211,443	423,079	500,295	541,290	140,710	51,015	42,115	(20,170)	212,003
Special Item		(070 770)								
One-time tax rebate	-	(276,773)	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances	\$ 418,116	\$ (6,610)	\$ (55,556)	\$ (416,572)	\$ (520,942)	\$ (34,940)	\$ (119,508)	\$ (82,522)	\$ 171,488	\$ 161,766
Total expenditures	\$ 5,878,373	\$ 6,386,629	\$ 7,157,729	\$ 7,430,500	\$ 7,565,931	\$ 7,675,582	\$ 7,894,447	\$ 7,856,319	\$ 7,773,410	\$ 8 182 110
Less: Capitalized assets included in the	φ 0,070,070	φ 0,000,020	ψ 1,101,120	φ 1,400,000	φ 7,000,001	ψ 1,010,002	φ 1,004,441	φ 1,000,010	φ 1,110,410	φ 0,102,110
functional categories	177,863	387,287	245,032	295,926	227,812	209,123	245,790	221,991	232,772	271,655
0	\$ 5,700,510	\$ 5,999,342	\$ 6,912,697			\$ 7,466,459	\$ 7,648,657	\$ 7,634,328	\$ 7,540,638	\$ 7,910,455
Total noncapital expenditures	φ 5,700,510	φ 0,999,042	φ 0,912,097	\$ 7,134,574	\$ 7,338,119	φ 1,400,459	φ 1,040,051	φ 1,034,328	φ 1,040,038	φ 7,910,400
Debt service (principal and interest) as										
a percentage of noncapital										
expenditures (a)	4.79%	6.96%	7.03%	7.96%	4.49%	4.25%	4.32%	3.89%	3.71%	3.45%
(a) The percentages have been revised for fiscal	vears 2005 throu	ugh 2010 to only	include debt se	ervice prinicipal a	ind interest in the	e calculation.				

(a) The percentages have been revised for fiscal years 2005 through 2010 to only include debt service principal and interest in the calculation.



Table 5 - Taxable Sales by County

Last Ten Fiscal Years, (Expressed in Thousands)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Taxable Sales by County:										
Carson City	\$ 979,049	\$1,021,210	\$ 991,893	\$ 919,266	\$ 761,379	\$ 678,626	\$ 735,161	\$ 756,079	\$ 779,297	\$ 804,368
Churchill	280,304	331,338	306,426	294,411	321,713	251,257	249,112	320,188	387,570	252,675
Clark	32,430,309	35,604,392	36,262,388	35,930,374	31,378,242	27,969,288	29,046,720	31,080,881	32,566,665	35,040,892
Douglas	805,334	815,590	765,218	691,609	584,679	537,187	532,984	557,660	592,823	599,623
Elko	857,707	1,029,763	1,193,449	1,148,379	1,101,164	1,093,158	1,477,347	1,545,691	1,595,351	1,426,133
Esmeralda	8,707	8,598	16,523	12,645	9,226	6,551	11,832	20,399	19,806	16,826
Eureka	194,943	315,450	501,077	328,505	285,942	266,356	304,276	367,340	370,492	315,756
Humboldt	386,364	483,366	474,811	508,713	498,791	533,667	748,153	740,656	921,112	780,774
Lander	157,114	170,539	280,378	228,213	264,109	220,348	249,321	443,458	440,677	302,691
Lincoln	30,023	31,529	15,398	26,967	25,257	25,871	33,116	50,417	30,055	29,501
Lyon	390,743	441,896	375,523	385,591	340,284	290,241	300,843	346,511	305,525	356,890
Mineral	31,532	33,445	35,679	38,843	37,247	36,280	42,181	57,696	66,463	62,661
Nye	477,921	522,296	540,377	473,291	427,505	397,570	466,836	498,130	832,077	624,761
Pershing	56,847	62,992	68,332	67,279	62,892	65,681	78,096	106,443	96,442	94,633
Storey	85,416	109,411	204,717	121,244	59,578	48,299	61,863	70,859	77,729	108,434
Washoe	6,660,263	7,245,525	7,202,641	6,823,701	5,707,791	5,176,982	5,282,935	5,522,605	5,824,726	6,370,685
White Pine	127,928	175,147	192,877	197,818	220,815	174,705	314,235	469,737	296,598	253,042
Total	\$ 43,960,504	\$ 48,402,487	\$ 49,427,707	\$ 48,196,849	\$ 42,086,614	\$ 37,772,067	\$ 39,935,011	\$ 42,954,750	\$ 45,203,408	\$ 47,440,345

The State receives a portion of sales taxes at a rate of 2% on taxable sales.

Source: Department of Taxation

Table 6 - Principal Sales Tax Payers by Business Type

Current Year and Nine Years Ago, (Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2005								
	Taxable	Percentage of		Тах		Taxable	Percentage of		Тах
	 Sales	Total Taxable Sales		Liability		Sales	Total Taxable Sales		Liability
Business Type:									
Food services and drinking places	\$ 7,888,949	17.9%	\$	157,779	\$	10,625,199	22.4%	\$	212,504
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	6,692,009	15.1%		133,840		5,347,562	11.3%		106,951
General merchandise stores	3,799,964	8.6%		75,999		4,454,327	9.4%		89,087
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	1,989,101	4.5%		39,782		3,848,591	8.1%		76,972
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	2,840,220	6.4%		56,804		3,124,495	6.6%		62,490
Building material, garden equipment, supplies	3,176,173	7.2%		63,524		1,846,570	3.9%		36,931
Food and beverage stores	1,524,279	3.4%		30,486		1,614,167	3.4%		32,283
Rental and leasing services	-	-		-		1,566,802	3.3%		31,336
Electronics and appliance stores	-	-		-		1,386,113	2.9%		27,722
Miscellaneous retail	4,678,404	10.6%		93,568		976,898	2.1%		19,538
Furniture and home furnishings stores	2,580,710	5.8%		51,614		-	-		-
Administrative and support services	 1,388,685	3.1%		27,774		-	-		-
Total	\$ 36,558,494	82.6%	\$	731,170	\$	34,790,724	73.4%	\$	695,814

Source: Department of Taxation

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the source of the State's revenue.

Table 7 - Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years, (Expressed in Thousands, Except for Per Capita)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental Activities										
General obligation bonds	\$2,293,793	\$ 2,075,758	\$1,964,616	\$1,909,725	\$2,079,805	\$ 2,067,615	\$ 1,952,885	\$1,870,455	\$1,754,520	\$1,703,840
Highway revenue bonds	380,945	541,680	693,285	774,300	722,880	668,840	612,045	557,735	497,650	527,450
Obligations under capital leases	7,712	9,866	15,955	19,891	17,916	33,846	30,970	28,395	25,096	25,094
Certificates of participation	56,400	55,680	60,455	59,320	58,030	56,770	56,066	54,307	52,339	97,411
Total governmental activities	2,738,850	2,682,984	2,734,311	2,763,236	2,878,631	2,827,071	2,651,966	2,510,892	2,329,605	2,353,795
Business-type Activities										
General obligation bonds	120,455	118,540	117,310	115,805	113,055	105,060	108,975	101,680	90,720	83,025
Special obligation bonds	862,966	745,780	782,307	886,195	911,783	994,044	920,508	810,892	739,797	1,156,634
Total business-type activities	983,421	864,320	899,617	1,002,000	1,024,838	1,099,104	1,029,483	912,572	830,517	1,239,659
Total primary government	\$3,722,271	\$ 3,547,304	\$3,633,928	\$3,765,236	\$3,903,469	\$ 3,926,175	\$ 3,681,449	\$3,423,464	\$3,160,122	\$3,593,454
Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income	4.72%	4.09%	3.93%	3.63%	3.72%	3.94%	3.68%	3.29%	3.07%	3.28%
Amount of Debt per Capita	\$ 1,595	\$ 1,469	\$ 1,456	\$ 1,468	\$ 1,501	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,363	\$ 1,257	\$ 1,145	\$ 1,288

Notes: Details regarding the State's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See table 11 for personal income and population data.

Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income is based on prior year Personal Income.

Amount of Debt per Capita is based on prior year Population.



Table 8 - Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Last Ten Fiscal Years, (Expressed in Thousands, Except for Per Capita)

		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
General Bonded Debt																				
Outstanding General obligation bonds	\$	2,293,793	\$	2,075,758	\$	1,964,616	\$	1,909,725	\$	2,079,805	\$	2,067,615	\$	1,952,885	\$	1,870,455	\$	1,754,520	\$	1,703,840
Certificates of participation		12,415		11,695		10,940		10,155		9,335		24,280		15,800		13,870		11,840		9,710
Water projects bonds		120,455		120,782		117,355		110,286		107,534		99,511		102,089		97,472		87,524		79,230
Unemployment Comp bonds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		548,900
Housing bonds (b)		862,966		745,780		782,307		886,195		911,783		994,044		920,508		810,892		739,797		607,734
Total		3,289,629		2,954,015		2,875,218		2,916,361		3,108,457		3,185,450		2,991,282		2,792,689		2,593,681		2,949,414
Less: amounts restricted to																				
repaying principal		110,467		125,884		129,087		136,309		142,539		145,793		149,715		103,361		119,289		93,839
Net general bonded debt	\$	3,179,162	\$	2,828,131	\$	2,746,131	\$	2,780,052	\$	2,965,918	\$	3,039,657	\$	2,841,567	\$	2,689,328	\$	2,474,392	\$	2,855,575
Actual Taxable Property	\$	98,569,862	\$ 3	245,075,283	\$	327,140,473	\$ 3	383,571,013	\$4	10,130,698	\$ 1	341,886,423	\$	264,840,276	\$2	46,391,220	\$2	34,900,598	\$2	39,048,328
Value	Ψ	130,303,002	Ψź	-+0,070,200	ψ	527,140,475	ψι	00,071,010	Ψ٦	10,100,000	ψι	541,000,425	ψ	204,040,270	ΨZ	40,001,220	ΨZ	54,500,550	ΨZ	55,040,520
Percentage of Actual Taxab	le																			
Value of Property		1.60%		1.15%		0.84%		0.72%		0.72%		0.89%		1.07%		1.09%		1.05%		1.19%
Debt Per Capita (a)	\$	1,316	\$	1,133	\$	1,071	\$	1,047	\$	1,105	\$	1,124	\$	1,044	\$	975	\$	887		N/A

Note: Details regarding the State's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(a) See Table 11 for population data.
(b) Balances for housing bonds is updated for the years 2010 and 2011. There is no change to percentage of taxable property value calculations.

Table 9 - Legal Debt Margin Information

Last Ten Fiscal Years, (Expressed in Thousands)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Debt limit	\$ 1,743,736	\$ 2,339,593	\$ 2,756,849	\$ 2,963,124	\$ 2,482,138	\$ 1,900,366	\$ 1,756,111	\$ 1,671,513	\$ 1,701,164	\$ 1,854,550
Total debt applicable to limit	944,732	920,737	1,015,375	1,214,991	1,405,781	1,410,211	1,342,660	1,293,386	1,178,185	1,151,010
Legal debt margin	\$ 799,004	\$ 1,418,856	\$ 1,741,474	\$ 1,748,133	\$ 1,076,357	\$ 490,155	\$ 413,451	\$ 378,127	\$ 522,979	\$ 703,540
Legal debt margin as a	15.00%	00.050/	00.470/	50.000/	40.000/	05 700/	00 5 404	00.000/	00 7 40/	07.0.40/
percentage of the debt limit	45.82%	60.65%	63.17%	59.00%	43.36%	25.79%	23.54%	22.62%	30.74%	37.94%

Computation of Legal Debt Margin at June 30, 2014:									
Assessed value of taxable property at June 30, 2014 (a)			\$	92,727,491					
Debt limitation (2% of assessed value)			\$	1,854,550					
General Obligation Bonds subject to limit	\$	1,146,155							
Certificates of participation		94,455							
Less obligations exempt from debt margin:									
Lease revenue certificates of participation		(89,600)							
Debt subject to debt limitation				(1,151,010)					
Legal debt margin at June 30, 2014		\$	703,540						

Note:

(a) On June 30 of each year, the most current assessed value available is the assessed value used for calculating and assessing taxes for the following fiscal year. Therefore, the debt limitation as of June 30 of each year is calculated using the assessed value for the following fiscal year. For purposes of this computation, assessed valuation includes 35% of actual taxable property value, plus statewide redevelopment agency assessed values.



Table 10 - Pledged Revenue Coverage

Last Ten Fiscal Years, (Expressed in Thousands)

		2005	 2006	 2007	 2008	 2009	 2010	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014
Highway Improvement Revenue Bo	onds	5									
Revenue - fuel taxes	\$	278,641	\$ 294,348	\$ 297,142	\$ 293,941	\$ 269,479	\$ 265,487	\$ 264,699	\$ 264,369	\$ 266,564	\$ 266,879
Debt service							 				
Principal	\$	30,665	\$ 30,710	\$ 41,125	\$ 48,955	\$ 51,420	\$ 54,040	\$ 56,795	\$ 120,800	\$ 191,330	\$ 56,220
Interest		18,719	 23,739	 30,106	 32,727	 37,157	 33,876	 31,136	 28,450	 25,011	 22,422
Interest Total	\$	49,384	\$ 54,449	\$ 71,231	\$ 81,682	\$ 88,577	\$ 87,916	\$ 87,931	\$ 149,250	\$ 216,341	\$ 78,642
Coverage (c)		5.64	5.41	4.17	3.60	3.04	3.02	3.01	1.77	1.23	3.39
Mortgage Revenue Bonds											
Revenue (a)	\$	251,806	\$ 435,332	\$ 355,328	\$ 129,286	\$ 70,051	\$ 42,123	\$ 126,957	\$ 109,194	\$ 83,366	\$ 100,729
Expenses (b)		9,512	 6,720	 4,595	 4,368	 5,277	 6,548	 7,610	 15,751	 8,867	 9,481
Net available revenues	\$	242,294	\$ 428,612	\$ 350,733	\$ 124,918	\$ 64,774	\$ 35,575	\$ 119,347	\$ 93,443	\$ 74,499	\$ 91,248
Debt service							 				
Principal (d)	\$	155,791	\$ 136,186	\$ 51,003	\$ 37,897	\$ 33,592	\$ 67,079	\$ 132,536	\$ 157,962	\$ 71,095	\$ 151,432
Interest		42,298	 38,644	 37,002	 38,051	 36,354	 33,236	 29,111	 26,444	 23,226	 17,882
Interest Total	\$	198,089	\$ 174,830	\$ 88,005	\$ 75,948	\$ 69,946	\$ 100,315	\$ 161,647	\$ 184,406	\$ 94,321	\$ 169,314
Coverage (c)		1.22	 2.45	 3.99	 1.64	 0.93	 0.36	 0.74	 0.51	 0.79	 0.54

Notes: Details regarding the State's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(a) Consists of interest and investment income and principal collections of the Housing Division Enterprise Fund.

(b) Consists of operating expenses, nonoperating expenses and transfers out less interest expense and depreciation.

(c) Coverage equals net available revenues divided by total debt service.

(d) Principal paid on mortgage revenue bonds is updated for years 2010 and 2011. There is no change to coverage ratio.

Table 11 - Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Calendar Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Population										
Nevada ^(a)	2,332,898	2,414,807	2,495,529	2,565,382	2,653,630	2,684,665	2,703,230	2,717,951	2,754,354	2,790,136
Percentage change	4.1%	3.5%	3.3%	2.8%	3.4%	1.2%	0.7%	0.5%	1.3%	1.3%
United States (a)	293,656,842	296,410,404	299,398,484	301,621,157	304,093,966	306,771,529	309,326,295	311,582,564	313,873,685	316,128,839
Percentage change	1.0%	0.9%	1.0%	0.7%	0.8%	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%
Total Personal Income										
Nevada ^(in millions) (a)	78,822	86,650	92,557	103,847	105,824	96,430	99,092	101,774	108,050	109,471
	10.1%	9.9%	6.8%	12.2%	1.9%	-8.9%	2.8%	2.7%	6.2%	1.3%
Percentage change United States (<i>in millions</i>) (a)	9,705,504	10,251,639	10,860,917	11,645,882	12,451,660	11,852,715	12,417,659	13,189,935	13,873,161	14,151,427
Percentage change	6.0%	5.6%	5.9%	7.2%	6.9%	-4.8%	4.8%	6.2%	5.2%	2.0%
r crocinage change										
Per Capita Personal Income										
Nevada ^(a)	33,787	35,883	37,089	40,480	39,879	35,919	36,657	37,445	39,229	39,235
Percentage change	5.8%	6.2%	3.4%	9.1%	-1.5%	-9.9%	2.1%	2.1%	4.8%	0.0%
United States (a)	33,050	34,586	36,276	38,611	40,947	38,637	40,144	42,332	44,200	44,765
Percentage change	5.0%	4.6%	4.9%	6.4%	6.1%	-5.6%	3.9%	5.5%	4.4%	1.3%
Labor Force and Employment					4 0 - 0 4 0 0				4 0 7 0 0 7 0	4 0 7 0 0 0 0
Nevada Labor Force	1,177,558	1,218,525	1,295,085	1,335,852	1,373,462	1,369,891	1,350,309	1,385,872	1,378,876	1,372,862
	51,212 4.3%	49,002 4.0%	54,217 4.2%	64,380 4.8%	91,450 6.7%	161,270 11.8%	200,772 14.9%	187,732 13.5%	152,468 11.1%	135,071 9.8%
Unemployed	4.3%	4.0%	4.2%	4.0%	154,287,000	154,142,000	153,889,000	153,617,000	154,975,000	9.0% 155,389,000
United plates nt abate Force	8,149,000	7,591,000	7,001,000	7,078,000	8,924,000	14,265,000	14,825,000	13,747,000	12,506,000	11,460,000
Unemployed	5.5%	5.1%	4.6%	4.6%	5.8%	9.3%	9.6%	8.9%	8.1%	7.4%

Unemployed Unemployment Rate

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; Nevada Department of Employment, Training, and Rehabilitation

Note: Total personal income is composed of wages and salaries, proprietors' income, personal interest and dividend income, rental income, and personal current transfer receipts, less contributions for government social insurance. Per capita personal income is calculated by dividing total personal income by population. (a) Revised estimates for 2010 through 2012

Table 12 - Principal Employers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Cal	endar Year	2004	Calendar Year 2013					
			Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total			
	Employees	Rank	State Employment	Employees	Rank	State Employment			
Employer:									
Clark County School District	30,000 - 39,999	1	2.97%	30,000 - 39,999	1	2.55%			
State of Nevada	20,000 - 29,999	2	2.12%	20,000 - 29,999	2	1.82%			
Washoe County School District	8,000 - 8,499	4	0.70%	8,000 - 8,499	3	0.60%			
Clark County	9,000 - 9,499	3	0.79%	8,000 - 8,499	4	0.60%			
Wynn Las Vegas	-	-	-	7,500 - 7,999	5	0.56%			
Bellagio, LLC	-	-	-	7,500 - 7,999	6	0.56%			
MGM Grand Hotel/Casino	-	-	-	7,000 - 7,499	7	0.53%			
Aria Resort & Casino, LLC	-	-	-	7,000 - 7,499	8	0.53%			
Mandalay Bay Resort & Casino	-	-	-	6,000 - 6,499	9	0.46%			
Caesar's Palace	4,500 - 4,999	7	0.40%	5,500 - 5,999	10	0.42%			
Mirage Casino-Hotel	5,500 - 5,999	5	0.49%	-		-			
Las Vegas Metropolitan Police	4,500 - 4,999	6	0.40%	-		-			
Rio Suite Hotel & Casino	4,000 - 4,499	8	0.36%	-		-			
Treasure Island at the Mirage	3,500 - 3,999	9	0.32%	-		-			
Bally's & Paris Casino Hotels	3,500 - 3,999	10	0.32%	-	_	-			
Total	92,500 - 116,490	=	8.87%	106,500 - 130,490	=	8.63%			

Sources: Nevada Department of Employment, Training, and Rehabilitation and Nevada Department of Administration

Note: Percentage of total state employment is based on the midpoints in the ranges given.





Table 13 - School Enrollment

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Public School Enrollment										
Primary (Pre-K - 6)	229,419	201,465	239,418	240,453	235,295	239,723	240,774	243,668	244,425	253,230
Secondary (7 - 12)	183,833	189,501	193,822	196,325	196,014	196,921	198,092	200,335	200,095	205,922
Total	413,252	390,966	433,240	436,778	431,309	436,644	438,866	444,003	444,520	459,152
Public Higher Education Enrollment										
University of Nevada, Reno	12,660	12,444	12,429	12,709	12,889	13,601	14,025	14,330	14,830	16,240
University of Nevada, Las Vegas	20,569	20,180	20,007	20,297	20,670	20,160	19,217	19,142	19,848	21,012
Nevada State College	1,017	1,310	1,418	1,340	1,622	1,867	1,963	2,045	2,061	2,218
College of Southern Nevada	18,234	18,320	19,501	20,906	21,751	22,286	20,231	19,536	18,904	19,141
Great Basin College	1,353	1,584	1,613	1,781	2,002	1,996	1,826	1,743	1,796	1,753
Truckee Meadows Community College	6,213	6,210	6,454	6,800	7,312	7,143	6,262	6,499	6,249	6,144
Western Nevada College	2,410	2,463	2,427	2,438	2,908	2,960	2,380	2,283	2,248	2,353
Total	62,456	62,511	63,849	66,271	69,154	70,013	65,904	65,578	65,936	68,861

Sources: Nevada Department of Education and Nevada System of Higher Education

Note: Public higher education enrollment represents full-time equivalent students at fall enrollment.

Table 14 - Full-time Equivalent State Government Employees by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Function										
General government	1,513	1,536	1,558	1,570	1,539	1,487	1,443	1,445	1,548	1,539
Health and social services	4,992	5,364	5,773	6,145	5,823	6,151	6,061	5,937	5,925	6,239
Education and support services	7,762	8,118	8,670	9,030	8,930	8,670	8,383	8,015	7,663	8,380
Law, justice and public safety	5,449	5,654	5,946	5,924	5,815	5,812	5,707	5,760	5,838	5,831
Regulation of business	1,315	1,331	1,412	1,390	1,363	1,374	1,309	1,284	1,289	1,363
Transportation	1,783	1,771	1,792	1,829	1,810	1,776	1,769	1,797	1,776	1,770
Recreation and resource development	1,455	1,479	1,403	1,186	1,172	1,172	1,142	1,134	1,145	1,181
Total	24,269	25,253	26,554	27,074	26,452	26,442	25,814	25,372	25,184	26,303

Sources: Nevada Department of Administration, Nevada System of Higher Education and Legislative Counsel Bureau

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 15 - Operating Indicators by Function

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Government										
Department of Taxation										
Number of sales and use tax audits	1,643	1,668	1,994	1,346	1,397	1,254	1,066	950	1,461	N/A
Public Employees Benefits Program										
Number of plan participants	33,395	35,049	38,936	42,049	44,232	43,943	42,830	40,615	40,176	40,635
Generic drug utilization (b)	59%	59%	65%	65%	72%	72%	78%	78%	72%	82%
Department of Administration										
Square feet of non-state owned space leased (major urban areas)(i)	1,377,525	1,377,525	1,547,467	1,547,467	1,393,872	1,393,872	1,466,102	1,408,617	1,511,207	1,526,579
Job applications processed	36,317	54,378	92,353	66,041	68,552	76,129	77,428	88,394	101,062	81,916
Nevada State Library and Archives										
Volumes (excludes documents and microfilm)	76,527	76,527	79,917	82,913	81,368	82,848	84,460	86,231	87,942	89,785
Government publications (U.S., Nevada and California)	779,194	798,013	813,142	827,697	833,705	849,112	851,855	854,727	862,764	864,898
Health and Social Services										
Health Care Financing & Policy										
Nevada Medicaid - average monthly eligibles	176,418	172,685	168,197	180,369	197,313	240,528	279,840	303,214	315,434	392,315
NV Check-Up Program - average monthly enrollment (i)	27,492	27,492	29,075	29,075	21,713	21,713	21,193	21,296	21,132	21,771
Health Division										
Women, Infants and Children Program participants (FFY)	567,076	602,100	602,784	711,018	793,166	870,398	887,796	896,465	884,946	874,462
Welfare Division										
Average monthly number of TANF recipients	21,748	19,880	17,706	21,022	22,556	29,084	30,854	29,331	28,837	32,239
Average monthly number of Mental Health clients	14,981	14,655	13,249	14,582	15,575	15,160	15,138	14,058	14,414	14,238
Average monthly number of Mental Health inpatients	182	198	246	265	253	225	211	209	221	277
Average monthly number of SNAP (Food Stamp) recipients	122,042	118,474	119,596	137,589	179,790	260,417	323,290	352,156	358,611	375,506
Average monthly number of Developmental Services clients	3,888	4,057	4,387	4,672	4,876	5,086	5,346	5,550	5,694	5,865
Percent of current child support owed that is collected (FFY) (k)	46%	46%	48%	48%	48%	49%	51%	56%	58%	N/A
TANF recipient children receiving child care (f)	17,977	17,977	16,797	24,705	19,119	17,407	20,269	19,883	18,742	N/A
Non-TANF children receiving child care (f)	104,463	104,463	112,452	113,426	84,517	69,541	83,399	67,955	43,215	N/A
Applications for energy assistance received	24,846	24,846	27,515	27,515	38,674	38,674	42,611	38,643	36,764	41,190
Households served with energy assistance	14,552	14,552	16,846	16,846	25,458	25,458	32,544	20,484	25,631	22,463
Education and Support Services										
Nevada Department of Education (a)	000/	000/		000/	0.50/	000/	0.50/	750/	700/	0.50/
Percent of occupational education students receiving a diploma (f)	88%	88%	N/A	93%	95%	88%	85%	75%	70%	85%
Percent of K-12 students participating in the Nat'l School Lunch Program (b) (j)	41%	41%	43%	43%	42%	42%	47%	52%	54%	54%
Number of special education students receiving a high school diploma(f)	503	503	458	437	703	560	747	725	677	745
Law, Justice and Public Safety The Supreme Court of Nevada										
Cases filed (c)	2.049	2.171	2,124	2,212	2,169	2,267	2,514	2,406	2,362	N/A
Cases disposed (c)	1,994	2,387	1,976	2,058	2,238	2,468	2,217	2,248	2,392	N/A
Number of opinions written (c)	90	121	61	103	63	57	87	71	104	N/A
Nevada Department of Corrections Total admissions (e)	5.741	6.292	6.016	N/A	5.781	5.801	5.971	5.818	5.666	5.749
Total releases (e)	5,741	6,292 5.162	5.308	N/A	6,120	6.056	6.098	5,678	5,600 5.614	5,749
In-house population at year-end (e)	11,740	12,816	12,967	12,853	12,742	12,591	12,458	12,564	12,665	12,824
Department of Public Safety, Highway Patrol Division	,			,	,		,			,
Total number of DUI arrests (g)	3,803	4,264	5,093	4,720	4,676	3,981	3,846	3,286	3,177	2,977
Total number of safety inspections (g) Department of Motor Vehicles	20,800	24,714	24,227	22,669	26,478	26,056	25,491	27,492	28,737	25,923
Motor vehicle registrations	1,884,816	2,262,743	2,351,581	2,345,500	2,335,778	2,284,437	2,153,918	2,119,167	2,190,660	2,259,552



Regulation of Business

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Nevada Department of Agriculture	

Novada Dopartinoni or Agricalitio										
Number of meals served in the Children & Adult Food Care Program (i) Nevada Gaming Commission	4,256,701	4,256,701	3,093,889	3,093,889	4,330,289	4,330,289	4,063,461	4,592,266	4,724,529	4,800,386
Licenses issued & active at fiscal year-end	2,905	2,924	2,961	2,933	2,882	2,827	2,875	2,859	2,933	2,981
Licensed devices at fiscal year-end:										
Games	6,188	6,232	6,133	6,135	6,019	5,985	5,948	5,887	5,676	5,731
Tables	760 204,213	1,098 207,569	1,102 202,362	1,001 198,080	1,063 194,180	1,132 190,135	1,070 190,217	1,016 184,150	902 179,776	848 176,073
Department of Business and Industry	204,213	207,509	202,302	196,060	194,100	190,155	190,217	164,150	179,770	170,075
Units of affordable housing produced (b) (i)	236	236	403	403	792	792	773	592	727	1,117
Taxicab Authority notices of violation issued (f)	3,290	3,290	3,129	4,066	4,292	3,474	3,453	3,128	4,419	3,306
Taxicab Authority vehicle inspections made (f)	6,627	6,627	6,486	7,025	7,507	7,471	7,165	7,693	6,849	7,374
Number of worksite safety & health inspections	2,753	2,594	2,399	2,566	2,835	2,040	1,223	1,322	1,272	1,659
Number of boiler and elevator inspections Insurance license and renewal applications processed (b) (i)	20,535 41,646	20,606 41,646	18,323 44,765	19,233 44,765	21,200 39,065	16,382 39,065	19,701 42,506	14,890 42,748	14,564 41,382	13,061 66,763
Transportation	41,040	41,040	44,705	44,703	39,003	39,003	42,500	42,740	41,302	00,703
Nevada Department of Transportation										
Miles of highways - rural (e)	4,694	4,741	4,757	4,736	4,802	4,782	4,782	4,750	4,726	4,726
Miles of highways - urban (e)	705	658	665	662	618	618	618	633	654	667
Recreation and Resource Development										
Commission on Tourism		400 500		447.000		100.050	100 171	000 107	400 447	
Inquiries from advertising campaign (d) Tourism web site visitors (d)	155,019 1,423,359	162,592 1,405,972	301,223 1,951,193	417,269 3,459,745	363,677 1,685,237	196,058 2,056,349	199,471 2,424,567	222,197 2,422,893	162,117 1,249,030	31,998 1,226,380
Commission on Economic Development	1,423,359	1,405,972	1,951,195	3,439,745	1,005,257	2,050,549	2,424,507	2,422,093	1,249,030	1,220,300
Number of projects requesting Community Development Block Grants (f)	57	57	42	37	21	46	28	42	35	40
Number of projects funded (f)	27	27	27	26	20	38	24	31	27	24
Department of Conservation and Natural Resources										
Percent of human caused wildland fires in NDF's jurisdiction investigated	97%	97%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Number of State Park users (h)	3,207,537	3,215,606	3,343,053	3,004,037	3,150,693	3,008,942	3,030,364	3,093,257	3,046,049	2,999,315

N/A = not available

Sources: Nevada Departments of Taxation, Administration, Health and Human Services, Education, Agriculture, Corrections, Motor Vehicles, Public Safety, Transportation, Business and Industry, Conservation and Natural Resources; Supreme Court of Nevada; Nevada Gaming Commission and Control Board; Public Employees Benefit Program; State of Nevada Executive Budgets.

Notes:

(a) See table 13 for public school enrollment.

(b) The Executive Budget is prepared biennially, and actual figures are only available for the base year (even numbered years). Base year figures have been used for odd numbered years in this table. (c) Data based on calendar year.

(d) Revised figures provided by Commission on Tourism for 2005-2006 and 2009.

(e) Data prior to 2009 was based on calendar year.

(f) Data from Executive Budget prior to 2006. (g) Revised figures for 2011, 2012

(h) 2005 through 2011 data based on calendar year. 2012 and 2013 data is fiscal year.

(i) Data from Executive Budget prior to 2011

(j) Data from Executive Budget prior to 2012

(k) Revised figures for 2007, 2008, 2010, 2011

Table 16 - Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Government										
State owned office space (square feet)	142,733	214,747	215,867	201,688	201,688	202,229	214,611	219,927	215,416	213,896
Vehicles (motor pool)	741	824	790	849	851	828	798	775	777	865
Health and Social Services										
State owned office space (square feet)	93,509	122,415	52,626	33,093	33,344	70,939	70,770	64,506	68,648	68,648
Mental health centers	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Veterans' home	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Youth correctional centers	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3
Vehicles	251	241	240	225	232	219	193	183	167	155
Education and Support Services										
State owned office space (square feet)	19,767	28,200	28,200	28,200	27,949	28,031	28,200	28,200	28,200	28,200
Number of State museums	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
State library	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Law, Justice and Public Safety										
State owned office space (square feet)	478,724	550,648	540,125	596,564	596,564	646,446	646,223	645,775	645,322	645,322
Supreme Court building	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Department of Corrections facilities	20	21	21	19	20	20	20	19	19	19
Vehicles	1,065	1,091	1,067	1,172	1,217	1,199	1,161	1,191	1,118	1,128
Regulation of Business										
State owned office space (square feet)	71,811	107,547	107,547	107,547	107,547	106,027	102,038	102,478	102,245	103,765
Vehicles	283	279	285	292	293	323	263	253	242	259
Transportation										
State owned office space (square feet)	179,948	184,988	251,658	251,658	251,658	258,056	280,728	273,327	308,532	308,532
NDOT lane miles	13,199	13,087	13,131	13,137	13,055	13,055	13,055	13,368	13,613	13,622
NDOT bridges	1,015	1,025	1,045	1,092	1,092	1,092	1,109	1,116	1,101	1,154
NDOT vehicles	829	872	864	901	826	625	538	628	633	631
NDOT heavy equipment	1,826	1,875	1,900	1,913	1,886	2,033	2,058	1,943	1,931	1,918
NDOT maintenance stations (staffed)	45	41	51	48	45	45	42	42	42	44
Recreation and Resource Development										
State owned office space (square feet)	36,593	146,982	137,353	139,874	139,874	140,998	142,638	142,140	143,150	143,150
Number of State Parks	25	26	24	25	24	24	24	24	24	23
Acres of State Parks	132,800	132,800	132,800	132,117	145,750	145,750	145,750	145,745	145,760	146,225
Number of Fish Hatcheries	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Wildlife Management Areas	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Acres of Wildlife Management Areas	117,959	117,959	117,959	117,959	116,888	118,993	118,993	120,254	121,086	119,212
Vehicles	1,007	998	803	811	854	919	805	797	790	826

NEVADA

Sources: Federal Highway Administration; Nevada Attorney General's Office; Nevada Departments of Administration, Conservation and Natural Resources, Corrections, Tourism and Cultural Affairs, Health & Human Services, Transportation and Wildlife

Note: Division of Buildings and Grounds changed the way State-owned office building rent (previously based on useable square footage) is calculated beginning in fiscal year 2006. Rent is now based on gross instead of useable square footage.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Gov. Brian Sandoval, left, and Lt. Gov. Brian Krolicki stand at the back of the Union Pacific Battle Born Express at the Union Pacific train yard in Elko, NV.



Photo by: Elaine Bassier/Elko Daily Free Press







CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Honorable Kim Wallin, CMA, CFM, CPA State Controller

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Nevada, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State of Nevada's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2014. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Nevada System of Higher Education and the Colorado River Commission, discretely presented component units; the Housing Division Enterprise Fund, the Self Insurance and Insurance Premiums Internal Service Funds, the Pension Trust Funds and the Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund - State Retirees' Fund, the Nevada College Savings Plan - Private Purpose Trust Fund, the Retirement Benefits Investment Fund -Investment Trust Fund, and the Division of Museums and History Dedicated Trust Fund, as described in our report on the State of Nevada's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by some of those auditors. The financial statements of the Nevada System of Higher Education, the Division of Museums and History Dedicated Trust Fund, the Pension Trust Funds, the Insurance Premiums Internal Service Fund and the Retirement Benefits Investment Trust Fund were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the State of Nevada's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of Nevada's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of Nevada's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of

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the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as finding 2014-A to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. However, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the State of Nevada's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The State of Nevada's Response to Findings

The State of Nevada's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The State of Nevada's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of Nevada's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the State of Nevada's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Erde Bailly LLP

Reno, Nevada December 19, 2014

STATE OF NEVADA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with GAGAS:

Finding 2014-A

Criteria and Condition:	Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an effective system of internal control over financial reporting. One of the key components of an effective system of internal control is performing an analysis of the collectability of accounts receivable to ensure proper reporting in the financial statements.
	During our audit testing over Unemployment Insurance assessments receivable, we noted a large increase in the amount of overpayments due back to the Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation (DETR). The large increase was the result of a conversion from the General Unemployment Insurance Development Effort (GUIDE) system to the Unemployment Insurance Claim's Filing System (UInv). The new system identified and/or revised unemployment assessment overpayments; however no analysis was performed to determine the collectability of the overpayments.
Effect:	Assessments receivables in the Unemployment Compensation Fund were overstated and required that a material adjustment be made to report the amount determined by management to be uncollectible.
Cause:	The GUIDE System utilized by DETR to process claim payments and identify overpayments was not sufficiently functional in prior years. To improve functionality, DETR implemented the new UInv system during the fiscal year. However, adequate controls were not in place that would require a determination be made of the collectability of the overpayments identified by the new system.
Recommendation:	We recommend DETR enhance controls to require a determination be made of the collectability of all overpayments. Those determined by management not to be collectible should be offset by an allowance for uncollectible assessments.
Management's Response:	The Employment Security Division has reviewed the finding of Eide Bailly CPAs as it pertains to financial reporting of unemployment insurance overpayments. The Division

agrees that additional controls are warranted in light of the significant increase in overpayment accounts improperly reported as receivables during the 3rd quarter of 2013. The Division also believes that a detailed review of the issues caused by UInv conversion and recent statute changes is warranted.

The Division anticipates developing and publishing procedures and controls in conjunction with DETR Financial Management, Unemployment Insurance Support Services, U.I. Integrity, and the State Controller's Office to insure that the methodology developed is both appropriate, timely, and in keeping with financial best practices.

